## E-filing

#### COMPLAINT BY A PRISONER UNDER THE CIVIL RIGHTS

١ 3	NameRuckerDavid	7636 1K
\J 4		(Initial)
5	D 00000	(muda)
6		11311
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9		TDICT CALIDT
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT	
11	In Re Andre' Boston (Enter the full name of plaintiff in this action.)	
12	· · ·	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 0.8 & 1.4.97 \\ \text{Case No.} \end{array} \right.$
13	Par Commun. 11. 1	(To be provided by the clerk of coars)
13		COMPLAINT UNDER THE
15		CIVIL RIGHTS ACT, 42 U.S.C §§ 1983
16		
17	(Enter the full name of the defendant(s) in this action)	) }
17	(41)	) 
18	[All questions on this complaint form must be answ I. Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies	verea in oraer for your action to proceeu
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
20	[Note: You must exhaust your administrative re	
21	forward. The court will dismiss any unexhausted	•
22	-	ectional Training Facility
23	B. Is there a grievance procedure in this inst	itution?
24	YES(X) NO()	
25	C. Did you present the facts in your compla	int for review through the grievance
26	procedure?	
27	YES(X) NO()	
28	D. If your answer is YES, list the appeal m	umber and the date and result of the appeal at
	COMPLAINT - 1 -	

1	each level of review. If you did not pursue a certain level of appeal, explain why.
2	I. Informal appeal Petitioner's initally submitted on July 21, 200
3	It was bypassed to the frist level on the same day.
4	
5	2. First formal level Submitted on July 21, 2006, Denied on September
6	25, 2006
7	
8	3. Second formal level Submitted on October 25, 2006, denied on
9	November 28, 2006
10	
11	4. Third formal level Submitted December 22, 2006, denied on
12	March 16, 2007 (Continue on attached pages)
13	entitled Level of Reveiw 5
14	E. Is the last level to which you appealed the highest level of appeal available to you?
15	YES() NO(X)
16	F. If you did not present your claim for review through the grievance procedure, explain
17	whyn/a
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20	II. Parties
21	A. Write your name and your present address. Do the same for additional plaintiffs, if any
22	See attached pages entitled Parties 💪
23	
24	·
25	B. Write the full name of each defendant, his or her official position, and his or her place of
26	•
	employment.  Bon Curry Hordon Commontional Training Facility
27	Ben Curry, Warden, Correctional Training Facility  see attached pages entitled Defendants &
28	oce actioned pages entitled belefidants w
	COMPLAINT - 2 -
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4	III. Statement of Claim
5	State here as briefly as possible the facts of your case. Be sure to describe how each
6	defendant is involved and to include dates, when possible. Do not give any legal arguments or cite any
7	cases or statutes. If you have more than one claim, each claim should be set forth in a separate
8	numbered paragraph.
9	(See attached pages entitled Statemant of Claims) 7
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22	IV. Relief
23	Your complaint cannot go forward unless you request specific relief. State briefly exactly what
24	you want the court to do for you. Make no legal arguments; cite no cases or statutes.
25	(See attached pages entitled Request for Relief) 10
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	COMPLAINT - 3 -

Document 1 Filed 03/18/2008 Page 4 of 32 Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_ (Plaintiff's signature)

COMPLAINT

- 4 -

Levels Of Review

On August 31, 2006, Petitioners submitted appeal number two, the appeal was bypassed to the second level review on September 30, 2006.

On October 19,2006, the appeal was denied at the second level review. On November 9, 2006, petitioners requested a Director's Level (Departmental) review of their appeal. On January 23, 2007, the appeal was denied at the Director's Level, and thus constitutes an exhaustion of petitioners administrative remedies.

On April 11, 2007, petitioners filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus with the Monterey County Superior Court. On June 8, 2007, the court issued an order to show cause. On August 30, 2007, the order dismissing petitioner's petition was received from the Monterey County Superior Court.

On October 11, 2007, petitioners filed their petition in the Court Of Appeals, Sixth Appellate District. On October 31, 2007 the petition was denied. On November 8, 2007, petitioners filed in the Supreme Court of the State of California a petition for review on their petition for writ of habeas corpus. On January 16, 2008, petition for review was denied. Based upon the foregoing, petitioner's have fully exhausted all of their Administrative and State remedies, and the claims presented are for this court's jurisdiction.

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1
                                 PARTIES
   Plaintiffs:
  D.Rucker P29892
                                   B.Littleton E54394
  MAC Chairman
                                   MAC Vice-Chairman
 <sup>5</sup> CTF-Central Facility
                                   CTF-Central Facility
  P.O. Box 689 DW-113U
                                   P.O. Box 689 YW-303L
  U.Thibeault
                                   M. Comaux
  MAC Parlimentiarn
                                   MAC Vice Secretary
   CTF-Central Facility
                                   CTF-Central Facility
10
   P.O. Box 689 EW-341U
                                   P.O. Box 689 CW-104L
.11
  D.Moreno K50835
                                   S.Kelley E21167
12
   Committee Coordinator
                                   Secretary
13
   CTF-Central Facility
                                   CTF-Central Facility
14
   P.O. Box 689 DW-340L
                                   P.O. Box 689 DW-340U
15
   S.Alls E62453
16
   Sergeant-at-Arms
17
   CTF-Central Facility
18
   P.O. Box 689 ZW-208L
19
                               DEFENDANTS
20
  Defendants:
21
  Ben Curry, Warden
                                    Colleen Noll, Chief Deputy Warden
22
   Correctional Training Facility CTF-Central Facility
   Anthony Kane, Associate Director
   California Department of Corrections
25
   Pat Barker, Former Chief Deputy Warden, J.Sisk Former Asso.Warden
26
   Correctional Training Facility
                                            CTF-Central Facility
27
                                 (6)
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#### STATEMENT OF CLAIMS

Petitioners are members of the Men's Advisory Council (MAC) Executive Body for CTF-Central Facility. The MAC is a group of selected inmates who are elected by the general population to represent the interest of their constituents. The MAC operates under its locally approved Constitution and By-laws. The MAC is comprised of a General Council and Executive Body positions. General Council elects from their membership the members that will occupy the Executive Body positions. The Executive Body members represent the interests of the General Council and the general population.

Petitioners contend that pursuant to the provisions of CCR Title 15 §3230, they have and maintain the departmental right as outlined by regulations to represent the interests of the general population at this facility.

CTF is a prison in the CDCR located in Soledad, California. This prison is a multi-facility institution that currently houses inmates of several security levels, according to their classification scores and custody requirements. CTF Central Facility houses approximately 2,828 general population inmates who have a classification score appropriate for housing level II Among the general population there are approximately inmates. 550 (or more) inmates with classification scores appropriate for level II housing who are designated as Close B Custody inmates.

Petitioners contend that by the respondents not following administrative rules and regulations, they are violating Close B Custody inmates due process and equal protection rights under the (7)

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Constitution of the United States. Petitioners contend that respondents have a duty to follow their own administrative rules and regulations. All CDCR "regulations, as that word is defined by statue in the indicated government code must be created and approved in accordance with the requirements of the state Administrative Procedures Act (APA)." It is also defined as a rule, regulation, order or standard of general application adopted by any agency.

It is well established that an administrative regulation has the force of law and is binding on the issuing agency. Petitioners further contend that California courts have ordered the CDCR to comply with its rules, even when CDCR preferred not to because of the benefit resulting to the inmate population. By not following these administrative regulations, that have the force of law, CDCR is essentially violating petitioners' due process rights granted to them through the Constitution of the United States. Petitioners contend that the population of Close B Custody inmates at CTF-Soledad are continuing to have violations of their Fourteenth Amendment under equal protection and due process.

Petitioners contend that the respondents have utilized the language placed in a local procedure as a hasis to apply selective interpretation of the applicable regulatory authority. Based upon the respondents' selective interpretation and compliance with the applicable regulatory authority, CTF's Close B Custody inmates are not being allowed full access to the recreation yard, and not being allowed full access to program

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assignments that are allowed at all other designated level two facilities in CDCR. Petitioners contend that under the Fourteenth Amendment equal protection clause forbids states to treat one group, including groups of prison inmates, arbitrarily worse than another.

The equal 'protection clause essentially required that all persons similarly situated be treated alike. The equal protection violations occurs when government treats someone differently than another who is similarly situated. Petitioners contend that this same equal protection clause is outlined in CDCR's own regulations. CCR Title 15 §3230 (c)(5): "No inmate or group of inmates shall be granted privileges not equally available to other inmates of the same custody classification and assignment who would otherwise be eligible for the same privileges. CTF Close B Custody inmates are not being allowed full access to programming that other Close B Custody inmates in CDCR are receiving. By not receiving these privileges CTF Close B Custody inmates Fourteenth Amendment is being violated under equal protection.

For the reasons stated above, petitioners are entitled to a declaration of the rights and are entitled to the full program assignments and activities for Close Custody inmates designated by the provisions outlined in CDCR's own regulations. (For a more detailed argument see Habeas Corpus Petition Attached) EX.A

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#### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Petitioners are without remedy, save for habeas corpus in this matter. Accordingly, petitioners request that this court:

- 1). Issue and grant a writ of habeas corpus;
- 2). Declare the rights of the parties;
- 3). Order the respondents to fully comply with all applicable departmental regulations pertaining to Close B Custody program activities and assignments in a designated Level II Facility;
- 4). Order the respondents to implement forthwith the immediate necessary procedures to initiate full access for Close B Custody inmates program assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 in all areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change as authorized by Departmental regulations;
- 5). Order the respondents to forthwith and immediately implement the necessary procedures to initiate access for Close B Custody to limited activities after 2000 hours in a designated housing unit located within the facility's security perimeter as defined by CDCR.
- 6). Appoint counsel for the representation of this case; and
- 7). Grant any and all other relief found necessary or appropriate.
- I do hereby declare by my signature below that I am one of the petitioner's in this action. I have read the foregoing Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and the facts stated therein are true

of my own knowledge, except as to matters that are stated on my <sup>2</sup> own information and belief, and as to matters I believe them to I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this verification was executed on the indicated date at the Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, California. /s/ \ Date: 2-27-08 8 David Rucker 9 Petitioner, Pro-Se 10 Date: .11 Barry Littleton 12 Petitioner, Pro-Se 13 14 Mike Comeaux 15 Petitioner, Pro-Se 16 17 John Thibeault 18 Petitioner, Pro-Sc 19 20 David Moreno 21 Petitioner, Pro-Se 22 23 Shawn Alls 24 Petitioner, Pro-Se 25 26 Scott Kelley 27 Petitioner, Pro-Se 28 (11)

Court of Appeal, Sixth Appellate District - No. H032161 S158104

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CALIFORNIA

En Banc

In re ANDRE BOSTON et al., on Habeas Corpus

The petition for review is denied.

### SUPREME COURT FILED

JAN 1 6 2008

Frederick K. Ohlrich Clerk

Deputy

**GEORGE** 

Chief Justice

Court of Appeal, Sixth Appellate District - No. H032161 \$158104

# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CALIFORNIA PREME COURT

: <u></u> _	···	
	In re ANDRE BOSTON et al., on Habeas Corpus	Frederick K. Ohlrich Clerk
		Deputy

The time for granting or denying review in the above-entitled matter is hereby extended to and including February 11, 2008 or the date upon which review is either granted or denied.

Chief Justide

# **EXHIBIT**

"Δ"

	Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW	Document 1	Filed 03/18/2008	Page 15 of 32
1	David Rucker P-29892			
2	P.O. Box 689 DW-113UP			
3	Soledad, Ca 93960			
4	Petitioner, Pro-Se			
5		IN THE SUP	REME COURT	
6	OF	THE STATE (	OF CALIFORNIA	
7	In re Andre' Boston, e	et. al. )	Case No	
8	·	, ,	Court of N	pp <b>eal No.</b> H032161
9	V.	}		ourt No. 98F04631
10	Ben Curry, Warden, Respondent	)	Superior C	Odit No. 30104031
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13		DEMINION	FOR REVIEW	
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Page 16 of 32 Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW Document 1 Filed 03/18/2008 TABLE - OF - CONTENTS rable of Authorities ii Petition for Review Necessity for Review Question Presented Statement of Case and Facts Argument The Correctional Training Facility (CTF) are "not" following California Regulatory Authority provision of CCR Title 15 §3377.1 Entitling Close B Custody inmates to the full Program Assignments and Program Activities Conclusion 

	Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW Document 1 Filed 03/18	/2008	Page 1
1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	<u> </u>	
2	Cases,		
3	UNITED STATES V. NIXON (1974) 418 U.S.		ĺ
4	ATKINS v. RIVERA (1986) 477 U.S.		2
5	AGRICULTURAL LABOR RELATION BOARD v. SUPERIOR COURT (1976) 16 Cal.		2
6	Other Authorities		
7	California Rules Of Court		1
8	Rule 29 (a)		
9	california Code of Regulations Title 15		1
10	CCR Title 15 §3377.1		
11	State Administrative Act (APA)		1
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Page 17 of 32

#### PETITION FOR REVIEW

TO THE HONORABLE RONALD M. GEORGE, CHIEF
JUSTICE, AND THE HONORABLE ASSOCIATE JUSTICES
OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Appellant's and Petitioners Andre' Boston, David Rucker,
Robert Nydegger, Craig Gerstner, Michael Comeaux, David Moreno,
and Adam Vasquez respectfully petition this court to grant and
hold review in the above-entitled matter. Petitioner Bosyon was
unavailable to sign this document because of his placement in
Administrative Segregation. On October 31, 2007,
the Court of Appeals, Sixth Appellate District, denied
Petitioners' argument that the Correctional Training Facility
(CTF) is "not" following California Regulatory Authority
provision of CCR Title 15 §3377.1 entitling Close B Custody
inmates to full program assignments and program activities. (See
exhibit A) Petitioners did not seek a petition
for rehearing.

#### NECESSITY - FOR - REVIEW

Pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 29 (a),

Petitioners raise issues that present important question of law.

Because these issues are binding by CDCR regulations according to the definition of this word as defined by statue in the government code and approved in accordance with the requirements of the state Administrative Act (APA).

It is also well established that an administrative regulation has the force of law and is binding on the issuing agency.

United States v. Nixon (1974) 418 U.S. 683,695-696[ 94 S.Ct.

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3090; 41 L.Ed.2d1039]; Atkins v. Rivera (1986) 477 U.S. 154[106 S.Ct. 2456; 91 L.Ed.2d 131]; Agricultural Labor Relations Board v. Superior Court (1976) 16 Cal.3d. 392, 401 [128 Cal.Rptr.183] (Petitioners request the court to see the Habeas petition attached for more information)

QUESTION PRESENTED

For the purposes of this petition, Petitioners adopt and incorporate by reference the guestions presented in the habeas petition. (See attached petition pages 6-7)

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS

For the purposes of this petition, Petitioners adopt and incorporate by reference the procedural and factual statements presented in the habeas petition. ( See attached petition pages 1-6 )

#### ARGUMENT

For the purposes of this petition, Petitioners adopt and incorporate by reference the issues argued in the habeas petition. (See attached petition pages 10-25)

5,

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated, petitioners request that this

honorable Court grant and hold review. Respectfully submitted, Petitioner, Pro-Se Petitioner, Pro-Se /s/ -David Moreno Petitioner, Pro-Se Adam Vasquez Petitioner, Pro-Se 

H032161

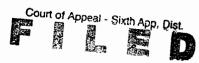
David Rucker CDC:P-29892 Correctional Training Facility P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960

Party Role Code: pet



#### IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT



OCT 3 1 2007

MICHAEL J. YERLY, Clerk

In re ANDRE BOSTON et al., on Habeas Corpus.

H032161 (Monterey County Super. Ct. No. HC5668)

#### BY THE COURT:

The petition for writ of habeas corpus is denied.

(Premo, Acting P.J., Elia, J., and Duffy, J., participated in this decision.)

 OCT 3 1 2007
 PREMO, J.

 Acting P.J.

MC-275

Name Andre' Boston	David Rucker
Address CTF-Central Facility	CTF-Central Facility
P. O. Box 689	P. O. Box 689
Soledad, California 93960-0689	Soledad, CA 93960-0689
CDC or ID Number D-03868	P-29892
IN THE CALIFOR	RNIA COURT OF APPEALS
SIXTH AF	PPELLATE DISTRICT
	(Court)
Andre' Boston, David Rucker, et. Petitioner al., vs.	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
Ben Curry, Anthony Kane, et. al.	(To be supplied by the Clerk of the Court)
Respondent	

#### INSTRUCTIONS—READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.
- · Read the entire form before answering any questions.
- This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and
  correct. Because the petition includes a venification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction
  for perjury.
- Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."
- If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies.
   Many courts require more copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies of the petition and, if separately bound, one copy
  of any supporting documents.
- If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and ten copies of the petition and, if separately bound, two copies of any supporting documents.
- Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.
- In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under rule 8.380 of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective January 1, 2007]. Subsequent amendments to rule 8.380 may change the number of copies to be furnished to the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

	MC-275
	This petition concerns:
	A conviction Parole
	A sentence Credits
	X Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline
	Other (specify):
1.	Andre' Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger, Adam Vasguez, Yourname: Michael Comeaux, David Moreno, Craig Gerstner, et. al.,
	Where are you incarcerated? Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, California
3.	Why are you in custody? Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment
	Answer subdivisions a, through i, to the best of your ability.
	a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offense and enhancements (for example, "robbery with use of a deadly weapon").
	Not applicable, this petition only addresses a conditions of confinen
	issue and not the legality of a sentence/conviction in any way.
	b. Penal or other code sections: Not Applicable
	c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: Not Applicable
	d Occupation 17.4 7 74 7.
	d. Case number: Not Applicable e. Date convicted or committed: Not Applicable
	f. Date sentenced: Not Applicable
	·
	h. When do you expect to be released? Not Applicable
	i. Were you represented by counsel in the trial court?
<b>‡</b> .	What was the LAST plea you entered? (check one)
	Not guilty Guilty Nolo Contendere Other: Not Applicable
5.	If you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have?
	Jury Judge without a jury Submitted on transcript Awaiting that
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ROUNDS FOR RELIEF				MC-275
hancement." (if you har	the ground on which you be ve additional grounds for relief, nake copies of page four and no	use a separate page for ea	ch ground. State ground	
SEE ATTACHED	PETITION FOR WR	IT OF HABEAS CO	RPUS FOR CLAR	IFICATION
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which your conviction example, if you are cla to do and how that af (1949) 34 Cal.2d 300,	without citing cases or law. If is based. If necessary, attacaiming incompetence of counseffected your trial. Failure to allow 304.) A rule of thumb to followattach declarations, relevant re	ch additional pages. CAUTIC el you must state facts specifi ege sufficient facts will result w is: who did exactly what to	ON: You must state fact ically setting forth what you tin the denial of your peoriolate your rights at who	s, not conclusions. For our attorney did or failed tition. (See <i>In re Swair</i> at time (when) or place
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AND AUTHORITI	ES FOR CLARIFICA	ATION OF RELEVAL	NT FACTS.	
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(Briefly discuss, or list by name and citation, the cases or other authorities that you think are relevant to your claim. If necessary, attach an extra page.)

SEE ATTACHED PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS

AND AUTHORITIES FOR CLRAIFICATION OF SUPPORTING CASES, RULES, ETC ..

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b. Result	Not Applicable  or citation of opinion, if known: Not  (i) Not Applicable  Not Applicable  Not Applicable  resented by counsel on appeal? Ye icable  win the California Supreme Court?  Not Applicable  or citation of opinion, if known: Not A	s. No. If yes, state the attomey's name and address, if known:  Yes No. If yes, give the following information:  b. Date of decision: Not Applicable
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f. Were you repr  Not Appli  D. Did you seek revie  a. Result N  c. Case number  d. Issues raised:  (2)  (3)  If your petition make explain why the class.	resented by counsel on appeal? Yeicable  ew in the California Supreme Court?  Not Applicable  or citation of opinion, if known: Not A	s. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:  Yes No. If yes, give the following information:  b. Date of decision: Not Applicable
f. Were you repr  Not Appli  Did you seek revie  a. Result N  c. Case number  d. Issues raised:  (2)  (3)  If your petition makexplain why the classes.	resented by counsel on appeal? Yeicable  ew in the California Supreme Court?  Not Applicable  or citation of opinion, if known: Not A	s. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:  Yes No. If yes, give the following information:  b. Date of decision: Not Applicable
a. Result N  c. Case number  d. Issues raised:  (2)  (3)  If your petition makexplain why the class	or citation of opinion, if known: Not A	b. Date of decision: Not Applicable
c. Case number d. Issues raised: (2) (3) (3) (3) explain why the class	or citation of opinion, if known: Not A	
d. Issues raised:  (2)  (3)  If your petition make explain why the class		nn1ianh1e
(2)(3)  (3)  If your petition make explain why the class	(1) Not Applicable	bbricapie
(3) If your petition make explain why the class		
(3) If your petition make explain why the class	Not Applicable	
). If your petition make explain why the cla		
	aim was not made on appeal:	ence, or commitment that you or your attorney did not make on appeal,
administrative r 52 Cal App.3d review:	concerns conditions of confinement or other remedies may result in the denial of your posts [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain what address [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].)	or claims for which there are administrative remedies, failure to exhaust etition, even if it is otherwise meritorious. (See <i>In re Muszalski</i> (1975) ninistrative review you sought or explain why you did not seek such NISTRATIVE REMEDIES THROUGH THE
DEPARTMEN	T OF CORRECTIONS (SEE	ATTACHED PETITION FOR WRIT OF
HABEAS CO	RPUS AND MEMORANDUM OF	POINTS AND AUTHORITIES CONTENTION
I <u>.)</u>		
	•	

12		ther than direct appeal, have you filed any other petitions, applications, or motions with respect to this conviction, MC-275 mmitment, or issue in any court? X Yes. If yes, continue with number 13. No. If no, skip to number 15.
13	. а.	(1) Name of court: MONTEREY COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT
		(2) Nature of proceeding (for example, "habeas corpus petition"): HABEAS CORPUS PETITION
		(3) Issues raised: (a) SAME AS PRESENTED IN THIS PETITION FOR HAREAS CORPUS
		(b) SAME AS PRESENTED IN THIS PETITION FOR HABEAS CORPUS
		(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable): DENIED (SEE EXHIBIT S)
		(5) Date of decision: August 30, 2007
	b.	(1) Name of court: Not Applicable
		(2) Nature of proceeding: Not Applicable
,		
		(3) Issues raised: (a) Not Applicable  (b) Not Applicable
:		(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable): Not Applicable
		(5) Date of decision: Not Applicable
		For additional prior petitions, applications, or motions, provide the same information on a separate page.
14.		ny of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing, state name of court, date of hearing, nature of hearing, and result:  Not Applicable no hearing was conducted
15.		plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.)
	1	THERE IS NO DELAY IN THE PRESENTATION OF THE CLAIMS ( SEE ATTACHED
	<u>F</u>	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS & MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES
16.		you presently represented by counsel? Yes. X No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known: Not Applicable
17.		you have any petition, appeal, or other matter pending in any court? X Yes. No. If yes, explain: HABEAS CORPUS PETITION FOR UNRELATED ISSUES SURROUNDING OTHER CONDITIONS
		OF CONFINEMENT NOT RELEVANT TO THE PRESENT CLAIMS
18.		ris petition might lawfully have been made to a lower court, state the circumstances justifying an application to this court:
tha	t the d as 1	indersigned, say: I am the petitioner in this action. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California of foregoing allegations and statements are true and correct, except as to matters that are stated on my information and belief, to those matters, I believe them to be true.
MC-2	75 [Re	(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)  Page 5 of 6  Page 5 of 6
	l	0-11-07 Danel Ruch et. et. et.

Andre' Boston D-03868 EW-236L P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689 Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Rucker P-29892 DW-113U P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689 Petitioner, Pro-Se

#### IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

In re Andre' Boston, et. al., )  Petitioner, )  On Habeas Corpus	2d Crim. No(Sup. Ct. No. HC 5668)  PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
Date: 10./10/07	Andre' Boston Petitioner, Pro-Se
Date: 10/10/01	/S/ Conclewsh.  David Rucker  Petitioner, Pro-Se
Date:	/s/ <u>Paret Nydegger</u> Robert Nydegger Petitioner, Pro-Se
Date:10./10./07	/s/ Adam Vasquez Petlitipnet, Pro-se
Date: 10/.10.0.7	/S/
Date: 10/10/07	/S/ Awid Moreno  Dalvid Moreno  Petitioner, Pro-Se
Date: 10/10/07	/S/ Craig Gerstner

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Andre' Boston D-03868 EW-236L P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689 Petitioner, Pro-Se David Rucker P-29892 DW-113U P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689 Petitioner, Pro-Se

## IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

In re Andre' Boston, et. al.,	2d Crim. No.
	(Sup. Ct. No. HC 5668)
Petitioner,	)
	PETITION FOR WRIT OF
On Habeas Corpus.	) HABEAS CORPUS

#### PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

TO THE HONORABLE PRESIDING JUSTICE AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT:

Comes now Petitioners, Andre' Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger, Adam Vasquez, Michal Comeaux, David Moreno, Craig Gerstner, et. al., under Pro-Se status and hereby petitions this Honorable Court for a Writ of Habeas Corpus and by this verified petition states as follows:

 Andre' Boston
 David Rucker

 D-03868 EW-236L
 P-29892 DW-113U

 P.O. Box 689
 P.O. Box 689

Soledad, CA 93960-0689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689

Petitioner, et. al., Pro-Se Petitioner, et. al., Pro-Se

# IN THE CALIFORNIA COURT OF APPEAL SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

In Re Boston, et. al.,	)	Case No.	
Petitioner(s)	)	Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus	
On Habeas Corpus			

I.

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. Petitioners, Andre' Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger, Craig Gerstner, Michaeal Comeaux, David Moreno, and Adam Vasquez are members of the Men's Advisory Council (hereinafter referred to as the MAC or IAC) Executive Body at the Correctional Training Facility (hereinafter referred to as CTF) Central Facility, located in Soledad, California. For the purposes of this "instant" petition, petitioners do not contest in any way the legality of their confinement, restraint and/or sentence(s) within CDCR. This petition for writ of habeas corpus is being submitted as a class action, on behalf of the general population at CTF to contest "conditions of confinement". While performing their duties as duly elected MAC Executive Body members for the general population at their facility, petitioners observed that CTF was not in compliance with the regulatory authority provisions outlined in California Code of Regulation, Title 15 (hereinafter referred to as the CCR, Title 15) § 3377.1 regarding program assignments and activities for Close B Custody inmates housed at CTF. Petitioners requested review and compliance with the applicable regulations by the prison administration. The prison administration has repeatedly refused to comply with the applicable regulations.
  - 2. Petitioners maintain the respondents have a duty to follow administrative regulations

enacted and established by the department. Petitioners further contend that the respondents have acted contrary to several regulations of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (hereinafter referred to as CDCR/Department) and that some of these acts have violated petitioner's rights.

II.

#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Petitioner Andre' Boston, is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 4. Petitioner David Rucker is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 5. Petitioner Robert Nydegger is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 6. Petitioner Adam Vasquez is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 7. Petitioner Michael Comeaux is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 8. Petitioner David Moreno is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 9. Petitioner Craig Gerstner is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 10. Respondent Ben Curry is the Warden at the Correctional Training Facility and is the custodian of petitioners. This respondent is also responsible for program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.
- 11. Respondent Anthony Kane, is currently the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's Associate Director for general population Level II and Level III inmates. At the times herein mentioned this respondent was the Acting Warden of the Correctional Training Facility and legal custodian of petitioners.
  - 12. Respondent Pat Barker is the former Chief Deputy Warden of the Correctional Training

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Facility. This respondent in her official capacity at all times mentioned herein was in charge of program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.

- 13. Respondent Colleen Noll, is currently the Chief Deputy Warden of CTF-Central Facility and this respondent in her official capacity at all times mentioned herein has been in charge of program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.
- 14. Respondent J. Sisk, is currently the Associate Warden for Central Facility. At times herein mentioned this respondent has been the Associate Warden for Central Facility at CTF and the designated Coordinator for the MAC. This respondent assists with the petitioners coordinating their daily MAC activities and acts as the administrative liaison between the MAC and the prison administration.

III.

#### STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

- 15. CTF is a prison in the CDCR located in Soledad, California. This prison is a multifacility institution that currently houses inmates of several security levels according to their classification scores and custody requirements.
- 16. CTF-Central Facility houses approximately 2828 general population inmates who have a classification score appropriate for housing Level II inmates.
- 17. Among the general population there are approximately 550 (or more) inmates with classification scores appropriate for Level II housing who are designated as Close B Custody inmates.
- 18. Petitioners are members of the MAC Executive Body for CTF- Central Facility. The MAC is a group of inmates who are duly elected by the general population to represent the interest of their constituents. The MAC operates under its locally approved Constitution and By-Laws. The MAC is comprised of a General Council and Executive Officer positions which are Executive Body positions. The General Council elects from their membership, the Council members who will occupy Executive Body positions. The Executive Body members represent both the interests of the General Council and the general population.

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- 19. The applicable California Regulatory Authority outlined in CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 contains the Departmental Policy for program assignments and activities of all Close B Custody inmates housed in the CDCR. This regulation governs the program assignments and activities of all Close B Custody inmates housed within CDCR institutions.
- 20. CTF's local Operations Procedure (hereinafter referred to as OP) for Close B Custody program assignments and activities is OP #34. The language of this local OP permits Close B Custody inmates access to assignments and activities between the facility's East and West Gates, based upon a clause which establishes a superficial and unauthorized definition of a "Facility Security Perimeter." This definition conflicts with the definition contained in the applicable regulations. (See exhibit A and B).
- 21. CTF's OP #40 for Central Facility Unlocks and Yard Cards contains supplemental information and contains language for Close B Custody inmate access to the recreation yard (which is within the Departmental definition of a Facility Security Perimeter) up until 2200 hours (see exhibit A and C).
- 22. CTF is not in compliance with the relevant regulations as they pertain to Close B Custody inmate program assignments and activities.
- 23. CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) states in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, Level III, Level IV institution." The use of the mandatory language "shall" in this provision imposes a duty of all CDCR institutions to comply with this regulation. CTF does not comply with the full provisions of this regulation.
- 24. CTF only permits Close B Custody inmate program activities on the recreation yard between the hours of 0900 to 1100 hours, 1300 hours to 1500 hours. Close B Custody inmates are not given access to the recreation yard beyond 1500 hours despite the applicable regulation authorizing activities up to 2000 hours.
- 25. CTF only permits Close B Custody inmates program assignments within the superficially defined facility security perimeter imposed by the indicated clause in OP #34; but

Filed 03/18/2008

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some assignments located within that same security perimeter, such as the Clothing Room, Laundry, and Culinary are excluded for Close B Custody assignments. This clause and the application of a superficial facility security perimeter excludes Close B Custody assignments in locations beyond the work change area, otherwise authorized by CDCR.

- 26. For decades, as authorized by Departmental regulations, Close B Custody inmates were allowed access to limited activities within the designated housing unit after 2000 hours.
- 27. On December 23, 2002, the CTF Administration issued a memorandum revoking Close B Custody programming after 2000 hours. That memorandum did not express any reason(s) or legitimate penological interests to justify the removal of the authorized limited program activities. As a result, Close B Custody inmates were denied participation in program activities within their designated housing units (located within the facility security perimeter) from 2000 hours until the general evening lock up and count. (see exhibit D)
- 28. Since December 23, 2002, CTF has not permitted Close B Custody inmates many of the Departmentally authorized program activities after 2000 hours, even if those activities take place within a designated housing unit, located within the facility security perimeter.
- 29. Despite CDCR's own regulations, CTF has refused to comply with the applicable provisions of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B), which authorize more program assignments and activities for Close B Custody inmates than currently exist at CTF.
- 30. On August 31, 2006, petitioners submitted two administrative grievances on the behalf of the Close B Custody inmates, based upon the failure of the prison administration to comply with the regulatory provisions of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 relating to Close B Custody program assignments and activities.
- 31. The First Appeal (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 and IAB Case No. 0607538) was denied through all administrative channels including the Director's Level constituting exhaustion of the claims raised in the appeal. (See exhibit E - J)
- 32. The Second Appeal (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873 and IAB Case No. 0605652) was denied through all administrative channels including the Director's Level constituting exhaustion of the claims raised in the appeal. (See exhibit K - N)

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- 33. Petitioners submitted a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to the Monterey County Superior Court on April 5, 2007 raising the claims raised in the above paragraphs numbered 31 and 32.
- 34. The court ordered an Informal Response and Reply to the Writ on June 8, 2007. (See exhibit P)
- 35. Following submission of the Informal Response (see exhibit Q) and Informal Reply (see exhibit R), the court issued an order on August 30, 2007, denying the Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus. (see exhibit S)
- 36. This court has jurisdiction over the claims presented, as they have been exhausted. No appeal lies from denial of a petition for writ of habeas corpus. In re Clark (1993) 5C4th 750, 778 n7, 21 CR2d 509; In re Hochberg (1970) 2 C3d 870, 87 CR 681.

#### CONTENTIONS

- 1. PETITIONERS HAVE EXHAUSTED THEIR ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.
- 2. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE A DUTY TO FOLLOW ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 3. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THEY HAVE A RIGHT CONVEYED BY THE REGULATORY AUTHORITY CODIFIED IN THE CCR, TITLE 15 TO REPRESENT THE INTEREST OF THE GENERAL POPULATION AT CTF.
- 4. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY AUTHORITY PROVISIONS OF CCR TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATES TO THE FULL PROGRAM ASSIGNMENTS AND PROGRAM ACTIVITIES BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 0600 AND 2000 HOURS.
- 5. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY AUTHORITY PROVISIONS OF CCR TITLE 15§ 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATES TO LIMITED ACTIVITIES AFTER 2000 HOURS WHEN THE LIMITED ACTIVITY IS IN DESIGNATED HOUSING UNIT WITHIN THE FACILITY SECURITY PERIMETER.
- 6. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE APPLIED A SELECTIVE

INTERPRETATION OF THE APPLICABLE REGULATORY AUHTORITY AND HAVE REFUSED TO COMPLY WITH THE FULL PROVISIONS OF CCR TITLE 15 § 3377.1 AS OUTLINED THEREIN.

- 7. RESPONDENTS HAVE VIOLATED DEPARTMENTAL POLICY BY HAVING A SUBORDINATE RESPOND TO THE ACTIONS OF A SUPERIOR OFFICIAL.
- 8. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE SUPERIOR COURT ABUSED ITS' DISCRETION AND ERRED IN DENYING THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

#### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Petitioners are without remedy, save for habeas corpus in this matter. Accordingly, petitioners request that this court:

- 1. Issue and grant a writ of habeas corpus;
- 2. Issue an order to show cause;
- 3. Declare the rights of the parties;
- 4. Order the respondents to fully comply with all applicable Departmental regulations pertaining to Close B Custody program activities and assignments in a designated Level II Facility.
- 5. Order the respondents to implement forthwith the immediate necessary procedures to initiate full access for Close B Custody inmates program assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours in all areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change as authorized by Departmental regulation;
- 6. Order the respondent to forthwith and immediately implement the necessary procedures to initiate access for Close B Custody to limited activities after 2000 hours in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter as defined by CDCR.
- 7. Appoint counsel or award reasonable attorney fees for representation of this case; and
- 8. Grant any and all other relief found necessary or appropriate.

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1	Date: 10/10/07	1SI Andre' LAND
2		Andre' Boston, Petitioner Pro-Se
3	Date: 10/10/07	181 Daul Lieke
4	Date. 1070000	David Rucker, Petitioner Pro-Se
5	Date: /0/10/07	
	Date.	/S/ Cobert Nydegger, Petitioner Pro-Se
6	Date: 0/10/07	/s/ ydam )qsqus
7	Date: 10/10/0/	
9	Date: 10 10 07	Adam Vasquez, Petitioner Pro-Se
10	. ;	Michael Comeaux, Petitioner Pro-Se
11	Date: /0/10/07	181 Mail forero
12		David Moreno, Petitioner Pro-Se
13	Date: 10/10/07	181 Cr 3
14		Craig Gerstner, Petitioner Pro-Se
15		CONCLUSION
16	For the reasons stated above, petitioners	are entitled to a declaration of their rights and are entitled
17	to all program assignments and activities	designated by the provisions outlined in CCR Title 15
18	§ 3377.1 (a)(4)(B).	
19	Date: 10/16/07	ISI SMOUL 1950
20	,	Andre' Boston, Petitioner Pro-Se
21	Date: 10 100 107	181 Said Whehe
22		David Rucker, Petitioner Pro-Se
23	Date: /0/10/07	1SI Gobert Nydegger
24		Robert Nydegger, Petitioner Pro-Se
25	Date: 10 10 07	181 adam Vasque
26		Adam Vasquez, Petitioner Pro-Se
27	Date: 10/10/07	18/ Middael A. Confeany
28	( (	Michael Comeaux, Petitioner Pro-Se

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1	Date: 10/10/07 18/ Want Moreno
2	David Moreno, Petitioner Pro-Se
3	Date: _/8//0/07 /S/
4	Craig Gerstner, Petitioner Pro-Se
5	VERIFICATION
6	I do hereby declare by my signature below that I am one of the petitioners in this action. I have
7	read the foregoing Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus and the facts stated therein are true of my
8	own knowledge, except as to matters that are stated on my own information and belief, and as to
9	matters I believe them to be true. I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true
10	and correct and that this verification was executed on the indicated date at the Correctional Training
11	Facility, Soledad, California.
12	Date: 10/10/07 /S/ Muli Tostor
13	Andre' Boston, Petitioner Pro-Se
14	Date: W/10/07 /S/ Dail Prohi
15	David Rucker, Petitioner Pro-Se
16	Date: 10/10/07 /S/ Dobert Nydeggee
17	Robert Nydegger, Petitioner Pro-Se
18	Date: 10/10/07 /S/ Cocom Ugsqus
19	Adam Vasquez Petitioner Pro-Se
20	Date: 10/10/07 /S/ Mudfood A Confloring
21	Michael Comeaux, Petitioner Pro-Se
22	Date: 10/10/07 /S/ Sold Sold
23	David Moreno, Petitioner Pro-Se
24	Date: ////0/07 /S//S/
25	Craig Gerstner, Petitioner Pro-Se
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# MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

#### CONTENTION I.

#### PETITIONERS HAVE EXHAUSTED THEIR ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

A state court petition for writ of habeas corpus, commonly filed by prisoners to obtain judicial review of conditions of confinement, generally will not be considered unless the prisoner has completed the administrative appeal. In re Strick (1983) 148 Cal. App. 3d 906, 911 [196 Cal. Rtpr. 293]; In re Dexter (1979) 25 Cal.3d 921, 925 [160 Cal. Rptr. 118]; In re Muszalski (1975) 52 Cal. App.3d 500, 503 [125 Cal. Rptr. 286]

Petitioners contend that they have exhausted their administrative remedies through CDCR as required by procedure and law.

#### APPEAL ONE

Petitioners initially submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329) to the CTF Administration for resolution on July 21, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal, and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the first level review on that same day. (See exhibit E)

On September 25, 2006, the appeal was responded to at the First Level by Correctional Lieutenant R. Lynch. The appeal decision at this level was "denied". (see exhibit F)

On October 13, 2006, in view of several reasons, which included violation of Department policy and fundamental conflict of interest created by a subordinate responding to an appeal for the actions of superior, petitioners requested a second level review of their appeal. (see exhibit G)

On November 28, 2006, the appeal was responded to a second formal level by C. Noll, acting Associate Warden for Central Facility and approved by P. Barker, the acting Warden. The appeal decision was "denied". (see exhibit H)

On December 22, 2006, in view of several reasons, including the violation of departmental policy, petitioners requested a Director's level (Departmental) review of their appeal.

The purpose of this request was based upon numerous issues that arose regarding the appeal decision issued at the second level, which lacked clarification or explanation. (see exhibit I)

On March 16, 2007, a Director's Level Appeal Decision (IAB Case No. 0607538) was issued by N. Grannis, Chief, Inmate Appeals Branch. The appeal decision was "denied." The appeal response indicated that the decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to appellants within CDCR. (see exhibit J)

#### APPEAL TWO

Petitioners submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873) to the CTF Administration for resolution on August 31, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the second level review on September 30, 2006. (see exhibit K)

On October 19, 2006, the appeal was responded to at the second level by J. Sisk, acting Associate Warden and approved by P. Barker, acting Warden. The appeal was "denied". (see exhibit L)

On November 9, 2006, in view of several reasons, including the violation of Department policy, petitioners requested a Director's Level (Departmental) review their appeal. The purpose of this request was based upon numerous issues that arose regarding the appeal decision issued at the second level, which lacked clarification or explanation. (see exhibit M)

On January 23, 2007, a Director's Level Appeal Decision (IAB Case. No. 0605652) was issued by N. Grannis, Chief, Inmate Appeals Branch. The appeal decision was "denied". The appeal response indicated that the decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to appellants within the CDCR. (see exhibit N)

There are no other speedy, plain or adequate remedies at law available to petitioners in this matter.

Based upon the foregoing, petitioners have fully exhausted the available administrative remedies and the claims presented are ripe for this court's jurisdiction.

A prisoner may bring a petition for writ of habeas corpus to ask a court to declare and enforce rights regarding prison or parole. A petition may be in constitutional, statutory, or administrative laws. In Re Harrel (1970) 2 Cal.3d 675 [87 Cal. Rptr. 504]; In re Davis (1979)25 Cal.3d 384 [159 Cal. Rptr. 384].

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#### CONTENTION II.

# PETITIONERS ASSERT THAT RESPONDENT HAVE A DUTY TO FOLLOW ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS

Petitioners contend that respondents have a duty to follow administrative rules and regulations. Petitioners base their contention on the following points and authorities.

Petitioners contend that all CDCR "regulations, as that word is defined by statue in the indicated Government Code must be created and approved in accord with the requirements of the State Administrative Procedures Act (APA)".

"Regulation" is defined as every rule, regulation, order or standard of general application adopted by any agency to implement, interpret or make specific the law enforced or administered by the agency, or to govern its procedure". Government Code § 11342 (g). A regulation cannot be enforced unless the agency that created it has complied with the APA. (see Government Code § 11342.1); see also Union of American Physician and Dentist V. Kizer (1990) 223 Cal. App.3d 490[272 Cal. Rptr. 886] Tooma V. Rowland (Tuolumne County Superior Court Feb. 6, 1991), case no 32735 Order Granting Writ Of Mandate (ordering CDC to case enforcing D. O.M. § 54020 until enacted in compliance with the APA).

"It is well established that an administrative regulation has the force of law and is binding on the issuing agency." <u>United States v. Nixon(1974)</u> 418 U.S. 683, 695-696 [94 S. Ct. 3090; 41 L.Ed.2d. 1039]; <u>Atkins v. Rivera (1986)</u> 477 U.S. 154 [106 S. Ct. 2456; 91 L.Ed.2d 131]; <u>Agricultural Labor Relations Board v. Superior Court (1976)</u> 16 Cal. 3d 392, 401 [128 Cal. Rptr. 183]

Petitioners further contend that California courts have ordered the CDCR to comply with its rules, even when CDCR preferred not to because of the benefit resulting to prisoners.

In the case of <u>In Re Reina</u> (1985) 171 Cal. App.3d 638 [217 Cal. Rptr. 535] the court ordered the CDC to follow it's own rules and regulations and award worktime credits to prisoners unable to work due to a non-adverse transfer.

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#### **CONTENTION III**

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THEY HAVE A RIGHT CONVEYED BY THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY AUTHORITY CODIFIED IN CCR, TITLE 15 § 3230 TO REPRESENT THE INTERESTS OF THE GENERAL POPULATION AT CTF.

Petitioners contend that pursuant to the provisions of the CCR Title 15 § 3230 they have and maintain the departmental right as outlined by regulation to represent the interests of the general population at this facility.

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a) provides: "Each warden shall establish an inmate advisory council which is representative of the facility's inmate ethnic group. At the discretion of the Warden, subcommittees of the council may also be established to represent subfacilities or specialized segments of the inmate population."

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a)(1) provides: "Council members shall serve to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff those matters of common interests and concern to the inmate general population."

Both sections contain the mandatory language of "shall" when referring to the inmate advisory council. According to Departmental standards enumerated in CCR Title 15 § 3005 use of the word "shall" is mandatory.

CCR Title 15 § 3000.5 (c) provides: "Shall" is mandatory, "should" is advisory, and "may" is permissive.

Petitioners contend that this regulatory provision imposes a mandate upon the Department and all of its facilities to establish an inmate advisory council to represent the interests of the general population. Petitioners contend that this regulatory right creates a departmental mandate because the Department and its facilities are duty bound to establish an inmate advisory council. Petitioners are all members of the MAC, housed in CTF-Central Facility, at Soledad, California. All petitioners have been duly elected as members of the Central Facility MAC Executive Body and function under the authorized MAC Constitution and By-Laws as required by the Department, (see exhibit O)

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a)(2) provides: "The council shall operate only under the constitution

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and by-laws prepared by the council's inmate representatives, with the advice and guidance of designated staff and approved by the Warden."

#### CONTENTION IV

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATE TO THE FULL PROGRAM ASSIGNMENTS AND ACTIVITIES BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 0600 AND 2000 HOURS AS MANDATED IN THE REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Petitioners contend that the provisions of CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) contains the language for program assignments and activities which Close B Custody designated inmates are entitled to between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours.

This regulatory provision provides in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated level II, Level III, or Level IV institution." CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B)

Petitioners contend that CCR Title 15 § 3000 provides the Departmental definition for the regulations found in the CCR. Under the definitions the Department has clearly outlined their definition of a designated Level II housing facility. This definition is as follows:

"Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores." CCR Title 15 § 3000.

Petitioners contends that CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(A) provides the Departmental guidelines for housing of Close B Custody inmates and states: "(A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institution in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter."

The Departmental definition of "facility security perimeter" pursuant to CCR, Title 15 § 3000 is as follows: "facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expend depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and

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hours of operation.

Petitioners contend that CTF-Central Facility is a Designated Level II Housing facility with a facility security perimeter, which houses inmates who have Level II classification scores. This populace also includes Close B Custody inmates who have classification scores consistent with Designated Level II Housing.

Petitioners contend that Departmental guidelines outline the program assignments and activities that the Close B Custody segment of the populace are entitled to. Within the applicable provision of the regulation, the Department has inserted the terminology utilizing the word "shall" regarding program assignments and activities between 0600 and 2000 hours. The terminology of "shall" is mandatory pursuant to Departmental regulations.

Petitioners contend that the Rules of construction in the <u>CCR</u>, <u>Title 15 § 3000.5</u> provides in pertinent part: "Shall is mandatory, "should" is advisory and "may" is permissive.

Use of the terminology "shall" in CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) when referring to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours and 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II institution imposes upon the Department and all institutions the mandatory requirement of providing "full" access to assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000.

Petitioners contend that they clearly have an entitlement to "program assignments and activities" between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours including beyond the work change area.

#### CONTENTION V.

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CCR TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLES CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATES TO LIMITED ACTIVITIES IN A DESIGNATED HOUSING UNIT LOCATED WITHIN THE FACILITY SECURITY PERIMETER

Petitioners contend that they have an entitlement to limited dayroom/tier activities after 2000 hours "WHEN" this activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

Petitioners base their contention on the fact that the regulatory authority already provides the

language which allows Close B Custody participation in work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit. Clearly, the legislative spirit and intent in implementing this regulation was not intended to prohibit Close B Custody designated inmates from participating in "ALL" program and activities after 2000 hours, but merely to curtail the "FULL" access afforded between the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours. It is equally clear that legislative spirit and intent of the regulation was meant to restrict Close B Custody inmate program assignments and activities after 2000 hours to "within a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter."

CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (A)(4)(B) provides in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 until the general evening lock and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter."

Petitioners contend that the language of the above CCR Section is clear in that, limited activity after 2000 hours, until the general evening lockup and count is permitted for Close B Custody inmates when that activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter.

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#### CONTENTION VI.

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE APPLIED A SELECTIVE INTERPRETATION OF APPLICABLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND HAVE REFUSED TO COMPLY WITH THE FULL PROVISION OF CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1, AS OUTLINED THEREIN

Petitioners contend that in this case the respondent have elected to apply a selective interpretation of applicable regulatory authority and refused to comply with the applicable provisions of CCR, Title § 3377.1.

Petitioners contend that the respondents have utilized the language placed in a local

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procedure as a basis to apply selective interpretation of the applicable regulatory authority. CTF Operations Procedure #34 deals with Close B Custody program assignments and activities. (see exhibit B)

Petitioners contend that while most of the language in this local procedure under the topic of "Close Custody Program/Work Assignments" bears a resemblance to the language in the applicable regulatory authority, respondents have inserted a clause that implements an arbitrary "local facility security perimeter" for Close B Custody assignments and activities to allow for selective application of Departmental regulations. The clause of the local Operations Procedure that contradict regulatory authority and definition, state in pertinent part: "Close B Custody, Level II inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e.- Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours 0600 and 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility Security Perimeter (West Gate to East Gate)." Petitioners contend that the language of the preceding sentence (highlighted in bold) creates and imposes an arbitrary "facility security perimeter" that contradicts the applicable regulatory authority. The Departmental definition of a "facility security perimeter" has already been defined by regulation and any selective interpretation of this definition violates the very essence of the regulation. If the Department wanted to make specific accommodations beyond those already stated in the CCR, multiple changes to the Director's Rules over the past two years which specifically address Closed Custody programs provided more than ample opportunity for the Department to implement changes. However, the latest revisions of CCR sections impacting Close Custody programming and activities issued in July 2006, did not reflect any changes. The Department's position remains unchanged and is clear in this matter. (see exhibit A)

CCR, Title 15 § 3000 provides the following relevant definitions: "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting condition and hours of operation.

Petitioners contend that by Departmental definition, the "Facility Security Perimeter" is "INCLUSIVE" of the recreation area not "EXCLUSIVE" of it. Quite to the contrary, the local

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provisions have made the recreation yard and all areas beyond the East Gate and West Gate "EXCLUSIVE" in context. The local interpretation and selective compliance with the Departmental definition is contrary to the applicable regulatory authority. If taken and applied literally, the local provision would prohibit Close B Custody inmate from ever having access to the recreation yard because this area is not within the "WEST GATE TO EAST GATE" (the locally defined facility security perimeter).

Petitioners contend that Departmental Policy as defined in the **DOM** precludes and specifically prohibits supplements (OP's) from creating new policy or regulations. Furthermore, petitioners contend that <u>DOM § 51020.1</u> states in pertinent part: "Supplements shall: ... not duplicate or contradict DOM provisions."

Petitioners contend that based upon the respondents' selective interpretation and compliance with the applicable regulatory authority, CTF Close B Custody inmates are only being allowed partial access to the recreation yard between the hours of 0900 to 1100 and 1300 to 1500 hours. Petitioners further contend that Close B Custody inmate are not being allowed program assignments in areas beyond the work change area (and in some cases to areas within CTF's defined facility security perimeter, i.e. Culinary, Clothing Room, etc.) Petitioners additionally contend that CTF Close B Custody inmates are being provided only limited evening activities within the housing unit (which is clearly located within CTF's defined facility security perimeter) between the hours of 1830 and 1945 hours. This despite regulatory language, which authorizes limited activity until general evening lock up at 2100 hours. Petitioners would contend that prior to December 22, 2002, respondents were in correct, but partial compliance with the applicable regulations by allowing limited activities in the designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter after 2000 hours until general evening lock up and count. However, on December 23, 2002 for no apparent reason and without any cited legitimate penological interest the respondents revoked the opportunity for even this limited form of evening program activity. (see exhibit D)

Petitioners contend that in the administrative appeal process the respondents failed to address why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted the full program activities such as access to the recreation yard area and assignments between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours or in areas

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beyond the work change area and are not provided access to limited activities after 2000 hours in designated housing units located within the facility security perimeter. The respondents advanced a myriad of reasons in an attempt to excuse and/or exempt their compliance with the applicable regulatory authority for Close B. Custody program assignments and activities. Petitioners contend that the refusal to comply with the applicable regulatory authority is in fact a violation of the regulation, and there is no excuse that can exempt or excuse respondents from compliance with regulatory law or Departmental policy.

To draw attention to the issue of compliance with regulations, petitioners attached a copy of an informational bulletin to their initial appeal submission, which had been issued from the Inmate Appeals Branch in CDCR Headquarters to all institutions. That bulletin addressed CDCR's internal view of the inappropriateness of denying Close B Custody Program Access. (see exhibit E) This bulletin reflected that a court had made the determination an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which they operate. The reported circumstances in this bulletin mirror this instant case situation. Yet, the respondents attempted to downplay the significance of this document in their second level appeal response as "informational" because it was not a regulatory publication.

Assuming arguendo, the respondents position about the bulletin being informational in nature, petitioners contend that the regulations, which govern Close B Custody program assignments and activities are not "informational" and since an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates, respondents must fully comply with all applicable regulations.

Petitioners contend that the respondents lack of compliance with the applicable regulations violate the provisions contained therein.

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#### CONTENTION VII.

# RESPONDENTS HAVE VIOLATED DEPARTMENTAL POLICY BY HAVING A SUBORDINATE RESPOND TO THE ACTION OF A SUPERIOR OFFICIAL

Petitioners contend in the first level review in the administrative appeal process, the respondents violated Departmental policy by having a subordinate staff member respond on behalf of the actions of a superior official.

#### C.C.R. Title 15 § 3084.5 (e) states in pertinent part:

(e) Appeal Review. Formal appeals shall not be reviewed by a staff person who participated in the event or decision being appealed or who is of lower administrative rank than any participating staff..."

Petitioners initially submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log #CTF-C-06-02329) to the CTF Administration for resolution on July 21, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the first level review on that same day. (see exhibit E)

On September 25, 206, the appeal was responded to at this level by Correctional Lieutenant R. Lynch. The appeal decision at this level was "denied". (see exhibit F)

Petitioners contend that this was inappropriate for the following reasons. Operations Procedures are signed by the Warden when implemented and constitute institutional policy decisions and directives that are not subject to review or commentary by his subordinate staff. The responder at the first level of administrative appeal was Lieutenant R. Lynch and because this staff member is a subordinate of the Warden who authorized provisions of OP # 34, this staff member could not appropriately review the Warden's decision or respond in a matter that is the responsibility of the Warden who implemented the OP as the institutional head. At no administrative level have the respondents ever sought to address this violation of Departmental policy despite it being raised in the claims presented for review.

Petitioners contend that respondents have violated Departmental policy by the above actions.

CONTENTION VIII.

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE SUPERIOR COURT ABUSED ITS DISCRETION AND ERRED IN DENYING THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Petitioners contend that the Superior Court abused its discretion and erred in denying the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus in its order, dated August 30, 2007. (See Exhibit S) Petitioners base their contention on the failure of the Superior Court to address several of Petitioners' contentions which were central, integral and relevant to other claims. Petitioners' positions are addressed herein.

Concerning Contention II - Central to Petitioners' Contention II was the representation that fully established case authority based on decisions in various courts have supported Petitioners' contention that Respondents have a duty to follow the administrative rules and regulations of the CDCR. The case citations were provided in the body of the contention and were referred to throughout the Petition and in our Informal Reply to Respondents' assertions before the court. This contention is germane to determining the merit of several other contentions raised in the Petition. If the Superior court had addressed the crux of this issue, it would have had to determine whether or not the Respondents have a duty to follow established rules and regulations. By failing to address this contention, the court essentially erred in finding that CTF prison officials may properly restrict Close B Custody inmates from participating in program assignments and activities based on the limited resources and unsubstantiated security concerns represented by the Respondents. Furthermore, Petitioners contend that because Respondents' actions in this matter are contrary to duly enacted and fully established administrative regulations, which have the force of law that is binding upon the issuing agency, they have violated the law. (See Contention II

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of this Petition for relevant case authorities cited on this point.) not addressing this contention, the Superior Court failed to decide the merits of this contention and Respondents' requirement to follow the administrative rules and regulations established in CCR, Title 15.

Concerning Contention III - Petitioners' Contention III is that they have a right, codified in CCR, Title 15, § 3230, to represent the interest of the general population. Petitioners contend that the Superior Court committed an error by not addressing the merit of this issue. Positions adopted by the Respondents challenge the right of the MAC to continue to represent the interests of the general population, extending to the filing of litigation in the courts following the exhaustion of administrative remedy. CDCR administrative regulations and policy outlined in the DOM clearly support an expectation to pursue interest(s) raised in the course of the MAC's authorized activities to represent the population to their legal terminus in the courts. Any reasonable interpretation of the legislative intent of duly enacted regulation could logically conclude that the role of the MAC (prisoners representing prisoners) would not be limited to or expire with administrative remedy. If that were the case, as Petitioners have represented in their writ, CTF could simply engage the MAC and any other prisoner(s) in meaningless dialogue, while continuing to violate prisoners' rights, without ever being held accountable for their actions. The contention raised by the Petitioners before the Superior Court is a valid issue, which was presented as a contention for the court to determine and address. By failing to address this contention, Petitioners may be justified to assume the court's acquiescence by accepting and advancing their Petition. In the absence of a determination of the merit of Petitioners' contention, Respondents are free to continue to contest and obstruct Petitioners' access to the courts and ability to

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advance the interests of the general population beyond simple administrative relief.

Concerning Contention IV - Petitioners' Contention IV was that CCR, Title 15, § 3377.1(a)(4)(B) establishes Close B Custody inmates' entitlement to full program assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours, as mandated in the regulatory provisions. Petitioners' main focus was that the regulations contain mandatory terminology, requiring "full" (emphasis added) compliance with the regulation. Respondents have contended throughout their arguments that compliance with regulations is optional and not mandatory for Close B Custody program assignments and activities between 0600 and 2000 hours. Contrary to the position advanced in Respondents' arguments and perhaps in recognition of the preponderant lack of compliance throughout the department, CDCR has found it necessary to enact still another regulatory change to bring institutions into compliance with the law. In Notice of Change to the Director's Rules (NCDR) #07/09, CDCR has proposed replacement of the word "may" with the word "shall," in any case where the staff and inmates' adherence to a rule is mandatory rather than optional. (See Exhibit T) With the added emphasis of the department's own directive contained in their proposed regulatory change, Petitioners' contention is fully supported. CCR, Title 15, § 3377.1 already contains the word "shall" regarding program assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours. This terminology mandates compliance. By not addressing this contention, the Superior Court failed to address the merits of this contention.

Concerning Contention V - Petitioners' Contention V is that CCR, Title 15, § 3377.1 entitles Close B Custody inmates to limited evening activities in a designated housing unit located within the facility

security perimeter. In its order denying the Petition, the Superior Court did not address the regulatory provisions of this applicable section of the CCR that clearly defines "when" and "where" limited evening activities will be permitted. The word "when" and "where" establish the regulatory limitation and any prohibitory clauses that could be applied to when and where the evening activities for Close B Custody inmates can occur. Superior Court committed error by not addressing this component of Petitioners' contention. By not addressing this component of the contention, the Superior Court failed to address the merits of Petitioners' contention on this point.

Concerning Contention VII - Petitioners presented in Contention VII that Respondents have violated departmental policy by having a subordinate respond to the actions of a superior official. In its order denying the Petition, the Superior Court attempted to render this issue moot by indicating that the Petitioners had failed to show prejudice because the appeal was ultimately reviewed at the highest level of review. This contention is again germane to the central issue of the contention that respondents have a duty to follow administrative rules and regulations. The language of CCR, Title 15 § 3084.5(e) is clear and unambiguous. The regulation contains mandatory terminology requiring full compliance within the department. Allowing CTF to choose when or at what level or to what degree they will comply with a regulation, defies the legislative intent, as well as the procedural and due process protection Petitioners should be afforded in administrative review and request for remedy. The long established concept of "fruit of poisoned tree" impacts Petitioners good faith efforts to utilize a departmentally established process to grieve and seek remedy on the behalf of the general population. If CTF prison officials are allowed to delay and obstruct the review of any issue by

officials' actions, they are demonstrating a deliberate indifference to compliance with departmental rules and regulations, thwarting the very intent that those rules and regulations were founded upon. By failing to address this contention, the Superior Court leaves CTF officials free to continue to ignore any regulations enacted through an appropriate legislative entity, delaying access to appropriate remedy, ignoring the .law and clearly prejudices Petitioners' rights. The Superior Court failed in its responsibility to address the merits of this contention. CONCLUSION

first allowing subordinates to review and attempt to justify superior

For the reasons stated above, Petitioners are entitled to a declaration of their rights and are entitled to the full program assignments and activities for Close B Custody inmates designated by the provisions outlined in CCR, Title 15, § 3377.1(a)(4)(B).

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16	Date: 10/10/07	151 Smore Dotto
17	Date: 10/10/07	Andre Boston, Petitioner Pro-Se
18	Date: 10/10001	David Rucker, Petitioner Pro-Se
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22	Date: 10/10/07	151 Michael A. Compeany
23	(	Michael Comeaux, Petitioner Pro-Se
24	Date: /0//0/07	David Moreno, Petitipner Pro-Se
25	Date: 10/10/07	151
- 1	1	Craig Gerstner, Petitioner Pro-Se

**EXHIBIT A** 

State of California

# California Code of Regulations

# Title 15. Crime Prevention and Corrections



Division 3

# Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Chapter 1

Rules and Regulations of

Adult Operations and Programs

Updated through July 12, 2006

TITLE 15 ·

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

§ 3000

# DIVISION 3. DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

### CHAPTER 1. RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE DIRECTOR OF CORRECTIONS

HISTORY: '.

 Change without regulatory effect repealing preface filed 10-29-90 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 6).

#### Article 1. Behavior

#### 3000. Definitions.

The following are definitions of terms as used in these regulations:

Adverse Witness means a person who has given or will give information against a prisoner or parolee.

Appeal means a formal request for, or the act of requesting, an official change of a decision, action, or policy.

Appeal Form means Inmate/Parolee Appeal Form, CDC Form 602 (Rev. 12/87).

Architectural and Éngineering Services means those services procured outside of the State's Civil Service procedures and which are rendered by an architect or engineer, but may include ancillary services logically or justifiably performed in connection therewith.

Asylum State means the state other than California in which a parolee-at-large is in custody.

Attempted Escape means an unsuccessful effort to breach a secured perimeter or the use of force against a person to attempt access into an unauthorized area. Some progress toward implementing an escape must be made to implement a plan. This includes, but is not limited to the following overt acts: acquiring unauthorized clothing or identification, preparing a hiding place in an unauthorized area, lying in wait for a potential hostage, attempting access to a perimeter that was unsupervised, unlawfully obtaining tools to aid in an escape, manufacturing a likeness of a person in order to substitute for the inmate's presence, or receiving assistance from other conspirators who acted upon an escape plan, e.g. a' plan to escape uncovered from verbal, telephone or mail communication.

Board of Prison Terms (Board) means the state agency which is responsible for the administration of parole for those persons committed to the department under Penal Code section 1168 and those committed under Penal Code section 1170 who also meet the criteria found in Penal Code section 2962.

California Agency Parolee means a person released from department facility to parole supervision in a California community who subsequently is within the custody of any California agency, or subdivision thereof, except the department.

California Agency Prisoner means a prisoner who has been transferred from the custody of the department to the custody of any other California agency or subdivision thereof.

California Concurrent Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence and a sentence of another jurisdiction who is being supervised in a California community pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

Case Conference means a documented conference between a parole agent and his/her supervisor to discuss a parolee's behavior.

Case records file means the file which contains the information concerning an inmate which is compiled by the department pursuant to Penal Code Section 2081.5 and includes such components as the central file, education file, visiting file and parole field file.

Central File (C-File) means a master file maintained by the department containing records regarding each person committed to its jurisdiction.

Central Office Calendar means the calendar which is composed of administrative hearing officers as designated by the deputy director, parole hearings division. They are authorized to make decisions regarding matters reported to the parole hearings division, including the decision to order a hearing scheduled.

Central Office Hearing Coordinator means the parole hearings division employee at headquarters who is responsible for hearing schedules, attorney appointments, and other hearing-related services.

Certification means that a business concern has obtained verification that it meets the definition of disabled veteran business enterprise pursuant to Military and Veterans Code section 999(g) from an agency that has been authorized by law to issue such certification.

Chaplain means an individual duly designated by a religious denomination to discharge specified religious duties, including a native American Indian spiritual leader.

Chronological History means a CDC Form 112 (Rev. 9/83), Chronological History, prepared for each inmate, upon which significant dates and commitment information affecting the inmate are logged.

Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) means the department employee designated at each institution to be that institution's liaison with releasing boards and parole staff.

Concurrent Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence and a sentence of another jurisdiction who is being supervised in a state other than California pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

Conditions of Parole mean the specific conditions under which a prisoner is released to parole supervision.

Confinement to Quarters (CTQ) means an authorized disciplinary hearing action whereby an inmate is restricted to their assigned quarters for a period not to exceed five days for administrative rule violations and ten days for serious rule violations.

Contraband means anything which is not permitted, in excess of the maximum quantity permitted, or received or obtained from an unauthorized source.

Controlled Medication means any drug which is prescribed by a physician and is given to an inmate in controlled dosages.

Controlled Substance means any substance, drug, narcotic, opiate, hallucinogen, depressant, or stimulant as defined by California Health and Safety Code section 11007.

Cooperative Parolee means a person on parole for a California sentence who is under parole supervision in a state other than California pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parole Supervision (Penal Code sections 11175–11179).

Course of conduct means two or more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose.

Criminal Identification and Investigation (CI&I) Report means the report defined by Penal Code section 11105, commonly referred to as "Rap Sheet".

Cumulative Case Summary means the cumulative summary of specific portions of the record maintained by the department regarding each prisoner from reception to discharge.

Department means the department of corrections.

Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores.

Detainer means a written document received from an official representing a district attorney office, court, or correctional or law enforcement agent which indicates that an inmate is wanted by that office and the basis for the detainer.

Determinate Sentencing Law (DSL) Prisoner means a person sentenced to prison under Penal Code section 1170 for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1977.

Direct and Constant Supervision means an inmate shall be monitored and observed by CDC staff, either custody staff or work supervisor as indicated in these regulations, sufficiently to account for the specific whereabouts of the inmate at all times.

Director means the director of the department of corrections.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise means a business concern as defined in Military and Veterans Code section 999(g).

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper means a publication that meets all of the following criteria: (1) has an orientation relating to the disabled veteran business enterprise; (2) is known and utilized by members of the disabled veteran business enterprise community; (3) primarily offers articles, editorials (if any), and advertisements of business opportunities aimed at disabled veteran business enterprises; and (4) is readily available within the geographical area for which the advertisement is placed and for which the services are to be performed.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper and trade paper means a publication that meets all of the criteria of a disabled veteran business enterprise focus paper and all of the criteria of a trade paper.

Disciplinary Detention means a temporary housing status which confines inmates so assigned to designated rooms or cells for prescribed periods of time as punishment for serious rule violations.

Disciplinary Free means without any finding of guilt of a disciplinary infraction filed on a CDC Form 115, Rule Violation Report, classified as either administrative or serious.

Disruptive Group—means any gang, other than a prison gang.

Distribution means the sale or unlawful dispersing, by an inmate or parolee, of any controlled substance; or the solicitation of or conspiring with others in arranging for, the introduction of controlled substances into any institution, camp, contract health facility, or community correctional facility for the purpose of sales or distribution.

Drugs means substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, and as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014. In may also include drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014.5.

Escape History refers to any reliable information or inmate self-admission in the central file to an escape, attempted escape, walkaway, or plan to escape. The available information describing the circumstances of the escape or attempted escape shall be evaluated in determining the level of risk to correctional safety and security posed by the inmate.

Examinee means a person who voluntarily takes a polygraph examination.

Ex-Offender means a person previously convicted of a felony in California or any other state, or convicted of an offense in another state which would have been a felony if committed in California.

Execution Type Murder describes the circumstances or manner of a fatal offense in which the victim is bound, cuffed, gagged, blindfolded, or forced to assume a position from which the victim is unable to resist or flee; the victim is shot at close range; or the manner of death demonstrates that the victim had no opportunity to defend himself or herself nor to flee.

Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation.

Federal Consecutive Prisoner means a California prisoner who is also under sentence of the United States and is confined in a

federal correctional facility, and whose California term shall commence upon completion of the United States' sentence.

Field File means a working file maintained by a parole unit office containing information about a parolee and his/her current parole.

Firm means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, joint venture or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture, landscape architecture, engineering, environmental services, land surveying or construction project management.

Force, as applied to escape or Attempted Escape, refers to physical contact or threat of physical harm against a person to enable or attempt the escape.

Frequent and Direct Supervision means that staff supervision of an inmate shall be sufficient to ensure that the inmate is present within the area permitted.

Friendly Witness means any witness who is not an adverse witness.

Gang means any ongoing formal or informal organization, association or group of three or more persons which has a common name or identifying sign or symbol whose members and/or associates, individually or collectively, engage or have engaged, on behalf of that organization, association or group, in two or more acts which include, planning, organizing threatening, financing, soliciting, or committing unlawful acts or acts of misconduct classified as serious pursuant to section 3315.

General Chrono means a CDC Form 128-B (Rev. 4-74) which is used to document information about inmates and inmate behavior. Such information may include, but is not limited to, documentation of enemies, records of disciplinary or classification matters, pay reductions or inability to satisfactorily perform a job, refusal to comply with grooming standards, removal from a program, records of parole or social service matters.

Goal means a numerically expressed disabled veteran business enterprise objective as set out in Public Contract Code section 10115(c), that awarding departments and contractors are required to make efforts to achieve.

Good Cause means a finding based upon a preponderance of the evidence that there is a factual basis and good reason for the decision made

Good Faith Effort means a concerted effort on the part of a potential contractor to seek out and consider disabled veteranowned and operated business enterprises as potential contractors, and/or subcontractors in order to meet the program participation goals.

Grievance means a complaint about a decision, action, or policy which an inmate, parolee or staff wish to have changed.

Harassment means a willful course of conduct directed at a specific person, group, or entity which seriously alarms, annoys, or terrorizes that person, group, or entity and which serves no legitimate purpose.

Hearing Agent means the parole and community services division employee responsible for application of specific procedures pertaining to the parole revocation hearing process; the primary liaison between the parole and community services division and the releasing authorities in matters and procedures pertaining to the parole revocation hearing process.

Hearing Coordinator means an employee assigned to coordinate the revocation process within an institution or a parole and community services division region.

High Notoriety describes an inmate who must be treated as a significant escape risk due to the unusual level of public panic that his or her escape would likely cause. The risk of public panic is based upon the nature or circumstance of the inmate's crime, the inmate's criminal history, the inmate's behavior in custody, and extensive or prolonged media coverage of the crime beyond the closest large city and its surrounding communities. A High

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- 30. Definitions added for "Chaplain," "Religious Artifact," and "Sweat Lodge" and amendment of Note filed 11-1-93; operative 12-13-93 (Register 93, No. 45).
- 31. Amendment adding "Ex-Offender" filed 11-30-93; operative . 12-30-93 (Register 93, No. 49).
- 32. Certificate of Compliance as to 7-29-93 order transmitted to OAL 11-18-93 and filed 12-31-93 (Register 94, No. 1).
- 33. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-18-93 order transmitted to OAL 2-15-94 and filed 3-16-94 (Register 94, No. 11).
- 34. Amendment of "Inmate", new definition "Serious injury", and amendment of Note filed 5-5-95; operative 6-5-95 (Register 95, No. 18).
- 35. Amendment of "Institution Head" filed 9-13-96 as an emergency; operative 9-13-96. A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-24-97 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 36. Amendment adding definition of "Certification" filed 11-22-96 as an emergency; operative 11-22-96 (Register 96, No. 47). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 5-1-97 pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e) or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 9-13-96 order transmitted to OAL 11-22-96 and filed 1-6-97 (Register 97, No. 2).
- 38. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-22-96 order, including amendment of definition of "Certification," transmitted to OAL 3-20-97 and filed 5-1-97 (Register 97, No. 18).
- 39. Amendment adding definitions of "Lockdown" and "Restricted or controlled inmate movement" filed 10-16-97; operative 11-15-97 (Register 97, No. 42).
- 40. Amendment adding definition of "Program failure" filed 10-16-97 as an emergency; operative 10-16-97 (Register 97, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-25-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Amendment adding definition of "Vexatious Litigant" and amending Note filed 11-12-97 as an emergency; operative 11-12-97 (Register 97, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-13-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Editorial correction of definition of "Vexatious Litigant" and Histories 40 and 41 (Register 98, No. 18).
- 43. Amendment adding definition of "Vexatious Litigant" and amending Note refiled 4-29-98 as an emergency; operative 4-29-98 (Register 98, No. 18). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-6-98 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 44. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-16-97 order, including removal of definition of "Program failure" to section 3062(n), transmitted to OAL 3-23-98 and filed 5-4-98 (Register 98, No. 19).
- 45. Certificate of Compliance as to 4-29-98 order, including further amendment of definition of "Vexatious Litigant" and Note, transmitted to OAL 6-12-98 and filed 7-21-98 (Register 98, No.
- 46. Amendment adding new definitions of "Controlled Medication," "Controlled Substance," "Distribution" and "Laboratory" and amendment of Note filed 8-27-98 as an emergency; operative 8-27-98 (Register 98, No. 35). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-3-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day,
- 47. Amendment filed 11-13-98 as an emergency; operative 11-13-98 (Register 98, No. 46). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-15-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 48. Amendment adding new definitions of "Controlled Medication," "Controlled Substance," "Distribution" and "Laboratory" and amendment of Note refiled 2-3-99 as an emergency; operative 2-3-99 (Register 99, No. 6). Pursuant to Penal Codé section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 7-13-99 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

- 49. Certificate of Compliance as to 11-13-98 order transmitted to OAL 2-10-99 and filed 3-8-99 (Register 99, No. 11).
- 50. Certificate of Compliance as to 2-3-99 order transmitted to OAL 5-12-99 and filed 6-24-99 (Register 99, No. 26).
- 51. Amendment filed 3-27-2000 as an emergency; operative 3-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 13). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-5-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 52. Amendment of definition of "Chronological History" filed 8-28-2000; operative 9-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 35).
- 53. Certificate of Compliance as to 3-27-2000 order transmitted to OAL 9-5-2000; disapproval and order of repeal and deletion reinstating section as it existed prior to emergency amendment by operation of Government Code11346.1(f) filed 10-18-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42).
- 54. Amendment filed 10-19-2000 deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 10-19-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-27-2001 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 55. Amendment adding definition of "General Chrono" filed 11-16-2000; operative 12-16-2000 (Register 2000, No. 46).
- 56. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-19-2000 order, including further amendment of definitions of "Execution Type Murder," "High Notoriety" and "Public Interest Case," transmitted to OAL 3-27-2001 and filed 5-3-2001 (Register 2001; No. 18).
- 57. Amendment of definitions of "Firm" and "Small Business Firm" and amendment of Note filed 7-12-2002; operative 8-11-2002 (Register 2002, No. 28).
- Amendment adding definition of "Street gang" and amendment of Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency; operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 8-27-2002 order transmitted to OAL 1-21-2003 and filed 3-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 10).
- 60. Amendment adding definitions of "Program failure" and "Significant work related disciplinary history" filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 61. Amendment adding definitions of "Program failure" and "Significant work related disciplinary history" refiled 6-17-2004 as an emergency; operative 6-17-2004 (Register 2004, No. 25). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 11-24-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 6-17-2004 order transmitted to OAL 11-16-2004 and filed 12-29-2004 (Register 2004, No. 53).
- 63. New definition of "Religious Review Committee (RRC)" filed 1-17-2006 as an emergency; operative 1-17-2006 (Register 2006, No. 3). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-26-2006 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 64. Amendment of definition of "Program failure" filed 6-9-2006; operative 7-9-2006 (Register 2006, No. 23).
- 65. Certificate of Compliance as to 1-17-2006 order transmitted to OAL 6-22-2006 and filed 7-27-2006 (Register 2006, No. 30).

#### 3000.5. Rules of Construction.

The following rules of construction apply to these regulations, except where otherwise noted:

(a) The enumeration of some criteria for the making of discretionary decisions does not prohibit the application of other criteria reasonably related to the decision being made.

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- (b) The order in which criteria are listed does not indicate their relative weight or importance.
- (c) "Shall" is mandatory, "should" is advisory, and "may" is permissive.
  - (d) The past, present, or future tense includes the others.
- (e) The masculine gender includes the feminine gender; the singular includes the plural.
- (f) The time limits specified in these regulations do not create a right to have the specified action taken within the time limits. The time limits are directory, and the failure to meet them does not preclude taking the specified action beyond the time limits.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058 and Stats. 1992, ch. 695, sec. 45. Reference: Sections 3000 and 5054, Penal Code.

1. New section filed 9-3-93; operative 9-3-93 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 93, No. 36).

#### 3001. Subject to Regulations.

Regardless of commitment circumstances, every person confined or residing in facilities of the department is subject to the rules and regulations of the director, and to the procedures established by the warden, superintendent, or parole region administrator responsible for the operation of that facility. Persons on parole or civil addict outpatient status are subject to such director's rules, regulations and parole region procedures as may be applicable to such persons.

#### 3001.5. Assignment to Caseworker.

Upon reception at a facility, each inmate shall be assigned a caseworker.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 5054 and 5068, Penal Code.

#### HISTORY:

1. New section filed 10-15-92; operative 11-16-92 (Register 92, No. 42).

#### 3002. Notice of Program, Behavioral, and Participation Expectations.

- (a) Within 14 days of reception by the Department of Corrections or upon return to confinement in a departmental institution or facility, every inmate or parolee shall be issued a copy of the Rules and Regulations of the Director of Corrections and copies of all rule changes that have occurred since the last complete reprinting and reissue of the rules and regulations. Each inmate and parolee shall sign a receipt for the rules. The receipt shall be filed as a permanent record in the inmate's central file. In addition:
- (1) Spanish language copies of the rules and regulations of the director shall be maintained at each reception center, institution and facility where inmates are confined. Notice shall be given in Spanish that a Spanish version of the rules is available for inspection. These rules shall be made available for review by Spanish speaking inmates who cannot read English.
- (2) Within 14 days of transfer to another departmental institution or facility, the new arrival shall be given a written summary of local procedures governing the conduct and activities of inmates confined at that location and a summary of the range of work and training programs offered by and available at that institution or facility. The summary or summaries shall also include: procedures governing mail and visiting, the inmate's right to appeal and appeal procedures, the facility's basic daily schedule, and where and how additional procedural information of interest may be obtained. New arrivals shall also be given verbal staff instructions regarding the procedures.

Staff instructions shall also be given to newly received inmates regarding the possibility of receiving a one-third reduction of their sentence or minimum eligible parole date for refraining from acts or activities of misbehavior and by participating in assigned work and program, activities.

- (b) During regularly scheduled institution and reception center inmate orientation sessions each inmate or parolee shall be advised of the following:
- (1) The ability to earn credits by participating in assigned work and program activities; and,
  - (2) The availability of work and program activities; and,
- (3) The possible loss of credits resulting from acts or activities of misbehavior; and,
- (4) The availability of and procedures for access to health care including daily sick call procedures.
- (5) Reception centers shall incorporate the inmate's acknowledgement of the receipt of the summary of reception center work and program activities in the same form used as a receipt for issue of the rules and regulations to the inmate.
- (6) When inmates are placed in specialized housing with specialized or limited program options and opportunities to participate, the initial classification committee shall explain the options and opportunities available to the inmate within that specialized unit. A copy of the committee's chrono reflecting the discussion shall be given to the inmate and a copy placed in the inmate's central file.
- (7) The facility location where Board of Prison Terms' Rules may be reviewed by the inmate.
  - (8) Available institution social services.
- (c) The issuance of rules and regulations and program information, summaries, and the inmate's receipt for same is required in order to comply with Sections 2080 and 2930 of the Penal Code. An inmate's refusal to sign a receipt for the issue of rules and regulations, work and program summaries, or work and program agreements or understandings, shall be noted by staff, and the receipt shall be filed in the inmate's central file. Refusal or failure to acknowledge the receipt of information shall not relieve the inmate from any responsibility to behave and participate as expected nor from the consequence for misbehavior or refusal or failure to participate.
- (d) Each institution and reception center shall provide a means of advising inmates who cannot read English of the expectations contained in this section. The provisions shall include communication of the expectations to those inmates who also have impaired

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2080, 2930, 2931 and 5054, Penal Code.

- 1. Amendment filed 2-24-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 9).
- Amendment filed 5-13-77; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 77, No. 20).
- 3. Amendment filed 5-4-83; designated effective 6-1-83 pursuant to Government Code section 11346.2(d) (Register 83, No. 19)
- Amendment of subsections (a), (b) and new subsection (d) filed 2-8-88; operative 3-9-88 (Register 88, No. 7).
- 5. Editorial correction of printing errors in subsections (a)(1) and (b)(3) (Register 92, No. 5).
- 6. New subsections (b)(7)-(8) filed 10-15-92; operative 11-16-92 (Register 92, No. 42).

#### 3003. Threats Against Public Officials.

Any inmate away from a secure perimeter facility or parolee who makes a written or verbal threat against the life of any official specified in Penal Code section 76 with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat shall immediately be placed in custody at a jail or secure perimeter facility pending disposition of the charges.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 76, 3056, 5054, and 6253, Penal Code.

1. New section filed 10-18-93; operative 11-17-93 (Register 93, No. 43). For prior history, see Register 89, No. 41.

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- 10. Amendment of section heading, first paragraph and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency, operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 8-27-2002 order transmitted to OAL 1-21-2003 and filed 3-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 10).

#### 3377.1. Inmate Custody Designations.

(a) Designation of a degree of an inmate's custody shall be reasonably related to legitimate penological interests. The CDC uses the following inmate custody to establish where an inmate shall be housed and assigned, and the level of staff supervision to ensure institutional security and public safety:

Maximum Custody,

Close A Custody,

Close B Custody,

Medium A Custody,

Medium B Custody,

Minimum A Custody,

Minimum B Custody,

- (1) Maximum Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells in an approved segregated program housing unit as described in CCR Section 3335 and CCR subsections 3341.5(b) and 3341.5(c).
- (B) Assignments and activities shall be within the confines of the approved segregated program housing unit.
- (C) An inmate designated as Maximum Custody shall be under the direct supervision and control of custody staff.
  - (2) Close A Custody Male Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells within Level III and Level IV facilities in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter.
- (B) Close A Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter. Bases' for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting. Close A Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the work change area.
- (C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody male inmates shall be counted at noon each day.
  - (3) Close A Custody Female Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory.
- (B) Close A Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter and the work change area. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting.
- (C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody female inmates shall be counted at noon each day.
  - (4) Close B Custody Male Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter.
- (B) Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II,

Level III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

- (C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates' assigned work hours.
- (D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - (5) Close B Custody Female Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory located within an established facility security perimeter.
- (B) Close B Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, in designated Level II, Level III and Level IV institutions.

Close B Custody female inmates may participate in work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody female inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

- (C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates' assigned work hours.
- (D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - (6) Medium A Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignment and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter.
  - (C) Supervision shall be frequent and direct.
  - (7) Medium B Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignments and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter. Inmates may be given daytime assignments outside the facility security perimeter but must remain on facility grounds.
- (C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision inside the facility security perimeter. Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision outside the facility security perimeter.
  - (8) Minimum A Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignments and activities may be inside or outside the facility security perimeter.
- (C) Staff supervision shall consist of at least hourly observation if assigned outside the facility security perimeter. Sufficient staff supervision of the inmate shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present if assigned inside the facility security perimeter.
  - (9) Minimum B Custody.
- (A) Housing may be in cells or dormitories on facility grounds, in a camp, in a Minimum Support Facility (MSF) or in a community based facility such as a Community Correctional Facility.
- (B) Assignments and activities include eligibility for work or program assignments located either on or off institutional grounds.

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**EXHIBIT B** 



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

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#### **INITIAL SCREENING OF NEW ARRIVALS:**

Upon arrival at the Correctional Training Facility (CTF), an inmate shall be screened for an appropriate housing assignment. A staff member at the level of Correctional Lieutenant or above is designated as the Screening Authority. In rare cases where a Correctional Lieutenant is unavailable, a Correctional Sergeant trained in Tri-Plex screening may be designated as the alternate Screening Authority. During initial screening of new arrivals, the Screening Authority shall check the CDC 840 for endorsement, CDC 812 and 812C for documented enemies at CTF prior to approving release to the general population. The Screening Authority shall also thoroughly review the central file or available documentation, interview the inmate, and complete a CTF Form 128-B Triplex Housing Review [Attachment #A], making the necessary distribution of the form.

During initial screening, reviewing staff are responsible for evaluating each inmate on a case-by-case basis for either dormitory or celled housing. A CDC 1882 Form [Attachment # B] (Initial Housing Review) shall be completed for each inmate. In the event that double celling in Administrative Segregation (Ad/Seg) is required, staff shall complete a CDC 1882-B Form [Attachment # C] (Ad/Seg Unit/Security Housing Unit Double Cell Review). Based on the available information and the interview with the inmate, the Screening Authority shall determine if the inmate is suitable for cell housing with or without special restrictions. Restrictions are any case factors which may limit the inmate's placement options at the institution. Such as gang affiliation, health or psychiatric concerns, disciplinary behavior, nature of commitment offense, age, social factors, etc.

Upon completion of the review, the Screening Authority will complete the CTF Housing chrono 128-B, identifying the inmate to be eligible for Single or Double-Cell assignment.

#### **DOUBLE-CELLING:**

It is the expectation of the Department that inmates will double-cell and accept housing assignments as directed by staff.

Precluding factors to double-celling an inmate would be, but are not limited to, the following factors:

- History of predatory and/or repeated in-cell attempts to physically or sexually abuse another inmate.
- A significant background of fights/violence toward previous cell partners, a single act of mutual combat does not warrant single cell status.
- The inmate may be extremely vulnerable due to his limited physical stature or degree of mental illness.
- A history of sexual assaultive behavior toward other inmates.
- Inmate has an "S" suffix.
- If the inmate's affiliation with any prison gang/disruptive group would conflict with his potential cell partner.
- If the inmate's religious beliefs conflict with his potential cell partner's beliefs.
- If the inmate has current or prior victimization concerns (Developmentally Disabled Program, etc.).
- If the inmate has expressed fear in being double-celled during interview or committee reviews.





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#### SINGLE CELLING:

Inmates who have been identified as requiring single-celling will not be double-celled without the removal of the "S" suffix by a classification committee. However, the absence of an "S" suffix does not automatically qualify an inmate for double-cell placement.

The level of staff member authorized to temporarily approve single cell assignment shall be at the level of Correctional Lieutenant, Correctional Counselor II, or above.

If the Screening Authority determines a need for single cell housing, in addition to circling Single Cell on the CTF Housing Review Form, a CDC 1882 Form shall be initiated to reflect the same. The CCII or Lieutenant conducting the Housing Review will sign this form as the Screening Authority and the Watch Commander will sign as the Approving Authority. The inmate shall then be housed in CTF-Central X-Wing or other appropriate housing on Single Cell status pending Initial Unit Classification Committee (UCC) review.

- During the initial screening process by the CTF Housing Review committee, staff shall insure inmates
  who are identified to have a history of in-cell sexual abuse, assaultive behavior towards a cell partner
  or dormitory partner will be placed temporarily on single cell status. During the inmate's initial
  review by UCC per CCR # 3377.1(c), UCC shall decide, if appropriate, to affix an "S" suffix to the
  inmate's custody designation.
- Verification that an inmate is or has been predatory towards a cell partner, has a history of in-cell sexual abuse, is or has been assaultive towards a cell partner, or demonstrates any significant in-cell violence against a cell partner shall require referral to a classification committee for review and determination of Single Cell Status. Upon determination that an inmate warrants Single Cell Status, the "S" Suffix shall be affixed to the inmate's custody determination and appropriately documented.

#### **HOUSING INMATES UNDER 18:**

It is not CDCR policy to house inmate's seventeen (17) years of age or younger at an adult facility. However, if it is determined that newly received inmate is under seventeen years of age, the inmate shall be housed with another inmate under seventeen (17) years old, or placed on single cell status. The C&PR's office shall be notified immediately and arrangement made to transfer the inmate an appropriate youth facility.

#### **CLASSIFICATION REVIEW:**

All staff involved in the review and approval of an inmate's housing placement must be cognizant of all factors that should be considered prior to making the determination to double-cell.

It remains the responsibility of the classification committee to use correctional experience and correctional awareness to make every effort to ensure the safety of inmates and staff prior to approving an inmate for double-cell housing. Any discussion during committee regarding celling status should be



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included in the CDC Form 128G. Prior to referral for transfer, placement consideration or DRB, the UCC or ICC shall determine the inmate's need for continued Single Cell Status. A classification committee's decision regarding housing status reevaluations shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-G, Classification Committee Chrono. Each classification chrono written (for the purpose of Initial Classification, Annual Review or for CSR action) shall state committee reviewed the inmate's central file for Double Cell Housing eligibility. He (either does or does not) require Single Cell Housing.

This decision is based upon the inmate (either having or not having) a history of predatory assaultive behavior towards a cell partner. This inmate also (either has or does not have) a history of having been assaulted by previous cell partners. The inmate is satisfied with his current cell partner: (either Yes/No or N/A). Committee elects to (either approve or continue), (either Double Cell or Single Cell) status.

#### INITIAL CLASSIFICATION:

The Unit Correctional Counselor II (CCII) has overall responsibility for the inmate classification process. Each Correctional Counselor is tasked with reviewing the Daily Movement Sheet (DMS) and scheduling their assigned inmates for initial classification within 14 days of reception. Newly arrived inmates will be placed on Orientation Status (ORI) pending initial classification review.

#### ARMSTRONG vs. WILSON:

The court ordered Remedial Plan of Armstrong vs. Wilson requires Initial Classification Committees to adjust the Work Group of DPP inmates spending in excess of sixty (60) days at the Reception Center (RC), for no disciplinary reasons (no fault of inmate). The 61<sup>st</sup> day will be utilized as the effective date of placement on a waiting list. If the inmate's stay at the RC exceeds the waiting period on the waiting list, the inmate will be placed in work group A1 effective the date of Initial Classification and granted "S" time until assigned. The type of disability and the tracking code (DPW, DPM, DPH, SPS, or DPV) will be noted in the CDC-128-G.

#### **CLOSE B CUSTODY:**

Close B Custody will be established by classification committee for inmates that meet the criteria of Section CCR # 3377.2 (Criteria for Assignment of Close Custody):

Central Facility Level  $\Pi$  inmates designated as Close B Custody shall be housed in E-Wing and/or D-Wing. C-Wing has been designated for the overflow.

North Facility Level III inmates designated as Close B Custody shall be housed in Rainer Hall on the "A" Side then the "B" Side. Shasta Hall "A" Side has been designated for the overflow.

#### **CLOSE CUSTODY PROGRAM/WORK ASSIGNMENTS:**

#### Central Facility:

Close B Custody, Level II, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility security perimeter (West Gate to East Gate). Close B



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Reference:

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Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

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Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

No Close Custody Inmates will be assigned to the Culinary with access to the Loading Dock, Laundry/Clothing Room, Lower East Corridor, or areas outside the East Gate.

#### North Facility:

Close B Custody, Level III, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments, and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within North Facility security perimeter to include North Chapel and Education. The North Patio, Visiting Room and areas behind the halls are not authorized for Close B Custody, Level III inmate assignments (with the exception of Inmate Visiting). Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

No Close Custody Inmates will be assigned to the North Vocations area, Culinary Back Dock area, North Visiting, North Administration Crew areas, North Patio, or any assignment that does not allow direct and constant supervision.

#### MINIMUM CUSTODY:

Unit Classification Committees may assign Minimum A and/or Minimum B custody to inmates that satisfy the Minimum Support Facility Criteria as outlined in the Violent Felonies and Minimum Custody Eligibility memorandum dated January 6, 2006.

MIN A and MIN B custody is not to be considered as automatic criteria for work assignments outside of the fenced security areas. All assignments that require an outside gate clearance must be referred to ICC for review and approval.

#### **MEDIUM CUSTODY:**

Medium B and Medium A custody may be assigned at the discretion of Unit Classification Committees. All assignments that require an outside gate clearance must be referred to ICC for gate clearance review and approval.

#### MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DELIVERY SYSTEM (MHSDS) LEVEL-OF-CARE (LOC)

The Correctional Counselor I (CCI) shall continue to prepare and submit to the Classification Staff Representative (CSR) the initial request to place an inmate into any Mental Health Services Delivery System (MHSDS) Level-of Care (LOC). Subsequent to the initial CSR endorsement, the Classification



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

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and Parole Representative (C&PR) will do MHSDS LOC endorsement changes within an institution if the institution is authorized to provide the required LOC.

#### SOUTH FACILITY WORK ASSIGNMENTS:

- 1) Once an inmate is cleared for an outside assignment he should be reviewed for the lowest custody possible MIN B and ORWD.
  - a) If an inmate is cleared for assignment to the firehouse, the case will be recommended and referred to the Warden for Firehouse live-in status.
  - b) Inmates who are assigned to the Firehouse are subject to being directed by Firehouse staff via the 9-1-1 dispatcher to respond to local communities or freeway emergencies (per local Mutual Aid Agreement).
- 2) The next consideration would be for MIN B, ORWD custody. This custody qualifies an inmate for assignment to the Community Service Crew.
  - a) These inmates are under constant supervision by custody staff however they are directly in the public eye. They work in all local communities doing painting, tree trimming, weeding, etc. They work in parks, streets, alleyways, schoolyards. (Normally while schools are not in session). They also are assigned to help at local community activities such as air shows, fairs, music concerts, and raceways. (Pre and post setups)
- 3) Next consideration should be job skill level, which would normally be maintenance type work such as, Auto Mechanic, Carpenter, Plumber, Electrician, Painter, Groundskeeper, Equipment Operator, Heavy Equipment Operator, Welder, Sheet Metal Worker, and Sewage Plant. Any of these areas would also qualify for IDL (Inmate Day Labor) assignment. Snack Bar workers should be considered in this action such as short order cook. These areas may have less supervision by non-custody staff.
- 4) Next consideration should be all office areas: In-Service Training (IST), Warehouse, Personnel Assignment Lieutenant, Procurement Office, Entrance Buildings, North Administration Building, Family Visiting, Plant Operation and Garage. They all need clerical skilled inmates as well as inmate porters. These areas may have less supervision by custody and non-custody staff.
- 5) Next consideration would be Recycling Center or a Central Yard Canteen Worker. These inmates are not under direct supervision; however they are in controlled area with a security fence around them. Recycling Center supervised by two custody staff and one non-custody staff.
- 6) Next consideration would be Utility Work Crews. Custody staff directly supervises these inmates. The inmate may have MIN B custody; however, committee may require an observation/monitoring period from 30 days up to 6 months before giving consideration. This action could be for a number of reasons (e.g.: not enough information in his C-file history, too much time to serve, attitude, or simply, that the committee is not comfortable in a less supervised assignment).

Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW

# CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34

Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

NORTH/SOUTH

7) Next consideration would be MED B Crews. These inmates may have a MIN B or MED B custody. These crews are also directly supervised by custody staff. Inmates would be assigned for 6 months to one year before they are returned to ICC for proper placement of assignment if they have a good work report.

The following assignments are prioritized suggestions; however, the Manpower Needs Report should be reviewed.

<u>AREA</u> <u>SUPERVISION</u>

Firehouse:

12 inmates assigned to Firehouse (Live-In status)

Fire Chief/Fire Captain

Community Service Crew: (2 Crews) Custody

Maintenance:

Sewage Plant
Carpenters
Non-Custody
Corporation Yard
Non-Custody
Electrician
Non-Custody
Painter
Non-Custody
Plumber
Non-Custody
Garage
Non-Custody

Groundskeeper (3 Crews) Non-Custody
Plant Operation Non-Custody

IDL (Inmate Day Labor): Custody and Non-Custody

Snack Bar:Non-CustodyWarehouse:Non-CustodyCanteen Warehouse:Non-CustodyCentral Yard Canteen:Non-Custody

Personnel Assignment Lieutenant: Custody and Non-Custody

Procurement Office (Clerk): Non-Custody
Family Visiting Porters: Custody

IST (Porters/Clerks): Custody and Non-Custody

Central Entrance Building (Porters):

South Entrance Building (Porters):

Custody

Custody

North Administration Building (Porters/Shoeshine):

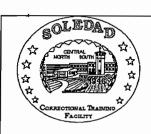
Non-Custody

Recycling Center: (2 Crews) Custody/Non-Custody

Utility Work Crew: (5 Crews) Custody

#### WORK CREW SERGEANT:

To facilitate a job change off a work crew, the Work Crew Sergeant will present a Work Change Application (CDC 132 Form) and Work Supervisor Report (CDC 101 Form) with recommendations to the Unit VII, CC II. If no further committee (ICC) action is required, the CC II will initiate and forward the



**Subject:** ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

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NORTH/SOUTH

request to the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant. In cases where additional ICC review and approval is required, the Unit VII CC II will schedule the inmate for committee as soon as practical.

#### INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION AUDIT TEAM

The Audit team will consist of:

- C&PR (Chairperson)
- Assistant C&PR (Member)
- Inmate Appeals Coordinator (Member)

The primary function of this team is to review the classification process at CTF to ensure compliance with the mandates and guidelines of the D.O.M. and Director's rules. The audit team will submit an annual report to the Chief Deputy Warden regarding their respective facilities.

AREAS TO AUDIT: (Will include but are not limited to)

Inmate Classification Scoring System

Initial and Annual Classification Committees

CCI Unit Caseload Tracking Procedure Methods

Caseload Management

Recordkeeping

Reports

Education / Work Programs

Confidential Information

Parole Procedures to include the CCRC Process

A. P. KANE

Warden (A)

Correctional Training Facility

April 3, 2006

NAME & N	UMBER	Test, Page	A00000		CDC-128B
			CLOSE CUSTODY. USTODY include the fo	The review indicated subject □ May bllowing:	☐ May Not require CLOSE
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		ot with force from SE + 2 years CLC		lity/law enforcement agency/armed es	cort within five years of return to
☐ Prior Escap	e or attempt			acility or armed escort within five year	s [exclude minimum walk away] 5
☐ Involvement ☐ Active Feld ☐ CLOSE A ( ☐ Murder of I ☐ Murder of i ☐ Guilty of R ☐ trafficking - ☐ Former gan ☐ Other docur ☐ Subject doc	at in docume ony Holds v depending o Non-Inmate nmate in cu VR (A1/A2 - minimum g member ( nented secures not require	ented plot/plan to which may result in possible sentence while in custody-stody within the let or needs furth of 2 years CLOSI Drop Out) 1 year	in serving a considerate and remainder of time total term at CLOSE A ast 6 years – CLOSE A er Classification Commander B before being eligible CLOSE B before being	erimeter facility within two years – 2 y ble amount of additional time after se at CLOSE B or until hold Dropped/F after SHU term, not eligible for CLOS first 6 years after SHU + 4 years CLO nittee review due to a demonstrated ple for custody reduction.	rving current term — 1 to 5 years Resolved. BE B. SE B. attern of violence/escape/narcotic
☐ Single Cell	Status.				ORTH  SOUTH
				APPROVED FOR: GY olacement as indicated above. Subject wa ould remain on RTQ-Orientation pending	s advised he would be moved to his
		rwarded to C&P on required and	R). noted per 1845.	Yes D No	
				Chairpe	erson
Original: C-Fi					

DATE:

CTF TRIPLEX HOUSING REVIEW

CTF-1444 (Rev. 5-04)

**GENERAL CHRONO** 

### ATTACHMENT A

CDC 1882

### INITIAL HOUSING REVIEW

Name of Inmate		CDC Number	Institution
The above inmate has h	peen screened prior to assigned h	ousing An inmate interview	w and available documents indicate the
following:	seem sereemen prior to assigned in	ioasing. I'm minare intervie	manato me
Ethnicity	Date of Birth	Place of Birth	County of Commitment
CSR Endorsement	Sending Jail/Institution	Previous Housing Status (xxxxxx)	Release Date/Type
Enemies		Gang/Disruptive Group Affiliation	· ·
Health Concerns		Other Special Concerns	
History of In-Cell Assaults		History of Aggression Towards Oth	ner Inmates
Other Information/Commen	ts		
Inmate's Remarks		<del></del>	
☐ There are place following documents		uire single cell assignment.	These concerns are based upon the
SCREENING AUTH	IORITY	Signature: Printed Name: Title:	
APPROVING AUTI Single cell status is:	HORITY  Not Applicable approved disapproved	Printed Name:	
DATE:		<u> </u>	

DISTRIBUTION: C-File (original) Housing Assignment Authority Facility Captain Inmate

### ATTACHMENT B

12-11

CDC 1882B

### ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION UNIT DOUBLE CELL REVIEW

Name of Inmate	CDC Number	Housing				
Name of Inmate	CDC Number	Housing				
The above-listed inmates are being pr	ocessed for occupancy of the san	ne cell.				
1. The request is being initiated per:						
	ent by staff e inmates to be assigned to the same ates to be assigned to the same ce					
2. During the interview with:	·					
Staff Witnesses' Printed Nam	e Title	Signature				
☐ Both inmates stated agreemen	t to the cell assignment and signed belo	w to indicate compatibility.				
Signature of Inmate:		Date:				
Signature of Inmate:	<u>.</u>	Date:				
☐ Both inmates stated agreemen☐ One or both inmates refused the	t, but one or both refused to sign the ach	knowledgement of compatibility.				
<ol><li>After a review of the inmate's stat been determined that:</li></ol>	ements and the case factors in ea	ch inmate's Central File it has				
☐ There IS information that leads	able to indicate that the inmates are incost to the belief that the assignment of the logical interests, or may threaten institu	se two inmates to the same cell is				
4. Based on this evaluation, the doub	le cell occupancy request is:					
☐ APPROVED ☐ DISAPRROVED						
	APPROVING AUTHORIT	${f v}$				
Printed Name 12 5 of Stiffe 1	Date -	Signature .				

DISTRIBUTION: C-File Facility Captain Correctional Counselor I Inmate

### ATTACHMENT C

	Case 3:08-cv-0149	7-JSW	Document 1-2	Filed 03/18	/2008 Pa	age 44 of 104
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wing review was a detection of the control of the c	view of your Central I advised he would be a F-Central/North he w	File this moved to rould ren	date, you are app his assigned house nain on Orientation	roved for place sing as soon as on pending Unit	ment as inc possible, a classificati	licated above. Id if on.
Reviewing Par	nel		App	croved: DOUBL	E/SINGLE	CETT ,
				. :	Chairperso	n ·
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ATE		CTF TR	IPLEX HOUSING R	EVIEW		GENERAL CHRONO
AME and NU	JMBER					ATTACHMENT A  CDC-128-B (Rev. 3/93)  CTF-774 (Rev. 3/93)
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ibject was adv	w of your Central File rised he would be mo Central/North he wou	ved to his	s assigned housing	g as soon as po	ssible, and	if .
viewing Panel			Approv	red: DOUBLE/	SINGLE CE	LL
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	***************************************	CTF TRIP	LEX HOUSING RE	VIEW		GENERAL CHRONO
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Attachment D

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ABLE TO COMPREHEND ISSUES? FREE OF MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DEL		STEM NEEDS? YES				Disciplinary reaso Ative employee ass		☐ YES	□ NO	
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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

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INMATE SEGREGATION RECORD CDC 114-A (Rev 9/98)

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		CHLL -NSPECTION	EXERCISE	OWERS	SUPPLIES	LINEN	BREAKFAST	C H	DINNER	TRASH DISPOSAL	RECORD OF DAILY ACTIVITY  INSTRUCTIONS:  In order to document Segregated Housing Conditions, Unit Staff must record all servi segregated inmates and all significant activity (e.g., classification reviews). Maintain a  1. CELL INSPECTION - A weekly inspection must be completed and recorded properly maintained by the inmates.  2. EXERCISE - A record must be maintained on exercise offered and received to the opportunity to exercise a minimum of ten (10) hours per week. Exerdisciplinary offenses. Record refusals.  3. SHOWERS - Inmates must be allowed to shower three (3) times each week. Resulph Supplies and personal hygiene supplies shall be offered on a week provided on an as-needed basis. Record what was provided.  5. CLOTHING, LINEN - Clothing will be issued upon assignment and exchanged every other week. Towels, sheets, and pillow cases will be laundered not less that Blankets shall be cleaned at least once every six (6) months. Record all exchanges of the shall be cleaned at least once every six (6) months. Record all exchanges are supplied to the shall be cleaned at least once every six (6) months. Record all exchanges are supplied to the shall be cleaned at least once every six (6) months. Record all exchanges are supplied to the supplied	record of the following: to ensure the cells are being to ensure each immate is given being and be suspended for cord all showers or refusal kly basis to all immates and and laundered not less than once every two (2) week ges.
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  Q. CONFINED TO QUARTERS / PENDING DISCIPLINARY
  L. LINEN EXCHANGED

  B. BLANKETS EXCHANGED

  R. REFUSED ...

  N. NO YARD PENDING ICC / REVIEW
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### CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY **OPERATIONS** PROCEDURE #35

Subject: RECEPTION OF DISABILITY PLACEMENT PROGRAM

Reference:

DOM 62050

Revision Due Date: OCTOBER 2003

Responsibility: CHIEF MEDICAL

**OFFICER** 

The Correctional Training Facility (CTF) is not designated as a Disability Placement Program (DPP) facility. However, in the event that a DPP inmate(s) is transferred to CTF and/or identified living within existing population, staff shall comply with the following procedure.

### **Disability Placement Purpose:**

The purpose and objective of the Disability Placement Program (DPP) Procedure at CTF is to define and outline administrative procedures to provide for the reception, identification, tracking, housing, program, classification and security needs of DPP inmates. The DPP is a Departmental Program designed to provide appropriate housing and programming for inmates with the following disabilities:

Inmate Requires Special Placement at A Designated DPP Facility

Inmate Does Not Require Special Placement and May be Placed at Any Facility According To Case Factors

DPW - Wheelchair User

DPM – Mobility Impaired

DPH -- Hearing Impaired

DPV - Vision Impaired

DPS - Speech Impaired

DPO - Other

DNM – Mobility Impaired DNH - Hearing Impaired DNV -- Vision Impaired

DNS – Speech Impaired

### Responsibility:

Warden has the ultimate responsibility for the implementation and operation of this procedure.

Health Care Manager (HCM) will exercise administrative responsibility for the medical issues.

Associate Warden-Classification & Programs, will exercise administrative responsibility for the custody/counseling issues.

Facility Captains will maintain functional responsibility.

### Classification & Parole Representative:

C&PR is responsible for ensuring completion of Section "E" of the CDC 1845.

Maintaining an accurate count and tracking of all DPP inmates.

Referring cases to respective unit counseling staff of all inmates verified to have a disability in Section "C" of the CDC Form 1845 (requiring special placement in a designated DPP facility) for referral to a Classification Staff Representative (CSR) for review and endorsement.

To ensure that the classification process and subsequent transfer is expedited.



### CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34

Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

NORTH/SOUTH

### **ADDENDUM**

### ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY /SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

### SOUTH FACILITY WORK ASSIGNMENTS (PAGES 5,6,7)

1) Once an inmate is cleared for an outside assignment, he should be reviewed for the lowest custody possible MIN B and ORWD.

#### **READS:**

a) If an inmate is cleared for assignment to the firehouse, the case will be recommended and referred to the Warden for Firehouse live-in status.

### SHOULD READ:

a) If an inmate is cleared for assignment to the firehouse, the case will be recommended and referred to the Chief Deputy Warden, North/South Facilities.

#### **READS:**

7) Next consideration would be MED B crews. These inmates may have a MIN B or MED B custody. These crews are also directly supervised by custody staff. Inmates would be assigned for 6 months to one year before they are returned to ICC for proper placement of assignment if they have a good work report.

### SHOULD READ: (DELETE SECTION)

#### **READS:**

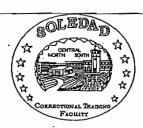
### WORK CREW SERGEANT:

To facilitate a job change off a work crew, the Work Crew Sergeant will present a Work Change Application (CDC-132 Form) and Work Supervisor Report (CDC-101Form) with recommendations to the Unit VII, CCII. If no further committee (ICC) action is required, the CCII will initiate and forward the request to the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant. In cases where additional ICC review and approval is required, the Unit VII CCII will schedule the inmate for committee as soon as practical.

### SHOULD READ:

#### WORK CREW SERGEANT:

To facilitate a job change off a work crew, the Work Crew Sergeant will present a Work Change Application (CDC-132 Form) and Work Supervisor Report (CDC-101 Form) with recommendations to the Unit VII, CCII. If no further committee (ICC) action is required, the



TRECTIONAL
TRAINING FACILITY
OPERATIONS
PROCEDURE
#34

Subject: ICC & CC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

NORTH/SOUTH

(Continued)

CCII will initiate and forward the request to the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant. In cases where additional ICC review and approval is required, the Unit VII CCII will schedule the inmate for committee as soon as practical. All ORWD referrals will be forwarded to the Chief Deputy Warden North/South Facility for review/approval.

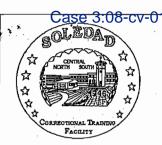
Ben Curry

Warden (A)

**Correctional Training Facility** 

June 21, 2006

### **EXHIBIT C**



## TR.\_\_NING FACILITY

# OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

#40

Subject: CEN L UNLOCKS & YARD

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

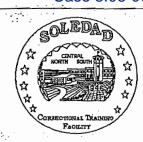
The Correctional Captain is responsible for ensuring compliance with this procedure. The Program Lieutenants are responsible for ensuring that all personnel comply with the schedules set forth in this procedure in their specific area of responsibility.

### **METHODS:**

- 1. First Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:
  - When the First Watch Wing Officers assume their post, all inmates residing in the wing must be secured in their respective cells. The securing of a wing is accomplished by the Third Watch Wing Officers prior to the 2130 count and is done in the following manner:
  - All inmates will be secured in their assigned cells. All cell doors will be secured by keying the cell door Folger-Adams locking device in the locked position.
  - The bar-locking device will be placed in the deadlock position.
  - Upon reporting to their assigned wing, the officers will make a visual inspection of the wing. This inspection is to make sure that all cells are secured and locked by the Folger-Adams locking device. Further inspection will assure the locking device is in the deadlock position. A visual check will be made of the wing to ensure that all common areas are secured. Additionally, the security check is to ascertain that no inmates are injured, (i.e., suicide, cell-fights, etc...).

### A. Emergency Unlocks:

- An emergency unlock is considered to be an unscheduled inmate movement from a cell between the hours of 2200 & 0600 hours, with the exception of the porters & clerks who are regularly assigned night workers. Early worker releases are not considered an emergency unlock.
- Emergency unlocks require the notifying / approval of the Watch Commander. At least two (2) officers and one (1) supervisor should be present on tier if time permits, (i.e. fire, etc.).
- Emergency unlocks shall be accomplished by placing the locking bar in the "KEY" position and then unlocking the cell door of the inmate involved. The S&E Officer with the bar key controls the bar-locking device on the tier and maintains control of the bar locking device key during all unlocks on First Watch. A visual inspection from the cell's door window will precede the opening of the cell door. Examples of Emergency Unlocks are as follows:
  - a. In case of suicide or attempted suicide.
  - b. If an inmate is ill and medical personnel require and/or request that he be moved to the Infirmary.
  - c. If an inmate has placed an obstruction over his cell door window bars and refuses to remove the obstruction.
  - d. If the inmate cannot be counted in his cell, i.e., he cannot be awakened and is not showing skin.
  - e. If the inmate assaults another inmate in the cell.



### RRECTIONAL INING FACILITY

### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CEI AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

and Program Lieutenants

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain

• All emergency unlocks will be accomplished in accordance with the following procedures:

- a. When notified of a need for an emergency unlock, and approval has been granted, the Watch Sergeant will proceed to the wing with the additional staff as outlined in this order and with an S&E Officer who will be in control of the bar key.
- b. Staff with Wing Corridor Entrance Door Key Set must surrender this set to the Staff remaining in the corridor.
- c. On the tier the bar-locking device will be placed in the "KEY" position.
- d. The Wing Officers, supervisor and additional officers will proceed to the cell door. After making a visual inspection of the cell through the cell door window, the cell door will be keyed open, the inmate removed, if necessary, and the cell door locked.
- e. The locking device is to be secured back in the deadlock position, and the bar-locking device key will be returned to Central Control.

### B. Culinary Early Workers Unlocks:

- The Second Watch Culinary Sergeant will submit to Control and the Watch Office every day, a list of inmate(s) who are to be awakened early on the following morning. This will be accomplished prior to 1330 hours daily in the following manner:
  - a. This list will contain the names, numbers, housing and time each inmate is to report to his assignment.
  - b. The Third Watch Culinary Sergeant will ensure that copies of the early wake-up list are correct and routed to the concerned areas.
  - c. The Wing Officer will awaken all inmates housed in the wing whose name appear on the list one half (1/2) hour maximum prior to the scheduled releasing of the inmates or at the discretion of the Wing Officer.
  - d. The overhead tier lights are to be turned on after awakening inmates and prior to releasing inmates in order to maintain visual contact of the inmates and to enhance the safety of the release.
- Culinary unlocks will be conducted in the following manner:
  - a. Two (2) S&E Officers will proceed to the wing. The bar-locking device will be placed on the "KEY" position by the S&E Officer. During releases, the S&E Officer will retain the bar key. The Wing Officer, will proceed to the tiers and conduct the unlock while the Second S&E remains in the wing sallyport providing additional visual coverage of the Wing Officer and inmates being released. The sallyport gate will be locked during releases. As each inmate is released from his cell, he will proceed to the first tier. At the completion of releases for the individual wing, the S&E will unlock the gate, and the inmates will proceed to their work assignments.
  - b. Upon completion of the unlock, the S&E Officer will ensure that the bar locking devises are returned to the deadlock position. The S&E Officer will return the bar keys to Control at the completion of the releases. At no time will the sallyport gate key be taken past the sallyport gate.
  - c. At NO TIME will the bar-locking device be placed in the "OPEN" position to facilitate a Culinary Unlock.

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TRECTIONAL TREATING FACILITY

# OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

#40

Subject: CEN AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS

Reference:

DOM Section 52020.8.11
Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

d. All unlocks will be handled as quietly as possible so as to minimize disturbing other inmates. Kicking on cell doors, banging on the locking devices and other loud noises will not be tolerated.

## 2. Second Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:

- The initial unlock of general population inmates prior to breakfast meal release will be conducted in the following manner:
  - a. A minimum of two (2) Officers will be present on the tier at all times in a wing when all unlocks or lockups are conducted on a routine basis and during major releases, i.e., meals, work/school.
  - b. Immediately upon assuming their post, the 0600 hours Officers assigned to the general population housing wings will conduct a security inspection. This inspection will be conducted with the bar-locking device in the deadlock position. During this inspection the Wing Officers will unlock the Folger-Adams locking devices on the cell doors of all identified a.m. diabetics and early workers at this time period. The remaining cell doors in that wing will have their Folger-Adams locking devices in the locked position. When the a.m. diabetics and early workers are called for they will be released by moving the bar from the deadlock position to the "KEY" position and then back to the deadlock position once the inmates have exited the cell. The bar will be moved to the "KEY" position releasing the a.m. diabetics and early workers. The wing security officer will ensure that only diabetics and early workers (not their cellmates) are released to the morning meal early by utilizing the early workers and diabetics list.
  - c. Prior to the breakfast release, the Wing Officers will unlock the remaining Folger-Adams locking devices, with the exception of CTQ/RTQ inmates. Those inmates housed with a CTQ/RTQ inmate will be released individually after their tier has been released. The Wing Tier Officer will then place the bar-locking devices in the "KEY" position to begin that tier's release, starting with the Third Tier down to the First Tier. The Officer assigned to the front door will place the 1<sup>st</sup> tier bar-locking devices into the "KEY" position for the first tier release.
  - d. Upon completion of each half (B,C,D,E,Y,Z) or tier (F,G) being released, both Tier Officers will be on the tiers to release inmates housed with RTQ/CTQ inmates. Both Officers will conduct security checks to ensure that all inmates have been released safely. The inmates will proceed directly to the dining hall or other approved activity. Under no circumstances will inmates be allowed to loiter on the tiers. The bar will then be moved back to the deadlock position before the release of the tier.
  - e. All inmates will return to their housing units after the morning meal and will remain on the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier, the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells. Upon



## RRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY

### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CEN AL UNLOCKS & YARD'
CARDS

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain
and Program Lieutenants

completion of the 0800 hour work and school release, the tier officers will conduct a 0815 hour yard release. The Tier Officers will lock all Folders-Adams locking devices and complete all hourly unlocks without using the bars. The bars will be utilized for the 1230 work and school call. Upon completion of the 1230 hour work and school release the Tier Officers will lock all Folders-Adams locking devices and complete all hourly unlocks without using the bar.

- f. Bar-Locking devices will not be utilized when conducting hourly unlocks. The bar-locking devices will only be utilized for mass unlocks / releases (0600 a.m. diabetics and early workers release, morning meal release and lock-up, 0800 work, school and yard release and the 1230 work, school and yard release) and emergency releases.
- g. During Yard Release, it will be the duty of the Officer assigned to the I.D. Card Box to collect I.D. Cards of ALL inmates going to the yard. The I.D. Cards will be placed in the box according to the last two (2) digits of the inmate's commitment number.
- h. Those inmates assigned Close Custody Status will have their I.D. Cards placed in the Close Custody Section of the I.D. Card Box. Again, these cards will be organized according to the last two (2) digits of the inmate's commitment number. The purpose of this is to accommodate the scheduled count activity and higher security requirements. I.D. picture boxes will remain locked at all times when not in use.
- i. Periodic clothed body searches of inmates are required of Correctional Personnel during mass movement of inmates in the corridor to control contraband.
- j. The completed yard count will be called into the Center Corridor Officer, (Ext. 4314). When releasing from the yard, the Yard Officer will allow ten (10) inmates at a time through the yard gate. Upon entering the West Gate, the inmates will identify themselves by their last name and the last two (2) digits of their commitment number in order to receive their I.D. Cards from the West Gate Officer. The inmates will then remove all items from their pockets, place them on the table prior to proceeding through the metal detector.
- k. The Yard Fence Gate and the West Corridor Grill Gate shall remain locked between unlocks. The outer security door located at the West Gate will be left unlocked whenever inmates or Officers are on the yard in the event that an emergency arises on the yard. The West Corridor Officer will be responsible for the operation of the West Corridor Gate.
- Special unlocks or releases from the yard will be made to accommodate visits or other needs at the discretion of the Recreation Yard Officer following approved notification of legitimate activity.
- m. Upon determination that an inmate is on the Recreation Yard, the Wing Officer will notify the West Gate Officer (via telephone Extension. #4439) to accommodate visits, interviews or other legitimate activity. The West Gate Officer will check the I.D. Cards under their supervision to determine if the inmate is or is not involved in Recreation Yard Activity. Under these circumstances, if an inmate is on the yard, the Wing Officer will have the inmate's name announced over the Public Address System. Additionally, Tower #4 (telephone Extension #4004) may be contacted, who in turn will notify the Yard Officers to provide assistance in locating inmates for visits or specified legitimate activity.
- n. Yard releases are subject to change at the discretion of the Watch Commander to accommodate other movement or during inclement weather.

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Case 3:08-CV

CONTRAL

MORTH SOUTH TO

CORRECTIONAL TRADRING

FACILITY

TRANING FACILITY

OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

#40

Subject: CEN AL UNLOCKS & YARD CARDS

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

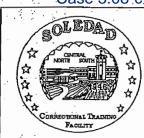
Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain and Program Lieutenants

### A. Unlocks to the Education Department:

- All inmates entering the Education Department will surrender their I.D. cards to the Officer at the door. Inmates without I.D. Cards will not be permitted entry. Inmates who have lost, or have not been issued their I.D. Cards, will not be permitted entry until they have received an I.D. Card.
- The Education Officer will sort the I.D. Cards by individual classes and will retain them until school is released. The Education Officer will return I.D. Cards to student inmates at that time.
- The Education Officer will retain education clerks I.D. Cards until the inmates are released from their assignments.
- Non-student or unassigned inmates with legitimate business in the area may enter the Education Department with a pass/ducat after surrendering their I.D. Cards with the Education Officer at the Entrance Door.

### 3. Third Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:

- Upon reporting to the wings, the 1400-hour Officers will make a security inspection of their unit, ensuring that all RTQ/CTQ inmates are in their assigned cells, not injured, and that all doors are locked. This includes cells, mop rooms, and plumbing chases. The Unit Sergeant will be notified immediately of any discrepancies.
- Yard recall begins promptly at 1500 hours or at the discretion of the Watch Commander. The
  Officers and Unit Sergeant designated for corridor coverage will report to the Corridor
  promptly when the yard announcement is made.
- The Wing will be secured prior to yard recall.
- Yard recall is conducted by wing. At the completion of the wing yard recall, the two (2) Tier Officers will announce lockup. Those inmates requesting to go into their cells will stand by their assigned cell door. The two (2) Tier Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to the First Tier (1 East Side 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells.
- At 1630 hours, all inmates are secured in their cells for Count unless placed on authorized Out-Count Slips.
- At approximately 1730 hours, or upon the clearing of the Institution Count and completion of
  emergency alarm checks, the evening meal will commence. When Central Control announces
  for corridor coverage, those Officers and Unit Sergeants assigned for corridor coverage will
  promptly report to the corridor.
- To facilitate the pick-up of TB and Psychotropic Medication for inmates requiring such medication, the evening meal release will precede beginning with the First Tier up to the Third Tier. Wings are released to the dining halls one and a half (1½) tiers at a time for B, C, D, E, Y and Z Wings. One (1) tier at a time for F and G Wings, (due to a larger tier size).
- Prior to the evening meal release, the Wing Officers will deadlock the bar and unlock the
  Folgers-Adams locking devices, with the exception of CTQ/RTQ inmates. Those inmates
  housed with a RTQ/CTQ inmate will be released individually after their tier has been released.
  The Wing Tier Officer will then place the bar-locking devices in the "KEY" position to begin



## C RECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY

### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CENT AL UNLOCKS & YARD CARDS

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007 Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

that tier's release, starting with First Tier up to the Third Tier. The Officer assigned to the front door will place the 1<sup>st</sup> tier bar-locking devices into the "KEY" position for the first tier release. Upon completion of each half (B,C,D,E,Y,Z) or tier (F,G) being released, both Tier Officers will be on the tiers to release inmates housed with RTQ/CTQ inmates and will conduct security checks to ensure that all inmates have been released safely. Inmates will proceed directly to the dining hall, yard, or other approved activity. Under no circumstances will inmates be allowed to loiter on the tiers. The wing will be secured by locking the cell doors with the Folgers-Adams Key making sure that all inmates staying behind are uninjured and appear mentally normal before the release of the next tier.

- When the wing is released from the dining hall, inmates in possession of a valid Red Privilege Card, and a Green I.D. Card may go directly to the yard at this time. All inmates returning to the wing will remain on the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells. Within 10 minutes of the last inmates being locked up (in order to allow the wing porters to clean the wing), the Officers will commence with Red Privilege Card program.
- At no time shall an Officer be on the tier alone. Both Tier Officers shall be on the tier at the same time. The Officer with the Door Set shall provide visual coverage during major releases from the sallyport area.

### A. Evening Release for Yard and Shower Program:

- Upon being released from the dining hall, those inmates not on yard restriction, in possession of a valid Red Privilege Card and a Green I.D. Card will be allowed the opportunity to go directly to the yard. The I.D. Cards of all inmates entering the Recreation Yard will be retained at the West Gate. Those inmates returning to the wings will remain on the First Tier until lockup is announced following completion of the evening meal for their respective wing.
- After securing the wing, the Wing Officers will begin the evening wing program in accordance
  with Third Watch Post Orders. The cell door Folger-Adams locking devices will not be
  unkeyed / unlocked at any time on Third Watch except to release authorized inmates to the
  evening meal / Red Card Programs, etc. Upon releasing the approved inmate, the cell door is
  to be re-locked.

### 4. Central Facility Unlocks: ALL TIMES ARE APPROXIMATE

0300 Hours Unlock for Culinary Cooks (B, C, F, G, Y and Z Wings).

0500 Hours Unlock for Culinary Cooks (all mainline wings).

0615 Hours Breakfast releases from B, C, D, E, Y & Z Wings will be by 11/2 tiers. F & G Wings

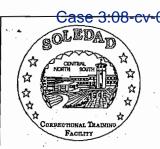
will release one (1) tier only. Work release from Culinary and wings already fed

eastbound to Maintenance and Laundry, and west bound to yard.

0800 Hours Work, and School release from wings, or upon completion of the breakfast meal.

0815 Hours Yard Release from wings upon completion of Work and School Release.

0830 Hours Commence with RTQ/CTQ Status shower program.



TRAING FACILITY

## OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

**#40** 

Subject: CENT L UNLOCKS & YARI CARDS

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

0900 Hours Begin tier activity / hourly unlock schedule.

1100 Hours Close Custody Yard Recall / Courtesy Yard Recall.

1115 Hours Education release to all mainline wings.

1130 Hours Secure all wings.

1215 Hours Wing secured, bars secured for afternoon release to work, school

and yard.

1215 Hours Close Custody Count.

1230 Hours Commence program for "C" Status inmates, and end at 1515 Hours. (NOTE:

Program for "C" status inmates will be conducted weekdays only).

1230 Hours Work, School, and Yard release from all mainline wings.

1330 Hours Hourly Unlock

1415 Hours Weekends and Holidays all inmates will Lockup.

1430 Hours Hourly Unlock for A2B and Red Card inmates. (Red Card Only on Weekends

and Holidays).

1430 Hours Commence yard recall for P.M. Culinary workers.

1500 Hours Yard Recall. (NOTE: Yard recall may begin earlier due to the number

of inmates on the yard).

1500 Hours Education release back to all mainline wings in conjunction with E & F Wing Yard

Recall.

1515 Hours Secure "C" Status inmates from the yard and wing.

1530 Hours Hourly Unlock. (Weekends and Holidays-Red Card Only).

1630 Hours Secure Wings and commence alarm checks.

1700 Hours Count (Mandatory Standing Count).

1730 Hours Release wings to the evening meal on a rotating basis. E, D and C Wings will be

fed in the first phase as long as Close Custody inmates reside in these wings. For those wings not in the first phase for the evening meal, unlock for Red Card Yard, Early Workers, Diabetics and Ducats (Library on Sundays and Mondays). The wings in the second and third phase for the meal release will begin their evening Red Card Program (showers only) and will be limited to East or West side on a daily rotation. Lockup the wing prior to the evening meal release from the wing. Upon completion of the evening meal the wing will be secured. Red Card Unlock begins ten (10) minutes after the wing is secured. When the wing is released from the Dining Hall, all inmates returning to the wing will be secured prior to

commencing with Red Privilege Card Program.

NOTE:

Red Card Yard Release: Wings scheduled in the second and third phases will conduct a release to the yard only after the completion of the release to the dining halls for the First Phase Wings. This release will be for Red Card Holders who do not want to go to the evening meal (no Close Custody). Those inmates who want to go to the yard and forgo attending the evening meal will remain on the first tier of their wings, behind the grill gate until the West Corridor Officer announces yard



### T. JINING FACILITY

# OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

#40

Subject: CET RAL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

release for that wing. Upon completion of the yard release the Red Card Program (showers only) will be conducted.

#### NOTE:

A2B and "C" Status inmates will lockup upon returning from the Dining Hall.

A continued hourly unlock for Red Card holders will commence no more than ten (10) minutes after the lockup is completed.

2000 Hours Close Custody Count

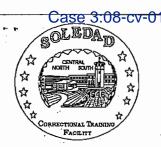
Commence yard recall.

2100 Hours Red Card shower program ends.

2130 Hours Count.

### Special Security Measures:

- Bar-locking devices will never be utilized to accomplish hourly unlocks. The bar-locking devices will only be utilized for mass unlocks / releases, meal lockups and emergency releases.
- Cell visiting and wing visiting is not permitted at any time. Only authorized maintenance workers will be permitted to enter a wing. These workers must be under direct supervision of a staff member at all times.
- Tier loitering is forbidden at all times.
- With the exception of extreme emergencies, the bar-locking device will never be placed in the open position.
- Activities in the wing during Second Watch and Third Watch will be limited to the designated
  or approved tier activities. Program is restricted to Red Privilege Cards on weekdays after the
  1700 hours count. On weekends and holidays the program is restricted to Red Privilege Cards
  at 1430 hours.
- Library on weekends and holidays is restricted to Red Card Only for Non-Priority Use.
- With the exception of authorized unlocks, inmates will not exit the wings unless they have a verified pass or ducat in their possession. Passes will not be issued to any area unless the supervisor in charge of the area has been contacted and the presence of the inmate is requested and/or verified. Passes will only be made out and issued by Custody Staff.
- Officers/Staff in charge of the Culinary will release Culinary Workers from their assigned areas. Corridor Officers will not release workers from the Culinary. Upon ascertaining whether or not an inmate lives in a wing, the Corridor Officer may allow him access to the wing.
- During meal and major releases, the Unit Sergeant assigned as Corridor Sergeant will supervise
  the wing releases. Dining Hall supervision during meals will be provided by a Unit Sergeant in
  each Dining Hall. It will be the responsibility of the Watch Commander to ensure supervisory
  coverage of the Corridor and Dining Halls.
- Inmate corridor traffic during major releases will be one-way traffic (to the right of the corridor) unless otherwise determined by the Watch Commander. Inmates will not walk within the white boundary lines and may only cross these lines while exiting or entering an area, i.e. culinary, wings, etc.



NING FACILITY

### **OPERATIONS PROCEDURE**

#40

2008 UNEOCKS & YARD **CARDS** 

Reference:

**DOM Section 52020.8.11** 

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007 Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

- Inmates returning from meals have the choice of yard (if eligible), or their cells (unless released for a shower or Red Card Programs). If an inmate is going to the yard, he does not enter the wing. No cell visiting or tier loitering is permitted at any time.
- The area from the Wing Entrance Door to the inner gate is to be clear of inmates at all times.
- When conducting major lockups, the two (2) Tier Officers will stand on the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and make sure all inmates returning to the wing remain on the 1st Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells.
- All inmates in the East Corridor beyond X-Wing will be in state issued clothes. No personal clothes will be allowed beyond X-Wing unless it is for a medical emergency.

### 5. Lockdowns or Modified Program:

- When the entire facility or any part of the inmate population is on lockdown status, the cellfeeding process will begin immediately after the respective watch has assumed duty and the meal has been delivered. Inmates returning to the wing will be immediately secured in their cells.
- There will be no yard releases until completion of cell feeding and wing clean up.

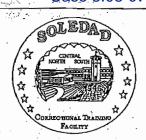
### 6. Shower Programs:

- Close "B" Custody inmates who are a full-time assigned worker will be showered between the hours of 1500 and 1930 hours.
- All CTQ/RTQ inmates regardless of custody level will be showered on Second Watch.
- All unassigned inmates and "C" status will be allowed to shower during their program time which starts at the 1230 hours release and prior to the 1515 hours lockup.
- Third Watch is responsible for showering those inmates assigned to a full-time work/school position. Showers will be conducted between 1500 and 2050 hours.
- Controlled showers will consist of a maximum of one-half (1/2) tier of inmates out at any given time. A reasonable amount of time (30 minutes per group of inmates) will be afforded for inmates to shower and return to their cells.

### YARD CARDS:

Identification/Privilege Cards:

Receiving and Release will prepare a CDC 131 Green Identification Card, a CDC 130 Red Privilege Card. and a Yard Card for all new arrivals to CTF. All inmates will receive a Green Identification Card prior to departing R&R, or as soon as practical. K&K will uselve and later issuance as appropriate. departing R&R, or as soon as practical. R&R will deliver the non-issued Red Privilege Cards and Yard



RRECTIONAL TL INING FACILITY

**OPERATIONS PROCEDURE** #40

Subject: CEN AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS Reference:

DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007 Correctional Captain Responsibility:

and Program Lieutenants

### Initial Classification:

The correctional counselor is responsible for reviewing the DMS for new arrivals to their caseload, determining the inmates Work Group / Privilege Group and obtaining the appropriate Yard Card and/or Red Card as necessary. The Yard Card and Red Privilege Card can be obtained in the Records Department. The correctional counselor will issue the appropriate card (s) to the inmate upon completion of the initial classification process, or forward the appropriate card (s) to the respective Wing Officer for issuance.

Should Unit Classification Committee change an inmate(s) work group status from A1-A to either A2-B or C-Status, the assigned correctional counselor will be responsible for obtaining the appropriate card.

Lost or altered ID cards shall be replaced. The cost associated with replacing the Green ID, Red Privilege or Yard Card shall be the sole responsibility of the inmate(s). Should any card(s) as described above be altered, the inmate(s) shall not be allowed entrance into the Central Yard.

Ben Curry

Warden (A)

Correctional Training Facility

Our

September 13, 2006

SEP 2 0 2006 AW-CEN CTF

EXHIBIT D

### Memorandum

**Date** 

December 23, 2002

To

**ALL STAFF & INMATES** 

**CTF - CENTRAL** 

Subject :

**OPERATION PROCEDURE (OP) #40** 

The following is a clarification to O.P. #40.
These clarifications will be strictly adhered to effective January 8, 2003.

1. East/West Rotation

2<sup>nd</sup> phase – Only East side or West side will be released to the yard or for showers. The whole side (Red Card holders desiring either yard or showers) will be released at the same release.

NOTE: Staff will continue to explore and consider systems which would identify a set number of inmates from the non-designated side of the wing for courtesy yard release.

<u>3<sup>rd</sup> phase</u> – Courtesy yard release will be completed for Red Card holders on both sides of the wings desiring yard access. When the courtesy yard release inmates have exited the wing, staff will conduct a shower program for the designated East or West side Red Card holders.

2. Close Custody programming after 2000 hours is <u>no</u> longer permitted.

. Hamlet

Warden

Correctional Training Facility

Brown)

**EXHIBIT E** 

75 75

Note: Property/Funds appeals must be accompanied by a completed

Board of Control form BC-1E, Inmate Claim

OCT 1 7 2006

JUL 2 1 2006 🖟

CDC Appeal Number:

Date Submitted:

CTE APPEALS

First Level Granted P. Granted Denied Other	Due Date: SEP 0 1 2006
E. REVIEWER'S ACTION (Complete within 15 working days): Date assigned: JUL 21 2006	Due Date: 3EF 0 1 2000
Interviewed by: 上て に、Lapcy	
	<u> </u>
Staff Signature: Title:	Date Completed: 6.27.06
Division Head Approved:	Returned Section 15/2006
Signature:Title:Title:	Date to Inmate:
F. If dissatisfied, explain reasons for requesting a Second-Level Review, and submit to Institution or Parole Reg receipt of response.	
The MAC is dissatisfied with the First Level Response a	nd hereby respectfully
request a Second Level Review of this matter based on t	he following reasons:
The MAC asserts that the First Level Review authored by	Lieutenant R. Lynch
and signed by acting Associate Warden R. Pope was inapp	
SEE ATTACHED PAGES MOULE	Date Submitted: 10/13/010
Second Level Granted P. Granted Denied Other	NOV 1 5 2006
G. REVIEWER'S ACTION (Complete within 10 working days): Date assigned:	Due Date:
See Attached Letter	
( ) Me	:
Signature:	Date Completed:
Warden/Superintendent Signature:	Date Returned to la parte: 7005
H. If dissatisfied, add data or reasons for requesting a Director's Level Review, and submit by mail to the response.	third level within 15 days of receipt of
The MAC is dissatisfied with the institutional response at the Second	ond Level and hereby
requests a Director's Level Review based on the following reasons:	The institution
appears to represent that if they say something "is so," it must be	e so period. The
conditions grieved in the MAC's appeal on behalf of the population	are longstanding and
still remain unresolved. The institutional response also demonstra	ates measures, which
have been routinely adopted by the Inmate Appeals Coordinators (See	e attached page)
Signature: A. Roston, D-03868	Date Submitted: 12-22-06
For the Director's Review, submit all documents to: Director of Corrections	·
P.O. Box 942883 Sacramento, CA 94283-0001	
Attn: Chief, Inmate Appeals	
RECEIVED DECE	Vr.ms
DIRECTOR'S ACTION: Granted P. Granted Denied Other	74.081 74.081
DEC , 8 2005 CIE-C	Date: MAR 1 6 2007

CTF APPEALS

SEP 2 5 2005

Describe Problem Continued:

general population is represented by an elected inmate advisory council (MAC). The MAC's function, as described in Title 15 of the CCR and the CDCR Department Operations Manual (DOM), is to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff, those matters of common interest and concern to the immate general population. CTF Central Facility currently houses approximately 576 Close B Custody inmates who are affected by the program for Close B inmates at CTF.

At present as a direct result of language restrictions in Operation Procedure # 34, CTF-Central Facility allows Close B Custody inmates the opportunity to access program activities including access to the recreational yard area between the approximate hours of 0700 and 1530 hours. Following the completion of the afternoon yard recall, Close B Custody inmates are not allowed any other recreational yard access until the following day. Close B Custody inmates are only allowed access to evening program within the housing unit until 1945 hours. The MAC asserts that the program access currently afforded is far less than that authorized by the applicable CCR Sections. (see attachment "C")

Pursuant to the mandatory language of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) which states in pertinent part: "[(B) Close B Custody inmates shall (EMPHASIS ADDED AND MANDATORY LANGUAGE PER CCR TITLE § 3000.5] be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, III or IV institution...]". Pursuant to this language the CTF Close B Custody population are Departmentally entitled to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours. However, CTF O.P. #34 presently contains a local restriction that violates the CCR Title 15 and prohibits Close B Custody inmates from full access to program activities [i.e.- Yard activities during non-work hours as is Departmentally authorized per CCR Title 15 § 3044] between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours.

Recreational yard access is a part of the activities which Close B Custody inmates are entitled and authorized access to between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours according to the CCR. Yet at CTF when the 1700 hours institutional count clears these same privilege group eligible inmates are being denied any further access to yard as is Departmentally mandated and authorized. The applicable section of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) contains mandatory language of SHALL when describing the activities and assignments that Close B Custody immates are permitted to participate in between the 0600 and 2000 hours. The mandatory terminology of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) precludes the discretionary application of not allowing Close B Custody inmates to participate in program assignments, and activities up until 2000 hours.

By not allowing Close B Custody inmates the opportunity to participate in recreational yard activities until 2000 hours, CTF is essentially removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general population at CTF-Central Facility who would otherwise be entitled to and eligible for such.

CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2) provides in pertinent part: (2)- All or a portion of privileges available to a work/training incentive group may be denied, modified or temporarily suspended at a disciplinary hearing upon a finding of an immate's guilt for a disciplinary offense described in sections 3314 and 3315 of these regulations or by a classification committee action changing the immate's custody classification, work/training privilege group or institution placement. By not allowing Close B Custody inmates yard activities up to 2000 hours, CTF is effectively denying Close B Custody immates who have not been found guilty of any disciplinary violation, nor had their custody classification changed, the access to program activities that they are entitled to per the applicable California regulation.

OR Title 15 § 1014 (c) (5) provides in pertinent part: (5) No immate or group of inmates shall be granted privileges not equally available to other inmates of the same custody classification and assignment who would otherwise be eligible for the same privilege." In this case immates throughout the Department who are of the Close B Custody classification and similarly assigned enjoy the regular program" assignments and activities that the CTF-Central Facility Close B Custody are being denied unjustly. This disparity of treatment in selectively excluding and subjecting these otherwise eligible Close B Custody inmates to a condition which is not only adverse, and unfair, but also in violation of recognized Departmental policies, is in effect an act of discrimination against a particular class of immates at this facility who are being denied privileges that they are otherwise entitled to.

Continued:

While CTF has for years been hesitant to resolve some of the discrepancies and conflicts which exist regarding the Close B Custody Program, the MAC would draw the administration's attention to the Department's position on Close B Custody program assignments and work activities. The Inmate Appeals Branch in Sacramento routinely issues a Departmental Bulletin entitled the "Insighter". This bulletin contains information on appeal issues and recent court rulings. Insighter! issue #17 dated January 2003, there was a column entitled "A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs" which advised institutions about a recent court decision on the application of regulations within the Department. The column discussed a challenge by an immate to the application (or non-compliance) of regulations on Close B Custody program and activity hours. Headquarters clearly indicated that despite local attempts to justify their non-compliance with the regulations as applied to Close B Custody program, the court had found that "an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." Additionally, the court found that neither local policy nor the Departmental Operations Manual (DOM) supercede the California Code of Regulations (CCR) and that the language of the applicable CCR section was mandatory not discretionary. (See attachment A)

The MAC would point out that Administrative concerns regarding the availability of high mast lighting, daylight savings time and operational necessity are applicable per CCR § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B) to Close "A" Custody inmates only and not Close B Custody inmates. Additionally the issue of Close Custody inmates not going beyond the work change area is per CCR § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B) applicable to Close A Custody inmates only and not Close B Custody inmates despite existing local policy.

Furthermore the provisions of DOM § 51020.1 provides that "Supplements shall: Not create new policy/regulation... A definition of a regulation is that it: implements, interprets, or makes more specific the provisions of statute, case law or regulation of controlling agencies...imposes requirements which shall be met to qualify for any general entitlement or privilege available to immates, parolees, or the public." All Operational Supplements shall comply and expound on the implementation of Regulations not contradict them, and in this case the Operational Supplement (OP #34) clearly is not in compliance with the CCR.

Lastly, the MAC would note that previous attempts to informally address the administration seeking revision of Operations Procedure #34 have been to no avail. Therefore, in this instance the submission of this appeal is appropriate. (See attachment B)

Action Requested Continued:

and 2000 hours, as is prescribed by the California Regulatory Authority provided in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 aforementioned. #2)- 0.P. #34 (and any other relevant 0.P. sections) be revised to reflect program activities and assignments as is reflected within the applicable CCR section aformentioned.

Date: 7/21/66

//

A. Boston, D-03868

MAC Chairman

ATTACHMENT A





InmateAppeals Branch 916-358-2417

E. Alameida, Jr., Director CDC K, Kinser, Chf. Dep. Director Support Services E.A. Mitchell, Dep. Durector Policy and Eval Div. Nola Grannis, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

Office Staff Sandy Brady, SWPT Sharon Candalot, AGPA DeeAnne Cooper, WPT Morenda Hamarlund, OT irie Hoogland, WPT Mary Morairty, AGPA Renee Welsh, OT

Appeals Examiners Ken Allen, SSM-I Jocelynn Arceo, TC Judy Burleson, SSM-I Pio Enriquez, FC Randy Floto, FC Maya Hodges-Wilkins, FC Chuck Hollis, FC Tony Loftin, FC Jane Pearson, FC Derek Borter, FC Jerry Stocker, FC Betsy Sullivan, SSM-I Tom Surges, SSM-I



A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF...

Greetings! Before becoming chief, I had the pleasure of working with most of the appeals coordinators and their staff; therefore, I have a feeling of continued confidence in the abilities of those around me. This year should bring with it some interesting challenges including significant changes in law, regulation, and policy. Many of you are currently feeling the crush of appeals regarding frontal nudity, the ban on smoking products, and soon-restitution and Plata complaints. I would like to ask your cooperation in maintaining the integrity of the exhaustion requirement pursuant to the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This act gave us the ability to thwart premature filings in the courts, resulting in their immediate dismissal for failure to exhaust by administrative appeal. The way to best support the reform act is through strict adherence to appeal time limits. Too many First or Second Level responses address the appellant's failure, without cause, to meet time constraints, yet proceed to respond as if they had. Instead of preventing future litigation, the response commits CDC to follow this appeal to its end. More often than not, this means court, and court represents much time, effort, and money. If an appellant has no legitimate excuse for delayed submittal/resubmittal, then the appeal should be screened out for untimeliness, thereby preventing access to court.

### THIRD PARTY INTERVENTION ON BEHALF OF AN INMATE/PAROLEE APPELLANT

Inmates and parolees have a right to appeal CDC decisions, actions, conditions, or policies that adversely affect them. No other inmate or parolee shall submit a CDC 602 on behalf of another inmate or parolee. Nonetheless, an appellant may obtain the assistance of another person, including an inmate or parolee, in preparing the appeal. Institution staff shall provide the assistance necessary to inmates who have difficulty communicating in written English to afford access to the appeal process. These are CDC regulations.

To what extent may an appellant be represented by a third party, such as a parent, an inmate, or an attorney? Third parties may assist and even ghostwrite appeals for an appellant. This is especially relevant to a disabled inmate who cannot write a CDC 602. The CDC 602 must be submitted over the appellant's signature and through the appellant, not a third party. If the appellant cannot sign his or her own name, a staff member should interview the appellant and obtain a verbal or other acknowledgement that the CDC 602 was knowingly submitted by the appellant and the content represents the appellant's position. The employee should write on the CDC 602 that the interview was conducted and the circumstances of the appellant's concurrence. Responses to the appeal should be directed to the appellant, not the third party. Staff assistance to communicate the response for a disabled appellant should be provided as necessary and documented. (CCR 3084.1, 3084.2, 3084.3)

### A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs

A recent California court decision to grant an inmate's writ of habeas corpus serves as a reminder to CDC that we must follow our established regulations. The inmate petitioner asserted that the institution . failed follow CCR 3377.1 which establishes "B" Close Custody program and activity hours. The response at each level of appeal cited a variety of justifications to establish different program hours. level: the rule changes were permissive and the institution had the authority to amend them: the court ruled that the language was mandatory. Second level: DOM permitted the institution to retain prior policy; the court ruled that DOM does not supercede the CCR. Third level: reasonable a penological interest existed to change the hours; the court ruled that institution could not have a reasonable interest contravenes the regulations under which it operates. While some regulations may seem to be outdated or inconvenient, CDC is held to compliance.

Recommendations revise regulations should be submitted through the chain command headquarters staff.



ATTACHMENT B

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E-8

Men's Advisory Council
Executive Body

CTF-Central Facility

### Memorandum

Date:

July 18, 2005

To:

A. P. KANE

Via: W. J. HILL

Warden (A)

Associate Warden

**Correctional Training Facility** 

CTF-Central Facility

Subject:

REQUEST FOR REVIEW AND REVISION OF THE PROVISIONS FOR CLOSE CUSTODY PROGRAMMING AS DESCRIBED IN OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34

While previous Administrations for the Correctional Training Facility (CTF) have been hesitant to address programming concerns of Close Custody inmates, the Men's Advisory Council (MAC) is advocating that the present Administration reconsider and resolve some of the discrepancies and conflicts that this element of our population considerD to be fundamental as stakeholders in their rehabilitation. Given the newly reorganized, mission-based orientation of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR), the goal of equitable program access for all inmates at common Custody and Security Levels should be a priority. Program access should be based on the Department's regulations contained in the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15 and facilitated by the Department's policy guidelines contained in the Department Operations Manual (DOM). Finally, the institution's Operations Procedures (OP) should carry out the mandates of the regulations and policy guidelines, rather than perpetuate long-standing local "interpretations."

In your consideration of our request and advocacy on the behalf of Close Custody inmates as stakeholders in their rehabilitation process, the MAC would draw the Administration's attention to clearly define and unambiguous Departmental positions on Close B Custody program assignments and work activities. The Inmate Appeals Branch in Sacramento has routinely published a Departmental Bulletin entitled "The Insighter," which contains information on appeal issues and recent court rulings. We would call your attention to a column contained in the January 2003, Issue #17 of "The Insighter" that is entitled "A Court Weighs in On Application of Regs" (Attachment A). The column discussed a challenge by an unnamed inmate to the application (or non-compliance) of regulations on Close B Custody program and activity hours. According to the article, the court had found that "an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." In addition, the court ruled that local policy and the DOM "does not supercede the CCR."

CTF's OP #34 addresses several different CCR and DOM topics within a single operations procedure. Those topics include classification, housing, work assignments and program activities. The MAC represents and advocates that the provisions of this procedure should be consistent with the applicable regulatory provisions of the CCR and policy guidelines of the Department.

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REQUEST FOR REVIEW AND REVISION OF THE PROVISIONS FOR CLOSE CUSTODY PROGRAMMING AS DESCRIBED IN OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34 Page 2

The MAC has developed a description of what we have identified as the apparent discrepancies or conflicts in the OP. In addition, we have attempted to suggest possible solutions or provisions that could address these issues, which we are submitting for your consideration. For informational purposes, all references in this correspondence refer to the provisions of CCR Title 15, Division 3, Section 3377.1, which deals with Inmate Custody Designations and DOM Section 62010.7.3, which addresses Custody Designations. The MAC would also assert that any future revision of CTF's Operations Procedures should be consistent with the format described in the provisions of DOM Sections 51020.1-51020.5, which outline policy regarding the supplemental process to the Department's rules, regulations, and guidelines. Incorporating the DOM format would facilitate easy comparison where institutional policy describes local procedures or expands upon the provisions of the DOM.

The specific provisions of OP #34 for Close B Custody program activities/work assignments violate the regulatory language of the CCR. The MAC also notes that the language contained in DOM §62010.7.3 is outdated and similarly violates the applicable provisions of the CCR regarding program activities and work assignments for inmates with Close B Custody designations.

The MAC would respectfully request your review of the indicated provisions of OP #34 and consider adopting or developing revisions, which would bring CTF's OP into compliance with both the CCR and the DOM for Close B Custody program, assignments and activities. We would also suggest that, in view of the adoption of new mission based organizational policy, the institution could share the need to revise and incorporate changes to the DOM with the appropriate division or section of CDCR to bring Departmental policy into compliance with the regulatory language of the CCR and rulings of the courts that impact program access.

Because this matter is a significant concern to the Close B Custody inmates of CTF as stakeholders who are directly affected by the Department's newly reorganized commitment to rehabilitation, the MAC is respectfully requesting that an informative response to this input be provided for us to share with our constituency after you have had the opportunity to review and consider the attached material.

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman
CTF-Central Facility

#### Attachments:

A. Material from "The Insighter"

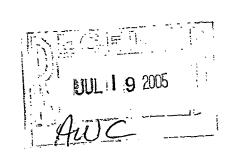
B. Proposed Recommendations for Review and Revision

C. CCR §3377.1(a)(4)

D. CCR §3000

E. CCR §3377.1(a)(2)(C)

F. DOM § 52020.4.12



ATTACHMENT A

**%~//** 

resig Number VESS



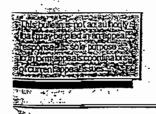


InmateAppeals Branch 916-358-2417

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### A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF...

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### THIRD PARTY INTERVENTION ON BEHALF OF AN INMATE/PAROLEE APPELLANT

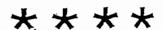
Inmates and parolees have a right to appeal CDC decisions, actions, conditions, or policies that adversely affect them. No other inmate or parolee shall submit a CDC 602 on behalf of another inmate or parolee. Nonetheless, an appellant may obtain the assistance of another person, including an inmate or parolee, in preparing the appeal. Institution staff shall provide the assistance necessary to inmates who have difficulty communicating in written English to afford access to the appeal process. These are CDC regulations.

To what extent may an appellant be represented by a third party, such as a parent, an inmate, or an attorney? Third parties may assist and even ghostwrite appeals for an appellant. This is especially relevant to a disabled inmate who cannot write a CDC 602. The CDC 602 must be submitted over the appellant's signature and through the appellant, not a third party. If the appellant cannot sign his or her own name, a staff member should interview the appellant and obtain a verbal or other acknowledgement that the CDC 602 was knowingly submitted by the appellant and the content represents the appellant's position. The employee should write on the CDC 602 that the interview was conducted and the circumstances of the appellant's concurrence. Responses to the appeal should be directed to the appellant, not the third party. Staff assistance to communicate the response for a disabled appellant should be provided as necessary and documented. (CCR 3084.1, 3084.2, 3084.3)

### A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs

A recent California court decision to grant an inmate's writ of habeas corpus serves as a reminder to CDC that we must follow our established regulations. The inmate petitioner asserted that the institution . failed follow CCR 3377.1 which establishes Close Custody program andactivity hours. The response at each level of appeal cited a variety of justifications to establish different program hours. First level: the rule changes were permissive and the institution had the authority to amend them: the court ruled that the language was mandatory. Second level: DOMpermitted the institution to retain prior policy; the court ruled that DOM does not supercede the CCR. Third level: reasonable a penological interest existed to change the hours; the ruled tha**t** court institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates. While some regulations may seem to be outdated or inconvenient, CDC is held to compliance.

Recommendations revise regulations should be submitted through the chain command headquarters staff.



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ATTACHMENT B

# ATTACHMENT B

# CTF-CENTRAL FACILITY MEN'S ADVISORY COUNCIL PROPOSAL FOR REVIEW AND REVISION OF OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34 July 14, 2005

# BACKGROUND

The MAC is advocating that the Correctional Training Facility (CTF) embrace a new commitment to expanded program activities and work assignments for Close B Custody inmates, as stakeholders in their rehabilitation, consistent with the newly defined and reorganized mission based direction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR). The MAC is asserting that these program and work activities should be compliant and consistent with the provision of Departmental regulatory language contained in the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 15 and policy contained in the Department Operations Manual (DOM). The provisions of Operations Procedures (OP) #34 initially define program access for Close B Custody inmates at CTF.

The MAC's premise for requesting this review and revision of institutional policy is based on the explicit language of CCR §3377.1. The MAC would assert that previous concerns expressed by the Administration of CTF regarding the availability of "high mast lighting," daylight savings time and operational necessity are appropriate for Close A Custody inmates per CCR §3377.1(a)(2)(B), but do not apply to program access and activities for Close B Custody inmates, the affected class and stakeholders in this program issue. Similarly, the MAC would assert that limitations imposed on work assignments for CTF's Close B Custody inmates are applicable to Close A Custody inmates and should not be applied to CTF's Close B Custody population.

Because only Page 1 of OP #34 deals specifically with Close B Custody Program access, the MAC's proposals for review and revision to this OP are confined to the provisions of this applicable page. That does not preclude our recommendation that the balance of this OP be realigned in accordance with the provisions of DOM §§ 51020.1-51020.5.

The language utilized in this proposal is adapted from CCR §3377.1(a)(4) and appropriately modifies the current outdated language contained in DOM §62010.7.3, which is not included to avoid confusion.

The appropriate Subject/Section Heading and reference for this OP should be as noted below. Proposed language for the sections of OP #34 that impact Close B inmates are enclosed in text blocks and should be the first entries in this OP to be compliant with DOM supplement formatting. The notes concerning Attachments would not be included in an OP.

# DOM §62010.7.3 Custody Designations

## Close B

<u>Housing</u>. The housing of Close B Custody inmates at CTF shall be in cells, in accordance with their security levels, within the established facility security perimeters of the Central and North Facilities.

Inmates who have been classified as Level II, Close B Custody inmates shall be housed in cells in CTF-Central Facility in E-Wing and D-Wing. C-Wing will be utilized as overflow housing for Level II, Close B Custody inmates, based upon institutional needs and bed space availability.

# PROPOSAL FOR REVIEW AND REVISION OF OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34 Page 2

Inmates who have been classified as Level III, Close B Custody inmates shall be housed in cells in CTF-North Facility in Rainer Hall-A (Yard Side). Shasta Hall-A (Yard Side) will be utilized as overflow housing for Level III, Close B Custody inmates, based upon institutional needs and bed space availability.

Assignments/Activities. Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 Hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area. Work supervisors shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmate's assigned work-hours. (See Attachments C and D as noted below)

Close B Custody inmates may participate in designed work program assignments until 2200 Hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. (See Attachment C and D as noted below)

Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities (showers and tier activities) after 2000 Hours until the general evening lockup and count at 2100 Hours, when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit, located within the facility security perimeter. (See Attachment C and D as noted below)

#### Notes for Attachment C:

- > See highlighted portion of Attachment C CCR §3377.1(a)(4)
- > See CCR §3377.1(a)(4)(B) concerning work program assignments until 2200 Hours
- > See §3377.1(a)(4)(C) concerning provisions for direct and constant supervision

# Note for Attachment D:

➤ See highlighted portion of Attachment D – CCR §3000, which defines the "Facility Security Perimeter" as "any combination of living unit, work area, and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level."

To be compliant with the provisions of the CCR, the restriction of Level II Close B Custody inmates to activities within the "Central Facility security perimeter (West to East Gate) should be modified to incorporate the proposed language above (eliminating West to East Gate restrictions). Level II inmates are routinely allowed to move beyond those gates beginning with morning yard activities through the 1500 Hours Yard Recall. The artificial "collapsing" of the security perimeter at Central Facility violates the provisions of the CCR.

Level II and Level III Close B Custody inmates should be afforded the same yard access as other Level II and Level III inmates between the hours of 0600 to 2000 Hours to be compliant with the provisions of CCR §3377.1(a)(4). In addition, those inmates should be afforded work assignments and access to participation in inmate activity groups and leisure time activities (AA, NA, Veterans' Group, Meditation Group, etc.) between the hours of 0600 to 2000 Hours.

# PROPOSAL FOR REVIEW AND REVISION OF OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #34 Page 3

The previous provisions which excluded the "Culinary Back Dock areas, Laundry/Clothing Room, Lower East Corridor" in Central Facility and "the Vocations Area, Culinary Back Dock areas, North Visiting or North Patio" in North Facility as potential work assignment and program activity areas need to be revised by facilitating "direct and constant supervision" for Close B Custody inmates of both Custody Levels.

The inclusion of an extra Close Custody Count, which is not required for Close B Custody inmates, as justification for restriction from program and work assignment access, whether claiming "job impact," conflict with program "scheduling" or unregulated security concerns violate the regulatory provisions of CCR §3377.1(a)(2)(C) (Attachment E) and Departmental policy outlined in DOM § 52020.4.12 (Attachment F), which apply to Close A Custody inmates only.

The requirement for direct and constant supervision to facilitate mission related activities that support rehabilitation of the CTF's Close B Custody population needs to be embraced instead of avoided. Disproportionate restrictions and the inability of Close B Custody inmates to avail themselves of work and program activities because of the design of an Operations Procedure clearly violates regulatory language, Departmental policy and court rulings. The regulatory language and the stated mission of the newly reorganized CDCR were written and adopted to facilitate the rehabilitation of Close B Custody inmates, without prejudice, as stakeholders with a liberty interest in meeting the State's parole policies.

A. BOSTON MAC Chairman

CTF-Central Facility

cc: Council Membership
MAC File

F-11-

ATTACHMENT C

uses the following inmate custody to establish where an inmate shall be housed and assigned, and the level of staff supervision to ensure institutional security and public safety:

Maximum Custody

Close A Custody

Close B Custody

Medium A Custody

Medium B Custody

Minimum A Custody Minimum B Custody

(1) Maximum Custody.

(A) Housing shall be in cells in an approved segregated program housing unit as described in CCR Section 3335 and CCR subsections 3341,5(b) and 3341.5(c).

(B) Assignments and activities shall be within the confines of

the approved segregated program housing unit.

(C) An inmate designated as Maximum Custody shall be under the direct supervision and control of custody staff.

(2) Close A Custody Male Inmates.

Housing shall be in cells within Level III and Level IV facilities in housing units located within an established facility security

(B) Close A Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting. Close A Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the work change area.

(C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody male

inmates shall be counted at noon each day.

(3) Close A Custody Female Inmates. (A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody

(B) Close A Custody female inmates shall be permitted to dormitory. participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter and the work change area. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting.

(C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody female

inmates shall be counted at noon each day.

(4) Close B Custody Male Inmates. (A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility security perim-

(B) Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II,... Level III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited. activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility

(C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates'

assigned work hours.

- (D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - (5) Close B Custody Female Inmates.

(A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory located within an established facility security perimeter.

(B) Close B Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, in designated Level II, Level III and Level IV institutions. Close B Custody female inmates may participate in work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody female inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

(C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates'

assigned work hours.

(D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.

- (6) Medium A Custody. (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility
- (B) Assignment and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter. security perimeter.
  - (C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision.

(7) Medium B Custody. (A). Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility

security perimeter. (B) Assignment and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter: Inmates may be given daytime assignments outside the facility security perimeter but must remain on facility

- (C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision inside the facility security perimeter. Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision outside the facility security perimeter:
  - (8) Minimum A Custody.

(A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility

securitý perimeter. (B). Assignment and activities may be inside or outside the

facility security perimeter.

(C) Staff supervision shall consist of at least hourly observation if assigned outside the facility security perimeter. Sufficient staff supervision of the inmate shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present if assigned inside the facility security perimeter.

(9) Minimum B Custody.

(A) Housing may be in cells or dormitories on facility grounds, in a camp, in a Minimum Support Facility (MSF) or in a community based facility such as a Community Correctional

(B) Assignments and activities include eligibility work or Facility. program assignments located either on or off institutional grounds.

(C) Sufficient staff supervision shall be provided to ensure the

· (b) An "R" suffix shall be affixed by a classification committee to the inmate's custody designation to alert staff of inmates who have a history of specific sex offenses.

(1) The "R" suffix shall be designated for any inmate who was convicted of, or whose commitment offense includes an act

equivalent to any of the following offenses: (A) Assault with intent to commit rape, sodomy, oral copula-

tion, rape in concert with another, lascivious acts upon a child, or penetration of genitals or anus with a foreign object. [Penal Code Section 220]

- Certificate of Compliance as to 3-20-96 order transmitted to OAL 7-25-96 and filed 9-5-96 (Register 96, No. 36).
- Amendment of section and Note filed 5-1-97; operative 5-31-97 (Register 97, No. 18).
- 13. Amendment of subsection (d)(2)(A) filed 7-28-97 as an emergency; operative 7-28-97 (Register 97, No. 31). Pursuant to Penal Code section, 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 1-5-98 or energency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

 Certificate of Compliance as to 7-28-97 order transmitted to OAL 10-27-97 and filed 12-8-97 (Register 97, No. 50).

15. Amendment of subsection (d)(2)(A), new subsection (d)(2)(B), subsection relettering and amendment of subsection (d)(3)(E) filed 1-9-2004 as an emergency; operative 1-9-2004 (Register 2004, No. 2). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3, a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 6-17-2004 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.

# 3376.1. Departmental Review Board.

The Departmental Review Board (DRB) provides the director's final review of classification issues, which are referred by an institution head for a resolution or decision at the headquarters level. The DRB decision serves as the director's level decision, which is not appealable and concludes the inmate/parolee's departmental administrative remedy of such issues,

- (a) Composition of the DRB:
- (1) The deputy director or an assistant deputy director of the institutions division (chairperson).
- (2) The deputy director or assistant deputy director of the parole and community services division.
- (3) The chief of classification services (shall abstain on DRB issues resulting from a difference of opinion between an institution head and the chief of classification services).
  - (4) The chief of health services.
  - (b) Two members shall constitute a quorum.
  - (c) The DRB shall meet at the call of the chairperson.
  - (d) Referrals shall be made to the DRB when:
- (1) An institution head is unable to resolve a difference of opinion with the chief of classification services.
- (2) An institution head believes a clarification of departmental policy of statewide importance is required.
- (3) An institution head believes a DRB level decision for placement of an inmate is required because of an inusual threat to the safety of persons or public interest in the case, e.g., commuted or modified death sentence or classification of an inactive gang member or associate. Subsequent DRB reviews of the continued placement of inactive gang members or associates in a security-housing unit (SHU) shall occur no earlier than two years after the previous DRB decision. Upon denial of an alternative placement for an inactive gang member or associate, the DRB is authorized to schedule an earlier review, of the placement if the DRB determines that it is reasonable to expect that release from SHU will be granted in less than two years.
- (4) A difference between a Board of Prison Terms' program placement order and the department's policies cannot be resolved.
- (5) An out-of-state or federal prison placement is recommended by the institution classification committee.
- (6) Meritorious credit is recommended by an institution classification committee to reduce an inmate's period of confinement pursuant to Penal Code Section 2935.
- (7) The immate's current placement was ordered by the DRB and there is no documentation in the immate's central file to indicate that the DRB has relinquished responsibility for the immate's placement.
- (e) Decisions of the DRB shall be in writing and implemented within 30 calendar days after the decision is made.

- NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 5054 and 5068, Penal Code; and Sandin v. Connor (1995) 515 U.S. 472; Madrid v. Gomez (N.D.Cal. 1995) 889 F.Supp. 1146.
- 1. New section filed 1-16-92; operative 2-17-92 (Register 92, No. 13).
- 2. Amendment of subsection (d)(3) and Note filed 8-30-99 as an emergency; operative 8-30-99 (Register 99, No. 36). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-8-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 3. Certificate of Compliance as to 8-30-99 order transmitted to OAL 2-7-2000 and filed 3-21-2000 (Register 2000, No. 12).

#### 3377. Facility Security Levels.

Each camp, facility, or area of a facility complex shall be designated at a security level based on its physical security and housing capability. Reception centers are not facilities of assignment and are exempt from the security level designations except for the assignment of permanent work crew inmates. The security levels are:

- (a) Level I facilities and camps consist primarily of open domitories with a low security perimeter.
- (b) Level If facilities consist primarily of open dormitories with a sectife perimeter, which may include armed coverage.
- (c) Level III facilities primarily have a secure perimeter with armed coverage and housing units with cells adjacent to exterior walls.
- (d) Level IV facilities have a secure perimeter with internal and external armed coverage and housing units described in section 3377(c), or cell block housing with cells non-adjacent to exterior walls.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, 5058.3, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 5054 and 5068, Penal Code.

#### HISTORY

- New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87
   (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL, 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
- New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency, operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
- New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
- Certificate of Compliance including amendment transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
- Change without regulatory effect amending section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, Title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).
- 8. Editorial correction of printing errors (Register 91, No. 11).
- Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (b) (Register 92, No. 5).
- 10. Amendment of section heading, first paragraph and Note filed 8-27-2002 as an emergency, operative 8-27-2002 (Register 2002, No. 35). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058.3 a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 2-4-2003 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 8-27-2002 order transmitted to OAL 1-21-2003 and filed 3-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 10).

#### 3377.1. Inmate Custody Designations.

(a) Designation of a degree of an inmate's custody shall be reasonably related to legitimate penological interests. The CDC

#### § 3377.2

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- (B) Rape.
- (C) Rape of spouse.
- (D) Rape or penetration of genitals or anal openings by foreign object; acting in concert by force or violence.
  - (E) Abduction to live in an illicit relationship.
  - (F) Incest.
  - (G) Sodomy.
  - (H) Sexually assaulting an animal.
  - (I) Lewd or lascivious acts with a child under 14.
  - (F) Oral copulation.
- (K) Penetration of genital or anal openings by foreign object.
- (2) Within six months upon reception of an immate with a record of arrest or detention for any offenses listed in Section. 3377.1(b)(1), a classification committee shall determine the need for an "R" suffix to the immate's custody designation. The committee shall consider the arrest reports and district aftorney's comments related to each arrest.
- (3) If a unit classification committee (UCC) finds that an inmate may no longer require an "R" suffix, the committee shall refer the matter to the Institution Classification Committee (ICC) for action.
- (4) An immate whose "R" suffix has been removed shall be eligible for any housing or assignment for which they otherwise would qualify had the "R" suffix never been designated.
- (5) When an "R" suffix has been considered and not applied, or has been removed at one facility, another facility shall not affix an "R" suffix. If the facility disagrees with the "R" removal or decision against "R" designation, it shall submit the case for a Departmental Review Board decision.
- (e) An "S" suffix may be affixed by a classification committee to the immate's custody designation to alert staff of an immate's need for single cell housing. The classification committee's decision to affix the "S" suffix shall be based on documented evidence that the immate may not be safely housed in a double cell or dormitory situation based on a recommendation by custody staff or a health care clinician.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 5054 and 5068, Penal Code: Americans with Disability Act (ADA), 42 U.S.C., section 12131, et seq.; and Pennsylvania Department of Corrections v. Ydskey (1998) 524 U.S. 206.

#### HISTORY:

- New section filed 8-7-87 as an emergency; operative 8-7-87 (Register 87, No. 34). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 12-7-87.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 8-7-87 order transmitted to OAL 12-4-87; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 16).
- New section filed 1-4-88 as an emergency; operative 1-4-88 (Register 88, No. 16). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 5-3-88.
- A Certificate of Compliance as to 1-4-88 order transmitted to OAL, 5-3-88; disapproved by OAL (Register 88, No. 24).
- New section filed 6-2-88 as an emergency; operative 6-2-88 (Register 88, No. 24). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL within 120 days or emergency language will be repealed on 9-30-88.
- Certificate of Compliance transmitted to OAL 9-26-88 and filed 10-26-88 (Register 88, No. 50).
- Change without regulatory effect amends section filed 10-22-90 pursuant to section 100, True 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 91, No. 4).
- 8. Editorial correction of printing error inadvertently omitting text (Register 91, No. 11).
- 9. Editorial correction of printing error in subsection (a)(9)(B) (Register 92, No. 5).
- Amendment filed 3-27-2000 as an emergency; operative 3-27-2000 (Register 2000, No. 13). Pursuant to Penal Code section

- 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 9-5-2000 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Certificate of Compliance as to 3-27-2000 order transmitted to OAL 9-5-2000; disapproval and order of repeal and deletion reinstating section as it existed prior to emergency amendment by operation of Government Code 11346.1(f) filed 10-18-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42).
- 12. Amendment filed 10-19-2000 deemed an emergency pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e); operative 10-19-2000 (Register 2000, No. 42). Pursuant to Penal Code section 5058(e), a Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 3-27-2001 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 13. Certificate of Compliance as to 10-19-2000 order, including further amendment of subsections (a), (a)(2)(B) and (a)(3)(B) and amendment of Note, transmitted to OAL 3-27-2001 and filed 5-3-2001 (Register 2001, No. 18).

#### 3377.2. Criteria for Assignment of Close Custody.

- (a) Close Custody: Upon review of an inmate's case factors and need for supervision, the classification committee shall establish a Close Custody designation in accordance with the following case considerations when it determines that the inmate meets case factor criteria for either Close A Custody as listed in section 3377.2(b) or for Close B Custody as listed in section 3377.2(c).
- (1) The case factors to be considered in assigning Close Custody include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (A) the inmate's total term, sentence, or remaining time-to-serve:
  - (B) the inmate's escape history;
- (C) identification of a management concern;
- (D) receipt of an active law enforcement felony hold;
- (E) a finding of guilt for a serious Rules Violation Report (RVR) (see section 3315);
- (F) an immate who is considered to be High Notoriety or is designated as a Public Interest Case.
- (2) Departmental Review Board (DRB) approval is required to assign a Close Custody designation to an inimate who does not meet the case factor criteria established in this section. Authorization from the DRB shall be required before extending a Close Custody designation beyond the time constraints established for the most similar group of sentences.
- (3) Custody determination shall be based on information available at the time of review. An ICC may temporarily assign a Close Custody designation to an inmate, for a maximum of ninety (90) days, pending receipt of documents or verification of information needed to make a final determination.
- (4) Any inmate being evaluated for reduction of Close Custody shall demonstrate a record of disciplinary-free behavior and compliance with behavioral expectations, such as positive programming and participation for the last 12 months prior to the review.
- (5) The Annual Classification Committee review shall include consideration of custody reduction.
- (6) When calculating the time to be served in Close Custody in accordance with the case factor criteria, a classification committee shall count an inmate's behavior conforming to minimum expectations in the California Youth Authority (CYA) prior to the inmate's placement in CDC during the inmate's current term.
- (7) When calculating the time served in Close Custody in accordance with case factor criteria, a classification committee shall not include periods of time that an inmate was serving a determinate or indeterminate term in Security Housing Unit (SHU) or in Administrative Segregation Unit (ASU) or any segregated program housing unit.
- (8) In cases involving an escape, the date of the escapee's return to CDC custody shall be the starting date to be used in calculating the start of the Close Custody time frame.

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classification committee has determined that the inmate does not demonstrate a significant risk of escape, has no history of escape, is not a management concern, and has no active law enforcement hold.

(9) An inmate who meets the Close Custody case factor criteria and who also has a documented health care or disability special housing need, which cannot be reasonably accommodated in the existing facility shall be referred by classification committee to the Classification Staff Representative (CSR) for transfer consideration.

(10) An inmate who is identified to be a management concern shall be ineligible for custody reduction consideration below Close B Custody. Upon review and determination that an inmate no longer presents a management concern, a Unit Classification Committee shall refer the case to Institutional Classification Committee (ICC) for review. The ICC may remove the identification of the inmate as a management concern based on consideration of the inmate's long-term positive programming, evaluation of the inmate's behavior in custody, and determination that the inmate no longer presents a continuing threat to public safety warranting Close B Custody.

(11) The classification committee is to consider the inmate's length of term or remaining time to serve in light of the inmate's escape history. An immate with an escape history shall serve the longest required amount of time before becoming eligible for custody reduction below Close A Custody and shall also serve the longest required amount of time before being eligible for custody reduction below Close B Custody.

(12) An inmate who meets more than one Close A Custody case factor shall be designated Close A Custody for the longest required amount of time before becoming eligible for Close B Custody consideration.

- (13) An inmate who meets more than one case factor for Close B Custody shall serve the longest required amount of time before he or she is to be eligible for consideration of further custody reduction.
- (14) An inmate who is ineligible for further custody reduction based on any exclusionary case factor shall be precluded from further custody reduction.
- (15) Upon classification committee review and determination that an inmate meets the Close Custody criteria, the inmate shall be designated Close Custody and shall be required to complete established time frames for Close A Custody and Close B Custody in compliance with Sections 3377.2(b) and 3377.2(c). Neither the inmate's projected date of release nor the inmate's earliest possible release date shall override established time frames.
- (16). A classification committee may on a case-by-case basis consider for Medium A Custody an inmate who otherwise meets the Close Custody criteria [e.g., the minimum time periods for Close A and Close B Custody provided in subsections (b) and (c)] and who has been in CDC custody before March 2000 serving his or her instant offense. The inmate may retain Medium A Custody if the classification committee determines that the inmate's current housing, program, and in-custody behavior do not substantiate a need for supervision and restrictive housing at the level of Close Custody and one of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The inmate has already demonstrated positive programming for an equal or greater period of time at a less restrictive degree of custody during his or her present commitment and a classification committee has determined that the inmate has no history of escape, is not a management concern, is not an LWOP, and has no active law enforcement hold.
- (B) The inmate was not designated Close Custody upon initial period of incarceration and has since served more than half of the required amount of time for Close Custody at a less restrictive degree of custody, and a classification committee has determined that the inmate has no history of escape, has no active law enforcement hold, is not an LWOP, and is not a management concern.
- (C) The inmate is sentenced to a single Life term and has less than two years to be within seven years of MEPD and a

- (b) Close A Custody Case Factor Criteria: An inmate who meets any of the Close A Custody case factor criteria described in this subsection shall be assigned to Close A Custody.

  (i) Lengthy Sertence, An investe serving a sentence of Life
- (1) Lengthy Sentence. An inmate serving a sentence of Life Without the Possibility of Parole (LWOP) shall serve his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for custody reduction consideration.
- (2) Lengthy Sentence plus Management Concern and/or Escape History. An inmate who demonstrates a management concern and/or an escape history in addition to serving a lengthy sentence as defined below shall require Close A Custody:
- (A) An inmate with a management concern and/or an escape history sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (B) An inmate with a management concern and/or an escape history who is sentenced to more than one Life sentence shall serve his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (C) An inmate with a management concern and/of an escape history who is sentenced to a Life sentence shall serve at least his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (D) An inmate with a management concern and/or an escape history who is sentenced to a total term of fifteen (15) years or more but less than 50 years shall serve at least his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (3) An inmate whose precommitment and prior in-custody behavior demonstrates no management concern and reflects no escape history, but whose term of incarceration meets any of the following criteria shall require Close A Custody:
- (A) An inmate who is sentenced to a Total Term of 50 years or more shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (B) An inmate who is sentenced to more than one Life sentence shall serve at least his or her first five (5) years of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (C) An inmate who is sentenced to a Life sentence shall serve his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (D) An immate who is sentenced to a total term of 15 years or more, but less than 50 years, shall serve his or her first year of incarceration in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- (4) Escape History. An inmate with a documented escape history (as reflected in State, Federal, local or juvenile criminal history) as described in this section shall be assigned to Close A Custody:
- (A) An inmate convicted of or whose commitment offense includes Escape With Force or Attempted Escape With Force from any correctional setting or armed escort occurring within the last five (5) years of return to CDC custody shall serve his or her first eight (8) years upon receipt in CDC at Close A Custody before he or she shall be eligible for consideration of custody reduction.
- . (B) An inmate convicted of or whose commitment offense includes Escape Without Force or Attempted Escape Without

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ATTACHMENT D

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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Determinate Sentence Law (DSL) Prisoner means a person sentenced to prison under Penal Code section 1170 for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1977.

Determinate Sentencing Law (DSL) means the felon sentencing laws of the Penal Code, as they became operative July 1, 1977.

Direct and Constant Supervision means that an immate shall be monitored and observed by CDC staff, either custody staff or work supervisor as indicated in these regulations, sufficiently to account for the specific whereabouts of the immate at all times.

Director means the director of the department of corrections.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise means a business concern as defined in Military and Veterans Code section 999(g).

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper means a publication that meets all of the following criteria: (1) has an orientation relating to the disabled veteran business enterprise; (2) is known and utilized by members of the disabled veteran business enterprise community; (3) primarily offers articles, editorials (if any), and advertisements of business opportunities aimed at disabled veteran business enterprises; and (4) is readily available within the geographical area for which the advertisement is placed and for which the services are to be performed.

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise focus paper and trade, paper means a publication that meets all of the criteria of a disabled veteran business enterprise focus paper and all of the criteria of a trade paper.

Disciplinary Detention means a temporary housing status which confines inmates so assigned to designated rooms or cells for prescribed periods of time as punishment for serious rule violations.

Disciplinary Free means without any finding of guilt of a disciplinary infraction filed on a CDC Form 115, Rule Violation Report, classified as either administrative or serious.

Disruptive Group—means any gang, other than a prison gang.
Distribution means the sale or unlawful dispersing, by an inmate or parolee, of any controlled substance; or the solicitation of or conspiring with others in arranging for, the introduction of controlled substances into any institution, camp, contract health facility, or community correctional facility for the purpose of sales

Drugs means substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, and as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014. It may also include drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014.5.

Escape History refers to any reliable information or inmate self-admission in the central file to an escape, attempted escape, walkaway, or plan to escape. The available information describing the circumstances of the escape or attempted escape shall be evaluated in determining the level of risk to correctional safety and security posed by the inmate.

Examinee means a person who voluntarily takes a polygraph examination.

Ex-Offender means a person previously convicted of a felony in California or any other state, or convicted of an offense in another state, which would have been a felony if committed in California.

Execution Type Murder describes the circumstances or manner of a fatal offense in which the victim is bound, cuffed, gagged, blindfolded, or forced to assume a position from which the victim is unable to resist or flee; the victim is shot at close range; or the manner of death demonstrates that the victim had no opportunity to defend himself or herself nor to flee.

Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather; lighting conditions and hours of operation.

Federal Consecutive Prisoner means a California prisoner who is also under sentence of the United States and is confined in a federal correctional facility, and whose California term shall commence upon completion of the United States' sentence.

Field File means a working file maintained by a parole unit office containing information about a parole and his/her current parole.

Firm means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, joint venture or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture, landscape architecture, engineering, environmental services, land surveying or construction project management.

Force, as applied to escape or Attempted Escape, refers to physical contact or threat of physical harm against a person to enable or attempt the escape.

Frequent and Direct Supervision means that staff supervision of an inmate shall be sufficient to ensure that the inmate is present within the area permitted.

Friendly Witness means any witness who is not an adverse witness.

Gang means any ongoing formal or informal organization, association or group of three or more persons which has a common name or identifying sign or symbol whose members and/or associates, individually or collectively, engage or have engaged, on behalf of that organization, association or group, in two or more acts which include, planning, organizing threatening, financing, soliciting, or committing unlawful acts or acts of misconduct classified as serious pursuant to section 3315.

General Chrono means a CDC Form 128-B (Rev. 4-74) which is used to document information about immates and immate behavior. Such information may include; but is not limited to, documentation of enemies, records of disciplinary or classification matters, pay reductions or inability to satisfactorily perform a job, refusal to comply with grooming standards, removal from a program, records of parole or social service matters.

Goal means a numerically expressed disabled veteran business enterprise objective as set out in Public Contract Code section 10115(c), that awarding departments and contractors are required to make efforts to achieve.

Good Cause means a finding based upon a preponderance of the evidence that there is a factual basis and good reason for the decision made.

Good Faith Effort means a concerted effort on the part of a potential contractor to seek out and consider disabled veteranowned and operated business enterprises as potential contractors, and/or subcontractors in order to meet the program participation goals.

Grievance means a complaint about a decision, action, or policy, which an inmate, parolee or staff wishes to have changed.

Harassment means a willful course of conduct directed at a specific person, group, or entity, which seriously alarms, annoys, or terrorizes that person, group, or entity and which serves no legitimate purpose.

Heating Agent means the parole and community services division employee responsible for application of specific procedures pertaining to the parole revocation heating process; the primary liaison between the parole and community services division and the releasing authorities in matters and procedures pertaining to the parole revocation heating process.

Hearing Coordinator means an employee assigned to coordinate the revocation process within an institution or a parole and community services division region.

High Notoriety describes an inmate who must be treated as a significant escape risk due to the unusual level of public panic that his or her escape would likely cause. The risk of public panic is based upon the nature or circumstance of the inmate's crime, the inmate's criminal history, the inmate's behavior in custody, and

ATTACHMENT E

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uses the following inmate custody to establish where an inmate shall be housed and assigned, and the level of staff supervision to ensure institutional security and public safety:

3:08-cv-01497-JSW

Maximum Custody

Close A Custody

Close B Custody

Mediam A Custody

Medium B Custody

Minimum A Custody

Minimum B Custody

(1) Maximum Custody.

- (A). Housing shall be in cells in an approved segregated program housing unit as described in CCR Section 3335 and CCR subsections 3341.5(b) and 3341.5(c).
- (B) Assignments and activities shall be within the confines of the approved segregated program housing unit.
- (C) An inmate designated as Maximum Custody shall be under the direct supervision and control of custody staff.

(2) Close A Custody Male Inmates.

Housing shall be in cells within Level III and Level IV facilities in housing units located within an established facility security

- (B) Close A Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting. Close A Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the work change area.
- (C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts. Close A Custody male inmates shall be counted at noon each day.
  - (3) Close A Custody Female Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory.
- (B) Close A Custody female inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities scheduled within the hours of 0600 hours to 1800 hours unless hours are extended by the Warden to no later than 2000 hours when it is determined that visibility is not compromised in areas located within the facility security perimeter and the work change area. Bases for the extended hours include operational necessity, daylight savings time, or availability of high mast lighting.
- (C) Custody staff supervision shall be direct and constant. In addition to regular institutional counts, Close A Custody female inmates shall be counted at noon each day.
  - (4) Close B Custody Male Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility security perim-
- (B) Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II,... Level III or Level IV institution: Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited. activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.
- (C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates' assigned work hours.

- (D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - (5) Close B Custody Female Inmates.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or in a designated Close Custody dormitory located within an established facility security perimeter.
- (B) Close B Custody female inmates shall be permitted to. participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, in designated Level II, Level III and Level IV institutions. Close B Custody female inmates may participate in work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody female inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.
- (C) The work supervisor shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates during the inmates' assigned work hours.
- (D) Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - (6) Medium A Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignment and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter.
- (C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision.
- (7) Medium B Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignment and activities shall be within the facility security perimeter: Inmates may be given daytime assignments outside the facility security perimeter but must remain on facility
- (C) Custody staff shall provide frequent and direct supervision inside the facility security perimeter. Custody staff shall provide direct and constant supervision outside the facility security perimeter.
  - (8) Minimum A Custody.
- (A) Housing shall be in cells or dormitories within the facility security perimeter.
- (B) Assignment and activities may be inside or outside the facility security perimeter.
- (C) Staff supervision shall consist of at least hourly observation if assigned outside the facility security perimeter. Sufficient staff supervision of the inmate shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present if assigned inside the facility security perimeter.
  - (9) Minimum B Custody.
- .(A) Housing may be in cells or dormitories on facility grounds, in a camp, in a Minimum Support Facility (MSF) or in a community based facility such as a Community Correctional
- (B) Assignments and activities include eligibility work or program assignments located either on or off institutional grounds.
- (C) Sufficient staff supervision shall be provided to ensure the inmate is present.
- · · (b) An "R" suffix shall be affixed by a classification committee to the inmate's custody designation to alert staff of inmates who have a history of specific sex offenses.
- (1) The "R" suffix-shall be designated for any immate who was convicted of, or whose commitment offense includes an act equivalent to any of the following offenses:
- (A) Assault with intent to commit rape, sodomy, oral copulation, rape in concert with another, lascivious acts upon a child, or penetration of genitals or anus with a foreign object. [Penal Code Section 220]

ATTACHMENT F

#### Operations Manual

#### DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Operations Manual

#### 52020.4.1 Frequency of Counts

The frequency of counts shall be determined by the Warden based on the security needs of the individual facilities and custody designations of assigned inmates. Inmate activity programs shall not be scheduled to conflict with institutional counts.

#### 52020.4.2 Out Counts

To maintain continuity of operations, some inmates will not always be counted in their assigned housing units. These inmates shall be "out counted" on the job/program assignment by their supervisors. Tentative out count slips shall be submitted to control to include bed numbers, inmates name and number, and the area where the inmates are to be out counted. The tentative out counts shall be submitted no earlier than forty-five minutes prior to count and no later than thirty minutes prior to count.

#### Positive Counts

All staff who need to conduct an out count shall make a positive count, at each designated count time, and telephone the positive count into Control. Out-counted inmates shall remain under direct supervision until the count is clear. (A positive/physical count means to see and count living flesh.)

Minimum B inmates assigned outside the perimeter fence may be out-counted and returned to their assigned duties. (The exception shall be for emergency counts.)

#### 52020.4.3 Standing Counts

Inmates housed in cells shall stand at the cell door for a predetermined count at least once each day. Inmates shall remain standing until counted by the officer conducting the count. Inmates housed in dormitory housing shall sit on their assigned bed/bunk during the count.

#### 52020.4.4 Positive Counts

The actual number of inmates that each respective staff member has counted shall be reported to Control by the person who conducted the actual count. A positive count slip shall be prepared and submitted to Control showing the date, time, count total and signature of staff member conducting the positive count.

#### 52020.4.5 Negative Counts

If the Control Sergeant does not accept the positive count, a recount and a negative count shall be requested from the counting employee. A negative count is the recording of the bed numbers, upper (U) or lower (L) designation if double bed unit, of all unoccupied beds in a housing unit at count time. These bed numbers shall be recorded on a negative count slip.

The negative count slip shall be submitted to Control showing the date, time, negative bed numbers, negative bed total and signature of the staff member conducting the negative count.

#### Negative Counts Method

Upon receiving instructions from control to make a negative count, the officer shall start with the lowest number cell/room in numerical order, writing down the numbers of each unoccupied bed. Upon completion, the officer shall report/phone to Control the unoccupied beds in numerical order.

#### 52020.4.6 Emergency Counts

Emergency counts shall be conducted to establish whether an escape has occurred or in the event of an obvious escape (inmate seen climbing security fence, dummy in bed, etc.) to determine the exact identity of the inmate(s) involved. Emergency counts may be initiated by the Watch Commander or Administrative-Officer-of-the-Day (AOD) when visibility is severely restricted as delineated in DOM 52020.9.7. All inmates assigned to a state prison shall be returned to their respective housing, except for medical emergencies, and counted during the emergency count.

 An institution may establish an approved list of critical workers to be out-counted during an emergency count when such absence of critical workers could disrupt the institution operation (i.e., inmate culinary tasks).

#### 52020.4.7 Picture Count

When a positive or negative count does not clear and the identity of the out-of-place or missing inmate(s) cannot be determined, an individual picture identification check shall be made. Up-to-date pictures of all inmates shall be maintained in Control.

 Only the identification pictures of the affected housing section shall be removed from Control and taken to the housing area for a positive visual identification.

#### 52020.4.8 Emergency Count Approval

During daytime business hours, emergency counts shall be approved at a level not less than the Captain or the Watch Commander. During non-business hours, emergency counts shall be approved by the AOD or Watch Commander.

#### 52020.4.9 Count Clear Notifications

When the count is cleared, the Control Sergeant shall notify all concerned by the public address system or other available means. (The institution count is clear.)

### 52020.4.10 Count Slips

The Master Count Sheet, positive count slips, out-count slips, negative count slips, if applicable, and adding machine tape shall be secured together as one document and retained for one year. (Longer than one year if they reflect evidence of an escape.) The above documents shall be designed by facility correctional staff to meet the needs of their individual facility. (Count slips shall be prepared in blue or black ink, with time of count, actual count, location of count and the signature of counting employee. Slips shall not be altered.)

#### 52020.4.11 Informal Counts

Informal counts shall be conducted by all employees supervising inmates outside the security areas. These counts shall be made on not less than an hourly basis. Any discrepancies shall be reported to Control immediately.

#### 52020.4.12 Close Custody Counts

Close custody counts shall be conducted utilizing a positive picture identification card to count all inmates classified as Close A custody. These inmates shall be counted while they are on work assignments, on recreation time, in housing unit, or involved in any other activity. Schedule of counts shall be predetermined by individual institutions.

#### 52020.5 Control Policy

On all watches, the Control Sergeant shall log times that official counts are received on a Master Count Sheet. They shall maintain a current, accurate record of all inmates to reflect all inmate movement.

#### 52020.5.1 Running Count

The Control Sergeant shall maintain a running count. The running count shall be updated during the shift as dictated by the amount of movement. (Any movement which affects the institution count.) The running count shall be verified by cross-checking with the cardex total. This shall reduce the human error factor.

#### 52020.5.2 Cardex

The cardex shall indicate on the front of the file the total tentative capacity and also the occupied count of the tier/housing area. Each card shall have a current picture for identification and pertinent information about the assigned inmate. The Control Sergeant shall maintain constant and absolute accuracy of the cardex file.

## 52020.5.3 Daily Record of Housing and Assignment Changes

All movement and assignment changes, as they occur, shall be made by the Control Sergeant for the affected unit on a CDC Form 117. All classification and assignment changes originating from the inmate assignment officer shall be given to the Control Sergeant to update status changes on each individual inmate (supplemental CDC Form 117).

 The original CDC Form 117 (white copy) shall be retained for one year in Control.

**EXHIBIT F** 

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# DEPARTMENT OF CORRE ONS Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

### SUPPLEMENTAL PAGE

RE:

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02329

First Level Reviewer's Response

**BOSTON** 

D-03868

EW-236U

# APPEAL DECISION:

**DENIED** 

# **APPEAL ISSUE: CUSTODY/CLASS**

- In your appeal, you assert that CTF-Central Facility is not in complete compliance with the Departmental Regulations regarding Close B Custody program assignments and activities, that the Close B Custody inmates in CTF-Central Facility are being denied the programming prescribed by the California Regulatory Authority.
- 2) You claim that the mandatory language of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) in part states Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, III or IV institution.
- 3) You further state in your appeal that the Close B Custody population are Departmentally entitled to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours (i.e., yard activities during non-work hours between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours), yet when the CTF Institutional Count clears at 1700 hours, the Close B Custody inmates are denied any further access to the yard privileges that the rest of the non-Close Custody inmate population is able to utilize. You allege that this is essentially "removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general population" and that CTF O.P. #34 presently contains a local restriction that violates the CCR Title 15, prohibiting Close B Custody inmates from full access to program activities.
- 4) In your appeal you also claim that according to CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2) and (5) that by denying Close B Custody inmates yard activities up to 2000 hours, CTF is effectively denying inmates who have not been found guilty of any disciplinary violation, nor had their custody classification changed; and that the disparity in treatment of non-Close Custody and Close B Custody inmates is not only adverse, and unfair, but also in violation of recognized Departmental policies, is in effect an act of discrimination against a particular class of inmates.

CTF-C-06-023
First Level Reviewer's Response
Page 2 of 3

- 5) Additionally you state in your appeal that the issue of Close B Custody inmates not being allowed to go beyond the work change area is local policy only, per CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B), and should be applicable to Close A Custody inmates rather than Close B Custody inmates.
- 6) You request that #1) CTF-Central Facility provide the "full" opportunity to program assignments and activities between 0600 hours and 2000 hours and that #2) O.P. #34 (and any other relevant O.P. sections) be revised to reflect your citings in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1.
- 7) You want your appeal to be bypassed to the Second Level in accordance with CCR Title 15 § 3084.5 (b) because it violates CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 by a policy implemented by CTF's Institution Head.

# **APPEAL RESPONSE:**

Inmate BOSTON, on August 27, 2006, at approximately 1600 hours, I (Lt. R. Lynch) reviewed this inmate appeal (CTF-C-06-02329).

Due to CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (A)(4)(B), which you cite in your appeal, it is clear that Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. You are seeking evening yard program, yet the CCR is clear that the Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities...when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit... This would therefore eliminate your claim to evening yard access.

In CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c), another citation in your appeal, it is clearly stated that ...Inmate privileges shall be governed by an inmate's behavior, custody classification and assignment. Also, ...Institutions may provide additional incentives for each privilege group, subject to availability of resources and constraints imposed by security needs.... Thus, this institution's lack of available resources and constraints imposed by security needs justifies the current Close B Custody criteria at CTF-Central Facility.

Your use of CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2), being another example of the unfair treatment of Close B Custody inmates is not applicable, since the majority of the Close B Custody inmates are not Close B Custody for disciplinary reasons, but classification reasons. CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(5) is also determined by a classification designation.

Central Facility is in complete compliance with Departmental Regulations regarding Close B Custody inmates, it is not feasible to give the inmates classified as Close B Custody the "full" opportunity to program assignments and activities between 0600 hours and 2000 hours, due to CTF-Central Facility's available resources and constraints imposed by security needs, your appeal will be Denied.

a W

CTF-C-06-023 First Level Reviewer's Response Page 3 of 3

Once again, inmate appeal (CTF-C-06-02329) is **DENIED** at this level of review.

R. Lynch

Correctional Lieutenant CTF-Central Facility

J. Soares

Correctional Captain CTF-Central Facility

cc: Appeals Office File Inmate's Central File

**EXHIBIT G** 

9b A-1

# Request for Second Level Review CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 (continued)

invalidated because that review violates the requirements of Administrative Law and Departmental policy. The MAC initially requested a bypass to the Second Level for review in accordance with the provisions of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 15, Section 3084.5(e)(1). Because the person who signed and authorized the implementation of Operations Procedure (OP) #34 was the institution head (Warden), his actions cannot be reviewed by a subordinate at the rank of a Correctional Lieutenant or modified by a subordinate at the rank of Associate Warden. In this matter, the issues being appealed by the MAC on the behalf of Close B Custody members of the general population involve the provisions and restrictions imposed on Close B Custody inmates by OP #34, signed by acting Warden B. Curry on June 21, 2006, the only person authorized by the Department to review the OP would be Warden Curry. The MAC is appealing those provisions of OP #34, which they believe conflict with the specific program provisions for Close B Custody inmates defined by the language contained in CCR, Title 15 §3377.1. As previously stated, DOM §51020.1 prohibits the creation of new policies or regulations by supplements (OPs) that change or reinterpret regulations. Because the pertinent part of CCR, Title 15 §3084.5(e) states: "Formal appeals shall not be reviewed by a staff person who...is of lower administrative rank than any participating staff..." a subordinate administrative staff member or Correctional Lieutenant cannot respond in a matter that is the responsibility of the Warden who has implemented this OP as the institution head.

The First Level Responder failed to address the main tenets raised in this appeal, which provide for Close B Custody programming, which are separate and distinct from the program provisions for Close A Custody programming. In a further attempt to clarify our position, the MAC respectfully directs the Administration's attention to the following information. CCR Title 15 and the DOM establish clear and separate criteria and provisions for Close B Custody program access and assignments. The MAC cites the following specific provisions and constructive language included in the CCR and DOM (bold/italicized print has been utilized for added emphasis of relative points).

CCR Title 15 §3000 contains four definitions relative to **Designated Level II Housing**, Facility Security Perimeter, and Security Parameters:

- 1. "Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores."
  - The MAC asserts that CTF Central Facility Level II Housing within the Central Facility security perimeter contains celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores, exactly as defined by §3000.
- 2. "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation.
  - The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.
  - 3. "Secure Perimeter means the largest Security Perimeter that physically retains inmates in custody on facility property."
    - The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.
  - 4. "Secure Perimeter means any unbroken physical barrier or combination of physical barriers that restricts inmate movement to a contained area without being process through a door, gate or sally port."

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• The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.

# 'CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 – Request for Second Level Response Page 2

CCR Title 15 §3000.5 establishes the Rules of Construction, which apply to salient points in the MAC's grievance.

CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(A-C) establish the following points relative to this grievance:

- 1. Subsection (A) states that Close B inmates' "...housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility secure perimeter."
  - The MAC asserts that the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are not prohibited by the parameters of this definition.
- 2. Subsection (B) states "Close B inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution. Close B inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter.
  - The MAC asserts that the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are specifically authorized by the parameters of this definition.
- 3. Subsection (C) provided for the direct and constant supervision of work supervisors during the inmates' assigned work hours
  - The MAC asserts that staffing for the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are adequate to meet the parameters of this definition.
- 4. Subsection (D) provides for the direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.
  - The MAC asserts that staffing for the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are adequate to meet the parameters of this definition.

The crux of this appeal is that CTF has refused for years to comply with the Legislative and Departmental mandates outlined in CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B), which delineate the opportunities for Close B inmates to participate in program assignments and activities within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, between 0600 and 2000 Hours. CTF Central Facility is clearly and unambiguously a designated Level II institution within a facility security perimeter, which should provide inmates who are designated as Close B Custody with entitlement to participate in program assignments and activities up until 2000 Hours. At this time, CTF does not permit Close B Custody inmates to participate in this mandated access to program activities on the recreation yard beyond 1500 Hours. The First Level Responder never addressed this tenet in his response.

The First Level Responder confined his response to the second element of the section cited above, focusing on limited program activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. The Responder emphasized the usage of the permissive word "...may..." in the context of that issue. The MAC's main tenet however, focuses on the program opportunities afforded in the first portion of the cited CCR section, which contains the mandatory wording "...shall..." when referring to Close B Custody inmates opportunity to access program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours. The MAC asserts that this wording imposes an obligation on and duty on CTF to provide Close B Custody inmates with program activities during the designated hours. To this extent, CTF is not in compliance with Legislative and Departmental mandates.

# CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 – Request for Second Level Response Page 3

The First Level Responder also attempts to excuse CTF's failure to provide mandated programming under the guise of available resources and constraints imposed by security needs. The courts have not allowed institutions to excuse themselves with program responsibilities and the Responder was provided with the Department's own direction, published in Issue #17 of *The Insighter* (Attachment A). The circumstances discussed in this article were similar to those existing at CTF in that a CDC institution was denying Close B Custody inmates with program activities during the program hours specified by the CCR. The court ruled that an "...institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." In the present matter, CTF seeks to advance different theories and reasons to contravene the Legislative and Departmental guidelines.

Based upon the foregoing information and material previous submitted by the MAC, the MAC requests that the Second Level Response address the following specific issues and requests for action expressed in our appeal:

- 1. Invalidate the findings of the First Level Response.
- 2. Address the main tenet of that appeal, which pertains to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours.
- 3. Resolve the discrepancy(ies) that exist because of CTF's non-compliance with CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B) pertaining to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours.

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman
CTF-Central Facility

October 13, 2006

**EXHIBIT H** 

# Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

# Second Level Reviewer's Response

DATE:

November 28, 2006

TO: BOSTON

D-03868

EW-236U

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02329

**APPEAL DECISION:** 

DENIED

**APPEAL ISSUE:** (Custody/Class)

# **APPEAL RESPONSE:**

In your appeal you request the following items be answered at the Second Level of appeal:

- (1) That the First Level response be invalidated.
- (2) That CTF address the main tenet of the First Level appeal, which pertains to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 hours.
- (3) That CTF resolve the discrepancy(ies) that exist because of CTF's non-compliance with CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B) pertaining to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 hours.

On August 27, 2006, you were interviewed by Lieutenant R. Lynch to provide you the opportunity to explain your appeal and present supporting information or documents.

A thorough review of your appeals' package and all of your attachments has been completed and reveals the following:

- (1) The Appeals Coordinator at CTF reviewed this appeal and it was processed for a First Level response. It is now at the Second Level, which you request.
- (2) Operations Procedure #34 states in part: Close B Custody, Level II inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, ie., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility security perimeter (West Gate to East Gate. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.
- (3) Operation Procedure #34 clearly states that Close B Custody inmates are permitted to participate in programs within Central Facility between 0600 and 2000 hours with exceptions being made until 2200 hours.
- (4) Close Custody inmates at CTF are not permitted to go beyond the West Gate for night yard privileges.

Second Level Reviewer's Reserved Second Level Reviewer's Reserved Second Log # CTF-C-052...045
Page 2 of 2

You have not provided any new or additional information. Therefore, based on the aforementioned, your appeal is being denied at the Second Level of Review.

Reviewed By:

C. Noll, Associate Warden, Central Facility

Date

D.4-

cc:

Appeals Office File Inmate's Central File

EXHIBIT I

7

# REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR'S LEVEL REVIEW OF INMATE APPEAL CTF# 06-02329

# (Continued)

and the Administration in the assignment of staff for appellate responses, particularly when the issues involve institutional policy(ies). The MAC respectfully requests that the Director's Level Review acknowledge and address the points raised in the MAC's request for a Second Level Review and the points, which follow, that address the institutional response.

- 1. The Second Level response neatly sidesteps acknowledgement or granting the MAC's request for invalidating the First Level response to an institutional policy issue by a Correctional Lieutenant, signed off by a Correctional Captain. The MAC continues to assert that Operations Procedures, signed by the Warden, constitute institutional policy decisions and directives that are not subject to the review or commentary by his subordinates in the implementation of that policy. This remains a substantial problem at CTF. Correctional Officers, Correctional Supervisors, and bargaining unit officials routinely obstruct, contradict, or redirect the application and implementation of institutional policy. Their actions extend to personal interpretation of statutory/regulatory rulings and circumvention of state and federal law. The Administration is unable to effectively counter or discipline the actions of bargaining unit officials who erect a de facto "Green Wall" against the adoption of changes that would normalize programming access and opportunities at this institution.
- The institution's response quotes the local Operations Procedure (OP) #34, which partially governs program access and participation by Close B Custody inmates. Again, the institution neatly sidesteps the key issue. CTF's OP's are not in compliance with California Regulatory Law and the DOM. They do not address, acknowledge, comment, or provide an "institutional interpretation" of the ten, specific citation of the CCR presented by the MAC in this appeal. Those actions and the "creation" of OP's that contravene the regulations under which they operate violate departmental policy as defined in DOM §51020.1. That section states: "Supplements shall:...Not create new policy/regulation. Clarify and not duplicate or conflict with the DOM provisions." The language of OP #34 clearly violates the mandatory language contained in the CCR. That language negates the discretion of CTF to apply its own interpretation of Close B Custody program access, activities and assignments.
- The institution's reliance on the language contained in their OP to demonstrate that Close Becastody in inmates "...are permitted to participate in programs within Containing the containing of program inmates "... are permitted to participate in programs within Central Facility between 0600 and 200 hours with exceptions being made until 2200 hours..." are contradicted by other language contained in the QP and the actual practices engaged in by CTF staff. The OP's partial adoption of language from the CCR and the DOM, while excluding the complete provisions of regulatory law and Departmental policy, side steps the issue of evening yard access and program activities in the housing units between 2000-2100 Hours. The difference between what an OP "clearly states" and the reality of program practices is "day and night."
- 4. The institution does not justify why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the West Gate for night yard. Again, the institution chooses to ignore the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

The MAC charges that CTF is deliberately indifferent and in violation of law by their failure to provide the mandated programming under a variety of guises and ignoring cautionary advice published in The Insighter, a Departmental publication; thereby contravening rulings in the state courts, Legislative intent and Departmental guidelines.

Recent changes to the daily program schedule of activities, articulated in OP#40, further restrict and violate Close B Custody inmates' access to assignments and program activities in the course of a normal program day.

(See Reverse)

The MAC asserts that CTF does not have a reasonable interest or legitimate penological interest in contravening the regulations under which it operates.

The MAC's position is simply that the institution should be in *complete, not "selective"* compliance with California Regulatory Law. The institutional position is in direct conflict with the CCR, in that California Regulatory Law establishes the parameters that institutions *shall* (mandatory language) operate under and the expectation that they will carry out their duties within those defined parameters

The MAC is requesting the Director's Level Response direct:

- 1. Instruct CTF that all local procedures must be in full compliance with any applicable provisions of California Regulatory Law and Departmental policy, especially where those procedures apply to access to program assignments and activities by Close B Custody inmates housed within the institution.
- 2. Instruct CTF to immediately amend any of the several local OP's with provisions that directly contradict or do not reflect complete compliance with California Regulatory Law and applicable provisions of the DOM.

Respectfully submitted,

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman

**CTF-Central Facility** 

December 22, 2006

**EXHIBIT J** 

Filed 03/18/2008

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION INMATE APPEALS BRANCH P. O. BOX 942883 SACRAMENTO, CA 94283-0001

## DIRECTOR'S LEVEL APPEAL DECISION

Date:

MAR 1 6 2007

In re:

Boston, D-03868 Correctional Training Facility P.O. Box 686 Soledad, CA 93960

IAB Case No.: 0607538

Local Log No.: CTF 06-02329

This matter was reviewed on behalf of the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) by Appeals Examiner J. G. Arceo, Facility Captain. All submitted documentation and supporting arguments of the parties have been considered.

- I APPELLANT'S ARGUMENT: It is the appellant's position that he disputes the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section (CCR) and CDC Operations Manual Section's polices and procedures at it relates to inmates designated with Close "B" custody. The appellant reports that Correctional Training Facility (CTF) us essentially removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general inmate population at CTF-Central (C) who would otherwise be entitled to and eligible for same. He requests that CTF's policies and procedures be brought into compliance with regulatory law and departmental policy. Further, he asks that CTF's Close "B" inmates be granted full and equitable opportunities for Inmate Work/Training Incentive Program assignments and activities between 0600 and 2000 hours, pursuant to the CCR 3377.1.
- II SECOND LEVEL'S DECISION: The reviewer found that the institution is in compliance with Operational Procedure #34 regarding programs within CTF-C, Close "B" inmates are permitted to participate in. The Operational Procedure also addresses the programs and activities Close "B" Level II inmates shall be permitted to attend during the hours of 0600 and 2000. The First and Second Levels of appeal have provided responses within departmental policy for this issue.

#### III DIRECTOR'S LEVEL DECISION: Appeal is denied.

A. FINDINGS: The appellant has failed to present evidence that he is aware of all security concerns within the CTF. The Warden is charged by law with the responsibility to ensure the safety of staff, inmates, and public safety. The Warden has indicated that he will consider Men's Advisory Council recommendations. Pursuant to the California Penal Code Section 2933, inmates are not guaranteed a specific assignment but are afforded the opportunity for a credit qualifying assignment as provided by institutional and departmental resources. Unfortunately, Close custody inmates are limited by numerous criteria to ensure their safe custody and accountability. Given the inmate population at CTF and available resources not all inmates will be assigned to the job of his choice or in a specific area of a facility. The appellant has failed to establish that the Warden has violated the intent of the law. The Warden must ensure that recommendations submitted by any inmate or group of inmates on behalf of the entire inmate population ensure institutional safety and security, are within the intent of established law and reasonable penological interest. The appellant's appeal issues have received the required reviews. The appellant has not supported his requested action. No intervention at the Director's Level of Review is warranted.

#### B. BASIS FOR THE DECISION:

CCR: 3001, 3270, 3272, 3274, 3375, 3377, 3377.1, 3377.2, 3380

C. ORDER: No changes or modifications are required by the institution.

BOSTON, D-03868 CASE NO. 0607538 PAGE 2

This decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to the appellant within CDCR.

N. GRANNIS, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

cc: Warden, CTF

Appeals Coordinator, CTF

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T. >

**EXHIBIT K** 

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

INMATE/PAROLEE APPEAL FORM CDC 602 (12/87) Location: Institution Parole Region CIF-C

0°6 - 0 2 8 7 3

B Category 15

You may appeal any policy, action or decision which has a significant adverse affect upon you. With the exception of Serious CDC 115s, classification committee actions, and classification and staff representative decisions, you must first informally seek relief through discussion with the appropriate staff member, who will sign your form and state what action was taken. If you are not then satisfied, you may send your appeal with all the supporting documents and not more than one additional page of comments to the Appeals Coordinator within 15 days of the action taken. No reprisals will be taken for using the appeals procedure responsibly.

for using the appeals procedure responsibly.		
A. BOSTON, Avare D-03868	MAC CHAIRMAN/MAC.001	UNIT/ROOM NUMBER EW-236U
A. Describe Problem: This immate appeal is being		
Council (MAC) on behalf of the general p	population, pursuant to California Co	ode of Reg-
ulation (CCR), Title 15, §§ 3084.1 and 3	3084.5 and the Department 3 Operation	ns Manual (DOM)
§ 53120.12 in their entirety. In order	to seek timely resolution of this ma	atter, we are
requesting that the appeal be bypassed t	to the Second Level. The factors in	volved in this
appeal are as follows: CTF-Central Facil	lity is a part of the Correctional Tr	raining Facilit
(CTF), a state prison. The facility car	n house approximately 2,828 general p	population
immates. Specifically, the facility how		
If you need more space, attach one additional sheet.	CONTINUED ON ADDITIONAL	
B Action Requested The MAC is requesting that (	CTF's policies and Operations Procedu	ures he brought
into complete compliance with regulatory	y law and CDCR policy. Specifically	CTF's Close
R Custody immates should be granted full	l and equitable opportunities for IW	TIP program
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Inmate/Parolee Signature: A. Roston, MAC Chairman	CONTINUED ON ADDITIONAL	SHEET / 2///
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D. FORMAL LEVEL	ົດ.	-
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CDC 602 (12/87)

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G. REVIEWER'S ACTIO	N (Complete within 10 working o	days): Date assigned:	-2006 Due Date: 00	717-20
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		_	of those Close B Cus	
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Aj 3		•	Date:	

Page 8 of 104

#### Problem (Continued):

a lassified by CDCR as Level II, Close-B Custody, representing 25% of the total general population,. CCR Title 15 defines and incorporates the provisions for their program expectations according to their inmate custody designations. Those program expectations are supported by corresponding program policy articulated in the DOM. Central Facility's general population is represented by an elected inmate advisory council (MAC). The MAC's function, as described in CCR Title 15 and the DOM is to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff, those matters of common interest and concern to the inmate general population. In pursuit of that mandate, the MAC has met on multiple occasions with the CTF Administration concerning equal access to Level II program assignment opportunities for all Close Custody inmates, which would be consistent with regulatory law and Departmental policy. Despite those efforts, the MAC has been confronted with reports that supervisory and rank & file staff are attributing the continuing program changes that adversely affect all general population inmates to "an agreement or decision reached between the Administration and the MAC." The program circumstances, which the MAC is grieving are defined by Operations Procedures (OP) #34 and #40.

The MAC asserts that the restrictive language and circumstances imposed by OP #34 and OP #40 have an explicit, negative impact on Close B Custody inmates, which contradict the regulatory language of CCR Title 15 and the policy provisions of the DOM. The result of those restrictions is to effectively deny those inmates program assignments to which they are entitled.

- The latest revision of OP #34, signed by Ms. P. Barker for Warden A. P. Kane on April 3, 2006, contains the following pertinent language on pages 3 and 4: "Close B, Level II inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility security perimeter (West Gate to East Gate). Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. No Close Custody inmates will be assigned to the Culinary with access to the Loading Dock, Laundry/Clothing Room, Lower East Corridor, or areas outside the East Gate."
- Former Warden J. Hamlet signed the last revision of OP #40 on October 24, 2002. Although this critical OP has not been officially revised in four years, numerous, substantial changes in program routine have been instituted, which are contrary to the provisions of the signed OP available to the general population. The OP cites the West Corridor Grill Gate and Yard Fence Gate as the portals for Central Facility Recreation Yard access and egress. The OP also establishes specific procedures for Yard Recall and Counts that directly impact the Close B inmate population at CTF-Central. Although the provisions for Close Custody Counts are also discussed in OP #11, which governs Inmate Count and Movement, there is no actual description or delineation of Close Custody inmate movement contained in that OP. In accordance with OP #40, Close B inmates are recalled from yard activities at 1100 hours, but not counted until 1215 Hours. They are counted with all other inmates at 1700 Hours; separately at 2000 Hours as Close Custody inmates; and again at 2130 Hours with all other inmates. This is done in spite of the fact that neither the CCR nor the DOM requires additional counts for Close B Custody inmates. The OP explicitly limits evening program to showers only prior to meals and excludes any release to the yard for Red Card Holders who are Close Custody inmates after the completion of the evening meal. There are no specific provisions for Close B inmates' participation in Inmate Activity Groups between the hours of the 1700 Hour Institutional Count and the 2000 Hour Close Custody Count. The combined result of the provisions created by OP #40 for the counting, release and movement of Close B Custody inmates is the imposition of demonstrable restrictions on their IWTIP program assignments and participation.
- It is perhaps instructive to note that OP #80, CTF's Mission Statement, states that Central Facility is a "training and work-oriented facility that provides comprehensive academic, vocational and industrial programs for Level II inmates." The statement asserts that there are a "variety of self-improvement programs, academic classes, vocational classes, literacy program, and work assignments available for minimum and medium custody inmates." There is no specific mention of program and work assignment provisions for close custody inmates. Significantly, OP #80 also states CTF "has a secured-armed perimeter. There are armed towers spaced around the perimeter, each of which is staffed and armed with lethal as well as less lethal weapons. The perimeter of each of the facilities contains separate vehicle and pedestrian sallyports, whose overlooking towers are staffed 24 hours per day."

CCR Title 15 and the DOM establish clear criteria and provisions for Close B Custody program access and assignments (bold/italicized print has been added for emphasis of relative points).

- CCR §3000 contains four definitions relative to Designated Level II Housing, Facility Security Perimeter, and Security Perimeters.
  - "Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores."
  - 2. "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation."
  - "Secure Perimeter means the largest Security Perimeter that physically retains inmates in custody on facility property."
  - 4. "Secure Perimeter means any unbroken physical barrier or combination of physical barriers that restricts inmate movement to a contained area without being processed through a door, gate or sallyport."
- CCR §3000.5 establishes the "Rules of Construction," which apply to salient points in the MAC's grievance.

[OVER]

- CR §3377.1(a)(4)(A-C) establishes the following points to this grievance:
  - o Subsection (A) states that Close B inmates "housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility secure perimeter."
  - o Subsection (B) states "Close B inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter."
  - o Subsection (C) provides for the direct and constant supervision of work supervisors during the inmates' assigned work hours. Subsection (D) provides for the direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all times.

CCR 3377.1(a)(4)(B) mandates the opportunity for Close B inmates to participate in program assignments within the facility secure perimeter including beyond the work change. The MAC asserts that CTF is not allowed to restrict inmates from program assignments to areas strictly defined by the "East and West Gates" (as imposed by OP #34). The MAC further asserts that the institution has developed local definitions of the facility security perimeter that are contrary to the regulatory language contained in CCR Title 15. The Culinary areas (including the back dock), the Clothing and Laundry Rooms, Receiving and Release, the Central Facility Vocational classrooms and the Prison Industry Authority are all clearly located within CTF-Central Facility's actual security perimeter as determined by regulatory law and CDCR policy. There is no legitimate penological interest demonstrated by the institution's restriction of the assignment and participation of Close B inmates in these areas, especially during daylight hours. The determination of the "East and West Gates" as an arbitrary definition constitutes an underground regulation imposed by CTF (with possible undue influence by Custody bargaining units). The "policy," which establishes the East and West Gates as the "security perimeter," immediately contradicted by the ability of Close B inmates to participate in Recreation Yard activities between the approximate hours of 0900 to 1500 Hours. The Central Facility Recreation Yard is clearly outside the West Gate. Close B inmate assignments in Medical and Education are all located beyond the Lower East Corridor, another arbitrary boundary established in the language of OP #34. In addition, the restrictions imposed by CTF against Close B inmate work or program assignments (Vocations & PIA) deny those inmates access to the benefits implied in CTF's "Mission Statement" (even though they are specifically excluded from CTF's mission at this time). Close B inmates have no ("zero") access to vocational programs, absolutely essential to the parole requirements imposed by the Board of Parole Hearings on life term inmates. Close B immates have no ("zero") opportunity to participate in PIA assignments. As a result, those immates are denied access to PIA's primary function, which is inmate work programming. Close B inmates are denied the opportunity to participate in PIA's Inmate Employability Program, which would document and certify their skills, work experiences and work habits while assigned to PIA Enterprises. This eliminates Close B inmates' possible participation in another desirable parole requirement sought by the Board of Parole Hearings. The result of this denial of IWTIP program access is a direct and indirect impact on the liberty interests of Close B inmates regarding their parole opportunities.

For the last six years, CTF has failed to demonstrate any interest in improving the program opportunities for Close B inmates and has engaged in an ongoing degradation of Close B assignment opportunities. The previous attempt by former Warden A. P. Kane to create Close B access to vocational programming was withdrawn by the present Administration. CTF has been apprised of CDCR's internal view of denying Close B Custody Program Access, published in the Inmate Appeals Branch Insighter (see Attachment A - Issue #17, dated 2003 - "A Court Weighs in on Application of Regs"), but has failed to respond. CTF's Close B inmates are disproportionately unemployed and underassigned. Only a third of Close B inmates are actually assigned to jobs/education. Over half the A1A Close B inmates are unassigned and cannot find a job or vocational assignment (See Attachment B). Close B inmates previously worked for decades throughout the institution, without any evidence of a legitimate penological concern or security incidents at CTF that would support denying them access to which they are entitled under regulatory law and CDCR policy. DOM §51020.1 specifically directs that "Supplements shall not create new policy/regulation." A regulation "implements, interprets or makes more specific the provisions of statute, case law or regulation of controlling agencies... imposes requirements which shall be met to qualify for general entitlement or privileges available to inmates..." CDCR policy clearly directs that supplements (OP's) shall comply and expound on the implementation of regulations and not contract them. OP #34 is clearly not in compliance with regulatory law or CDCR policy. As a result, CTF's Close B Custody inmate population is being adversely affected without avenue(s) for relief. The MAC's attempts to address these discrepancies through constructive dialogue, input and recommendations have been dismissed by the CTF Administration and the Close B inmate general population continues to suffer as a consequence. The CCR and the DOM explicitly establish that CTF-Central Facility's Close B inmates, housed in a designated Level II housing, are entitled to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area. Close B Custody inmates' IWTIP program entitlements are being denied or obstructed by policies and procedures adopted and imposed by the CTF Administration.

Action Requested (Continued):

contained in OP's #34 and #40, as well as any other relevant OP's, be revised to comply with the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman
CTF-Central Facility

August 31, 2006

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InmateAppeals Branch 916-358-2417

E. Alameida, Jr., Director CDC K. Kinser, Chf. Dep. Director Support Services E.A. Mitchell, Dep. Duector Policy and Eval Div. Nola Grannis, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

Office Staff Sandy Brady, SWPT Sharon Candalot, AGPA Dee Anne Cooper, WPT Morenda Hamarlund, OT irie Hoogland, WPT Mary Morairty, AGPA Renee Welsh, OT

Appeals Examiners Ken Aften, SSM-I Jocelynni Arceo, FC Judy Burleson, SSM-I Pio Emigies, FC Randy Floto, FC Maya Hodges-Wilkinis, FC Thuck Hollis, FC Tony Loftin, FC lane Pearson, FC Derek Porter, FC 'erry Stocker, FC Betsy Sullivan; SSH-I one Suiges, SSM-I



A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF...

Greetings! Before becoming chief, I had the pleasure of working with most of the appeals coordinators and their staff; therefore, I have a feeling of continued confidence in the abilities of those around me. This year should bring with it some interesting challenges including significant changes in law, regulation, and policy. Many of you are currently feeling the crush of appeals regarding frontal nuidity, the ban on smoking products, and soon-restitution and Plata complaints. I would like to ask your cooperation in maintaining the integrity of the exhaustion requirement pursuant to the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This act gave us the ability to thwart premature filings in the courts, resulting in their immediate dismissal for failure to exhaust by administrative appeal. The way to best support the reform act is through strict adherence to appeal time limits. Too many First or Second Level responses address the appellant's failure, without cause, to meet time constraints, yet proceed to respond as if they had. Instead of preventing future litigation, the response commits CDC to follow this appeal to its end. More often than not, this means court, and court represents much time, effort, and money. If an appellant has no legitimate excuse for delayed submittal/resubmittal, then the appeal should be screened out for untimeliness, thereby preventing access to court.

#### THIRD PARTY INTERVENTION ON BEHALF OF AN INMATE/PAROLEE APPELLANT

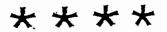
Inmates and parolees have a right to appeal CDC decisions, actions, conditions, or policies that adversely affect them. No other inmate or parolee shall submit a CDC 602 on behalf of another inmate or parolee. Nonetheless, an appellant may obtain the assistance of another person, including an inmate or parolee, in preparing the appeal. Institution staff shall provide the assistance necessary to inmates who have difficulty communicating in written English to afford access to the appeal process. These are CDC regulations.

To what extent may an appellant be represented by a third party, such as a parent, an inmate, or an attorney? Third parties may assist and even ghostwrite appeals for an appellant. This is especially relevant to a disabled inmate who cannot write a CDC 602. The CDC 602 must be submitted over the appellant's signature and through the appellant, not a third party. If the appellant cannot sign his or her own name, a staff member should interview the appellant and obtain a verbal or other acknowledgement that the CDC 602 was knowingly submitted by the appellant and the content represents the appellant's position. The employee should write on the CDC 602 that the interview was conducted and the circumstances of the appellant's concurrence. Responses to the appeal should be directed to the appellant, not the third party. Staff assistance to communicate the response for a disabled appellant should be provided as necessary and documented. (CCR 3084.1, 3084.2, 3084.3)

#### A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs

A recent California court decision ' to grant an inmate's writ of habeas corpus serves as a reminder to CDC that we must follow our established regulations. The inmate petitioner asserted that the institution . failed follow CCR 3377.1 which establishes Close "B" Custody program and activity hours. The response at each level of appeal cited a variety of justifications to establish different program hours. First level: the rule changes were permissive and the institution had the authority to amend them: the court ruled that the language was mandatory. Second level: DOM permitted the institution to retain prior policy; the court ruled that DOM does not supercede the CCR. Third reasonable level: penological interest existed to change the hours; the court ruled that institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates. While some regulations may seem to be outdated or inconvenient, CDC is held to compliance.

Recommendations revise regulations should be submitted through the chain command headquarters staff.



# CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT PROFILE

as of: August 22, 2006

CLOSE CUSTODY INMATE HOUSING	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	57	252	254	562
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	11	76	105	192 34.1%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	35	150	121	306 54.4%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	6	27	25	<b>58</b> 10.3%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	5	0	1	6 <1%

TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES BY AREA OF ASSIGNMENT	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
EDUCATION	10 (-)	40	52 (-)	102 (-)
HOUSING UNIT WORKERS	1	30 (~)	28 (-)	59 (-)
RECREATION YARD CREW	0	2	9	11
CORRIDOR WORKERS	0	2_	. 8	. 10
INFIRMARY WORKERS	0	0	6	6
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS POSITIONS	0	2	2 (-)	4 (-)

COMPARISON WITH GENERAL POPULATION	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
CENTRAL FACILITY MEDIUM/MINIMUM CUSTODY	197	0	0	2828
CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	57 2.0% OF POPULATION	252 8.9% OF POPULATION	253 8.9% OF POPULATION	562 19.8% OF POPULATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	11 <1%	<b>76</b> 2.7%	<b>105</b> 3.7%	<b>192</b> 6.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	35 1.2%	150 5.3%	<b>121</b> 4.3%	<b>306</b> 10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	6 <1%	<b>27</b> <1%	<b>25</b> <1%	<b>58</b> 2%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<b>5</b> .<1%	0	1 <1%	<b>6</b> <1%

<sup>\*</sup>EXCLUDES X & O-WING POPULATION

1 1 0 -1 L

# CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT PROFILE

as of: March 3, 2006

CLOSE CUSTODY INMATE HOUSING	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	66	253	254	573
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	12	74	114	<b>200</b> 34.9%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	39	153	116	<b>308</b> 53.7%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	13	26	23	<b>62</b> 10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	2	0	1	3 <1%

TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES BY AREA OF ASSIGNMENT	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
EDUCATION	12	37	58	107
HOUSING UNIT WORKERS	0	32	29	61
RECREATION YARD CREW	0	2	9	11
CORRIDOR WORKERS	0	2	8	10
INFIRMARY WORKERS	0	0	6	6
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS POSITIONS	0	1	4	5

COMPARISON WITH GENERAL POPULATION	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
CENTRAL FACILITY MEDIUM/MINIMUM CUSTODY	188	0 .	0	2828
CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	66 2.3% OF POPULATION	253 8.9% OF POPULATION	254 9% OF POPULATION	573 20.3% OF POPULATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	12 <1%	<b>74</b> 2.6%	114 4%	<b>200</b> 7%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<b>39</b> 1.3%	153 5.4%	<b>116</b> 4.1%	<b>308</b> 10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	13 <1%	<b>26</b> <1%	<b>23</b> <1%	<b>62</b> 2%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<b>2</b> <1%	0	1 <1%	<b>3</b> <1%

<sup>\*</sup>EXCLUDES X & O-WING POPULATION

C.IT 2 2 4

EXHIBIT L

#### DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

RE:

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02873

Second Level Reviewer's Response

**BOSTON** 

D-03868

EW-236U

APPEAL DECISION:

**DENIED** 

<u>APPEAL ISSUE:</u> CUSTODY/CLASSIFICATION (Category 2)

You are filing an appeal as the CTF Central Men's Advisory Council (MAC) Chairperson on behalf of the general population. You cite CCR, Title 15, Section 3084.1, 3084.5 and Departmental Operations Manual (DOM) Section 53120.12.

- You claim Operational Procedures #34 and #40 have an explicit negative impact on Close B custody inmates.
- You claim CTF's definition of security perimeter (Westgate and East gate) is out of compliance with departmental regulations.
- You claim there are too many counts for Close B custody inmates. You assert CTF is not allowed to restrict inmates from program assignments to areas strictly defined by the "East and West gates."
- You claim Close B inmates have no opportunity to participate in vocational and Prison Industry Authority (PIA) programs.

#### **ACTION REQUESTED:**

The MAC is requesting CTF's policies and operational procedures be brought into complete compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy. Specifically, CTF's Close B Custody inmates should be granted full and equitable opportunities for IWTIP program assignments in accordance with the provisions of CCR, Section 3377.1. You also request that language contained in OP #34 and #40, as well as any other relevant OP's be revised to comply with the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

#### APPEAL RESPONSE:

On October 16, 2006, you were interviewed by acting Associate Warden J. C. Sisk concerning this appeal. You provided background information concerning the MAC's position on this issue and stated in essence that all the information was in the appeal.

A thorough review of the appeals package and all your attachments, Operational Procedures, CCR sections and DOM sections has been completed and reveals the following:

- CCR Section 3084.1. Right to appeal. This section describes an individual inmate's ability to file an appeal.
- CCR Section 3084.5. Levels of appeal review and disposition. This section describes why you requested this appeal be bypassed to the Second Level of Review because you are contesting a policy or procedure implemented by the institution head.

Second Level Reviewer's Response CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873 Page 2 of 3

- DOM Section 53120.12, Inmate Advisory Committee Appeals. This section gives the authority to the MAC to file an appeal on any decision or action when the matter is not resolved through normal MAC communication channels with the Warden. This section continues on to state, "Warden's staff and the (IACs) are urged to consider every reasonable means to resolve issues at the lowest possible level before utilizing the appeals process."
- CCR Section 3270, Security-General Policy states, "The primary objectives of the correctional institutions are to protect the public by safely keeping persons committed to the custody of the Director of Corrections, and to afford such persons with every reasonable opportunity and encouragement to participate in rehabilitative activities. Consistent effort will be made to insure the security of the institution and the effectiveness of the treatment programs within the framework of security and safety. Each employee must be trained to understand how physical facilities degree of custody classification personnel and operative procedures affect the maintenance of inmate custody and security. The requirements of custodial security and of staff, inmate and public safety must take precedence over all other considerations in the operation of all the programs and activities of the institution of the department."
- CCR, Section 3380, Chief Executive Officer, Subsection (a), states, "The warden or superintendent of an institution of the department is the chief executive officer of that institution, and is responsible for the custody, treatment, training and discipline of all inmates under his or her charge. Subsection (c) states, "Subject to the approval of the Director of Corrections, wardens, superintendents and parole region administrators will establish such operational plans and procedures as are required by the director for implementation of regulations and as may otherwise be required for their respective operations. Such procedures will apply only to the inmates, parolees and personnel under the administrator.

Previous CTF Wardens have utilized Operational Procedures to establish Facility security perimeters, housing units, additional counts and areas of movement for Close custody inmates. The current warden continues to use and approve OP's.

These OP's take into consideration the public safety as outlined in CCR Section 3270. The Warden is within his right to do so per CCR Section 3380. Other possible considerations would be the age of the facility, numerous vehicle and pedestrian sally ports beyond the East Gate, poor lighting and the lack of an electrified fence.

Therefore, CTF's Operational Procedures are authorized and in compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy.

Close custody inmates have all the opportunities per IWTIP as allowed by their custody.

Close custody life term inmates will have vocation and or PIA opportunities between 7 to 9 years prior to their Minimum Eligible Parole Date (MEPD). This would allow sufficient time to acquire a trade or two prior to their appearance before the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH).

Second Level Reviewer's Response CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873 . Page 3 of 3

In the MAC's meeting with Warden Curry he stated he would consider proposals for Close Custody inmates to work in the culinary. The restriction to the back dock where delivery vehicles have access remains unavailable for Close Custody inmate assignments.

The Warden was also interested in any recommendation for new jobs for Close Custody inmates within the facility security perimeter between 0600 and 2000 or 2200 hours.

The MAC feel that CTF is too restrictive per OP's and should adopt the larger security perimeter beyond work change (East gate). The institutional position is that the OP's are utilized to cover legitimate security concerns while remaining within the understanding of the CCR.

In reference to the Inmate Appeals Branch newsletter "The Insighter" has no bearing on this issue. It is not a regulatory publication. It is informational in nature. Court decisions filter to the institutions via CDCR headquarters.

Based on the action requested, Section B of the appeal CTF is within CDCR policy and no change is needed. Program assignments by IWTIP for Close Custody is appropriate although new assignments or expanded areas will be considered once submitted by the MAC.

Based on the aforementioned information, CTF will not change any Operational Procedures as they relate to this appeal. Therefore, your appeal is DENIED at the Second Level of Review.

Reviewed By:

Warden (A), Central Housing

Cc: Appeals office Inmate C-file

**EXHIBIT M** 

#### Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW

# REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR'S LEVEL REVIEW OF INMATE APPEAL CTF# 06-02873

#### Reasons (Continued)

a designated Level II facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores. Over a period of slightly more than five years, CTF has adopted a series of increasingly restrictive physical parameters, which obstruct program access and participation for Close B Custody inmates. These increased restrictions have been adopted in spite of nearly a decade of Level II Close B Custody programming without serious incidents. There is no direct evidence of a legitimate penological reason for reducing overall program access and opportunities by more than 75%. In addition, access to vocational and Prison Industry assignments has been completely eliminated. These actions seem to directly contradict the stated mission of the institution and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR). Acting Warden B. Curry has invited recommendations from the MAC for proposals to create new jobs for Close B Custody inmates within the restrictive physical parameters adopted by CTF. While this is a positive response to engage the MAC on the behalf of the Close B Custody population, the Administration's interpretation of language contained in the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 15 and the Department Operations Manual (DOM), which govern Close B Custody program is still called into question. institution's response does not address the sections of the CCR and DOM cited by the MAC as the basis for this appeal. CCR Title 15 Sections 3000, 3000.5 and 3377.1(a)(A-C) deal with the specific mandatory language, which governs Close B Custody program access. The five CCR Sections cited by the CTF Administration do not negate the rules of construction, which mandate compliance with the sections cited by the MAC in this appeal. The DOM explicitly directs that supplements (OP's) shall not create new policy/regulation. DOM §51020.1 further states that "Supplements shall:...not duplicate or contradict DOM provisions."

- The institution's assertion that "Previous CTF Wardens have utilized Operational Procedures to establish Facility security perimeters, housing units, additional counts and areas of movement for Close B Custody inmates does not excuse the current Warden from compliance with regulatory law and Departmental policy.
- The institution's assertions about the "...age of the facility, numerous vehicle and pedestrian sally ports beyond the East Gate, poor lighting and the lack of an electrified fence..." are contradicted by the provisions for programming by Close B Custody inmates in other institutions of higher or similar security levels that are older than CTF and also do not have electrified fences. If the Department wanted to make specific accommodations beyond those already stated in the CCR, multiple changes to the Director's Rules over the past two years, which specifically address Close Custody programming, provided more than ample opportunity. The sections, which the MAC cited as the basis for this appeal, remain unchanged.
- Simply stating "...CTF's Operational Procedures are authorized and in compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy..." does not make it so if the institutional policy violates regulatory law or contradicts Departmental Policy.
- Close B Custody inmates **do not** have all the opportunities per the IWTIP program as asserted by the institution. Simply saying they do, does not make it so if Close B Custody inmates do not have access to Vocational and Prison Industry assignments.
- Seemingly "promising" Close B custody life term inmates with "... vocation and or PIA opportunities between 7 to 9 years prior to their Minimum Parole Date (MEPD)..." does not provide those inmates with the opportunity to engage in meaningful employment and training or to establish a record of efforts to rehabilitate themselves prior to their appearance before the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH). Denial of Close B Custody inmates' real access to program opportunities and job assignments creates a legitimate liberty interest when inmates appear before the BPH without evidence of participation in programs which meet the desirable parole requirements. (Over)

- CTF's current waiting list for vocational participation by any CTF-Central Facility inmate, regardless of the custody level, is over 100 years in real time access.
- CTF currently has no vocation or PIA job opportunities for Close B Custody inmates. Prior to the introduction of the more restrictive definition of so-called security perimeters, which contradict the CCR and DOM, CTF's Close B Custody inmates had been gainfully employed and allowed to train in areas from which they are now restricted. This has happened despite a lack of incidents or demonstrated penological concerns that support the changes adopted by previous Wardens.
- The institution's assertion that "...Court decisions filter to the institutions via CDCR headquarters..." does not negate the informational commentary of CDCR's (headquarters) Inmate Appeals Branch newsletter, "The Insighter."
- The institution's assertion that their OP's are utilized to cover legitimate security concerns "...while remaining within the understanding of the CCR..." may succinctly define the application of opinion or perception over regulatory law and Departmental policy. If the Department feels that the regulatory law or policy provisions, which govern inmate programming access and opportunities, are too liberal and need to be more restrictive, the Legislature has provided them with appropriate remedies. Close B Custody inmates who have demonstrated a commitment to programming and rehabilitation, working their way down from the acknowledged security concerns of Level III and Level IV Close A Custody housing, desire the opportunities and access proscribed by the CCR and the DOM.

The MAC asserts that CTF, a CDCR institution, does not have a reasonable interest or legitimate penological interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates. The MAC is requesting that the Director's Level Review carefully consider the CCR provisions, which the MAC has cited in this appeal and the issues that they have raised on the behalf of the Close B Custody inmate population. The MAC is respectfully requesting that the Review specifically address the cited CCR provisions, unlike the institutional response, and provide Close B Custody inmates with a clear expectation of program access and opportunities that should be available to them at CTF in accordance with regulatory law, Departmental policy and IWTIP program guidelines. The MAC is respectfully requesting a direct answer to the question of the institution's requirement to comply with the plain language of the CCR and the DOM, versus subjecting the provisions to interpretation, opinion or disregard for Legislative intent. If the Director's Level Review finds that the issues raised by the MAC are valid, the MAC would respectfully requests that CTF be instructed to amend any/all OP's regarding Close Custody programming to comply with California Regulatory Law and Departmental Policy.

Respectfully submitted,

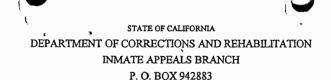
A. BOSTON MAC Chairman

CTF-Central Facility

November 7, 2006

EXHIBIT N

N-1



SACRAMENTO, CA 94283-0001

#### DIRECTOR'S LEVEL APPEAL DECISION

Date: JAN 2 3 2007

In re: Boston, D-03868

Correctional Training Facility

P.O. Box 686 Soledad, CA 93960

IAB Case No.: 0605652 Local Log No.: CTF 06-02873

This matter was reviewed on behalf of the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) by Appeals Examiner J. G. Arceo, Facility Captain. All submitted documentation and supporting arguments of the parties have been considered.

- I APPELLANT'S ARGUMENT: It is the appellant's position that he disputes the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section (CCR) and CDC Operations Manual Section's polices and procedures at it relates to inmates designated with Close "B" custody. He requests that Correctional Training Facility's (CTF) policies and procedures be brought into compliance with regulatory law and departmental policy. Further, he asks that CTF's Close "B" inmates be granted full and equitable opportunities for Inmate Work/Training Incentive Program (IWTIP) assignments pursuant to the CCR 3377.1.
- II SECOND LEVEL'S DECISION: Warden Curry advised the Men's Advisory Committee (MAC) that he would consider proposals for Close custody inmates to work in the culinary. The back dock restrictions remain in place and those assignments are unavailable to Close custody inmates. The Operational Procedures are utilized to cover legitimate security concerns while remaining within the intent of the CCRs. Program assignments or by the IWTIP for Close custody inmates are appropriate although new assignments or expanded areas will be considered once submitted by the MAC.

#### III DIRECTOR'S LEVEL DECISION: Appeal is denied.

A. FINDINGS: The appellant has failed to present evidence that he is aware of all security concerns within the CTF that impact immate movement. The Warden is charged by law with the responsibility to ensure the safety of staff, inmates, and public safety according to the physical and fiscal resources of his institution. The Warden has indicated that he will consider MAC recommendations. Pursuant to the California Penal Code Section 2933, inmates are not guaranteed a specific assignment but are afforded the opportunity for a credit qualifying assignment as provided by institutional and departmental resources. The appellant has failed to establish that the Warden has violated this law.

Unfortunately, Close custody inmates are limited by numerous security criteria to ensure their safe custody and accountability to prevent escapes. Given the numbers of inmates at CTF versus the available resources not all inmates will be assigned to the job of his choice or to a specific area of a facility he feels he is entitled to travel. The Warden must ensure that recommendations submitted by any inmate or group of inmates on behalf of the entire inmate population ensure institutional safety and security and are within the intent of established law and reasonable penological interest. The appellant's appeal issues have received the required reviews. The appellant has not supported his requested action. It is clear that Warden Curry is aware of assignment concerns of Close custody inmates. No intervention at the Director's Level of Review is warranted.

#### B. BASIS FOR THE DECISION:

CCR: 3001, 3270, 3272, 3274, 3375, 3377, 3377.1, 3377.2, 3380

C. ORDER: No changes or modifications are required by the institution.

125

BOSTON, D-03868 CASE NO. 0605652 PAGE 2

This decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to the appellant within CDCR.

N. GRANNIS, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

cc:

Warden, CTF

Appeals Coordinator, CTF

**EXHIBIT O** 

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## Correctional Training Facility Tri-Facility Men's Advisory Councils Soledad, California

Constitution & Bylaws

**ДВОРТЕВ** January 26, 2004

1-2

### **CONSTITUTION**

#### ARTICLE I.

#### NAMES

The names of the three autonomous facility inmate advisory councils shall be: the CTF-Central Facility Men's Advisory Council, the CTF-North Facility Men's Advisory Council, and the CTF-South Facility Men's Advisory Council. They may also be referred to as the CTF-Central, North and South Facility MAC's or the Tri-Facility MAC's. (Art. I.1)

#### ARTICLE II.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall serve to advise and communicate with the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility and staff or the administration and staff of the Central, North, and South Facilities about the issues and concerns expressed by the inmate general population of the entire institution or their individual facilities. No administrative responsibilities are implied or to be assumed by the Councils. (Art. II.1)

The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall provide their inmate general populations with representation and a voice in administrative deliberations and decisions affecting the welfare and best interests of the inmates of the entire institution or their individual facilities. (Art. II.2)

The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall provide the Warden and administrative staff of CTF and the Tri-Facilities with a vehicle to communicate their administrative concerns, administrative actions and the reasons for administrative actions which affect the inmate general population of the entire institution or their individual facilities. (Art. II.3)

#### ARTICLE III.

#### MEMBERSHIP

Any general population inmate is eligible for nomination, election, and retention for membership as a MAC Representative for his individual housing unit or facility, limited only by his ability to effectively serve and function in that capacity. (Art. III.1)

Representatives shall be nominated and elected by the inmates living in the general population housing units of CTF under the provisions of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (Art. III.2)

Page 2

The duly elected Representatives of each facility's MAC shall form an autonomous MAC General Council, a body that represents the specific interests and concerns of the inmate general population of the CTF-Central, North or South Facility. The body may also be referred to as the General Council. (Art. III.3)

Each inmate general population housing unit of the Correctional Training Facility shall elect one (1) Representative for each of three major ethnic groups for membership on their facility's General Council. They shall be referred to as the Black, Mexican, and White General Council Representative(s). They may also be referred to as the Black, Mexican, or White MAC Representatives [abbreviated as Rep(s)]. (Art. III.4)

Each facility General Council may form specialized subcommittees authorized by the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility that are composed of Representatives that are elected by an approved specialized segment of their facility's inmate general population. (Art. III.5)

Each duly elected Representative shall have an equal vote in the deliberations of his facility's General Council. (Art. III.6)

The term of office for a General Council Representative shall be two (2) years and shall expire two (2) years from the date he assumes office and is entered on the official roll. (Art. III.7)

Every duly elected Representative may stand for re-election at the end of his term of office and shall be limited only to the number of terms his constituency chooses to re-elect him to office for his facility's General Council. (Art. III.8)

A Representative shall be subject to recall by his constituency and impeachment by his facility's General Council. (Art. III.9)

#### ARTICLÈ IV.

#### <u>OFFICERS</u>

The Officers of each facility's MAC Council shall consist of the: Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Parliamentarian, Secretary, Vice-Secretary, Committee Coordinator, and Sergeant-at-Arms. (Art. IV.1)

The Officers of each facility's MAC Council shall be nominated and elected by a majority vote of the Representatives of their facility's General Council from the membership of that Council. Anyone who is nominated as an Officer must have been a duly elected member in good standing of his facility's General Council prior to his nomination as an Officer. (Art. IV.2)

CONSTITUTION & /LAWS Page 3

The Officers elected by each facility's General Council shall collectively form that MAC Council's Executive Body and their former positions as Representatives shall be declared vacant. Their positions shall be filled by the nomination and election of new Representatives for the specific housing unit's designated ethnic groups or approved specialized segments of their facility's inmate general population. (Art. IV.3)

The Officers of each facility's Executive Body, with the exception of the Chairman, shall be allowed to vote in the determination of any action before their General Council. (Art. IV.4)

The term of office for an Officer of a facility's MAC Council shall be two (2) years and shall expire two (2) years from the date he assumes office and is entered on the official role. (Art. IV.5)

All duly elected Officers of a facility's MAC Council shall stand for re-election at the end of their term of office subject to the provisions of the MAC's Bylaws. (Art. IV.6)

Each facility MAC shall have an Executive Committee comprised of the Officers and designated Representatives of the General Council. The members of each facility's Executive Committee shall have an equal vote in the determination of any action before that committee. (Art. IV.7)

#### ARTICLE V.

#### **AMENDMENTS**

The Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall be empowered to amend this Constitution from the date of its original approval and signing. Any Amendments shall be sequentially numbered and incorporated as additional text from this point in the Constitution's published form, preceding any bylaws or pages containing the signatures of ratification and approval. (Art. V.1)

### MAC BYLAWS

#### SECTION I.

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

#### I. ORGANIZATION (§1.I)

#### A. <u>CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils</u> (§1.I.A)

- 1. The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils, as equal and autonomous bodies, may adopt such bylaws as they deem necessary, to be attached to the MAC Constitution to organize and provide direction for their Councils. (§1.I.A.1)
- 2. The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall faithfully discharge their duties to represent the interests and concerns of their constituencies and they shall be governed by and afforded any rights vested in the provisions of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§1.I.A.2)

#### B. <u>CTF Tri-Facility MAC General Councils</u> (§1.I.B)

- 1. The membership of each facility's General Council shall consist of duly elected MAC Representatives for each general population housing unit and for each approved specialized segment or designated sub-facility of a facility's inmate general population. (§1.I.B.1)
  - a. Housing Units
    The membership from each facility's general population housing unit shall consist of that number of Representatives afforded by the provisions of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§1.I.B.1.a)
  - b. Specialized Segments of the Facility Inmate General Population (§1.I.B.1.b)
    - 1) The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils recognize the need for representation of certain specialized segments of their inmate general population, which represent different elements of a facility's inmate community, which vary from facility to facility, according to the changing mission statements of the Correctional Training Facility. (§1.I.B.1.b.1)

- 2) The CTF Tri-Facility MAC Councils shall promote the formation of a subcommittee of each facility's General Council to represent the specialized segments of their housing units or designated sub-facilities, subject to the final approval by the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility. (§1.I.B.1.b.2)
- 3) All approved specialized segments of the inmate general population of a facility may nominate and elect one (1) Representative per yard or unit, according to their facility's design and population concerns, for membership in the facility's General Council. All duly elected Representatives shall have rights and responsibilities equal to those of housing unit Representatives on their facility's General Council. (§1.I.B.1.b.3)
- 4) The CTF Tri-Facility MAC's shall recognize the following approved specialized segments of the inmate general population of the Correctional Training Facility within each of their individual facilities for representation, which shall include: American Indians, Distinct Segments of the Mexican Community, Asian-Pacific Islanders, Latin Americans and Others. (§1.I.B.1.b.4)
- 5) Any specialized segments of the inmate general population of a facility housing unit who are designated by CDC as specific ethnicities, but who feel they should be distinctly recognized for their diversity within a facility's inmate community and who have not been approved for specific representation under this Section of the Bylaws, may petition the MAC Coordinator of their facility or the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility for representation on their MAC Council. (§1.I.B.1.b.5)
- 6) Each facility's Representatives shall be referred to as MAC Representatives or MAC Reps for the segments they respectively represent. (§1.I.B.1.b.6)

c. Temporary Representatives

Each facility's General Council shall have the authority to elect Temporary Representatives in accordance with provisions of Section 4 of the MAC Bylaws. (§1.I.B.1.c)

- d. Designated Sub-Facilities (§1.I.B.1.d)
  - 1) Central Facility East Dorm (§1.I.B.1.d.1)
    - a) The Central Facility East Dorm is entitled to representation equal to that of any other Central Facility general population housing unit on the facility's General Council. (§1.I.B.1.d.1)a)
    - b) The Central Facility East Dorm is entitled to special representation on the Central Facility Executive Committee and consideration in all committee matters before the Central Facility's General Council that arise due to the dorm's unique operational concerns and physical plan, subject to the General Council's consent and approval. (§1.I.B.1.d.1)b)
  - 2) Central Facility Gym Dorm (§1.I.B.1.d.2)
    - a) When activated, the Central Facility Gym Dorm is recognized as a sub-facility of the Central Facility for representative purposes. (§1.I.B.1.d.2)a)
    - b) The Central Facility Gym Dorm is entitled to elect one (1) Representative for each of the three (3) major ethnic groups (Black, Mexican, and White) for membership on the Central Facility's General Council. (§1.B.1.d.2)b)

#### C. <u>CTF Tri-Facility Executive Bodies</u>

The membership of each facility's Executive Body shall consist of duly elected Officers from each facility's General Council. (§1.I.C)

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#### D. <u>CTF Tri-Facility Executive Committees</u>

The membership of each facility Executive Committee shall consist of the elected Officers and designated Representatives from each facility's General Council. (§1.I.D)

#### **SECTION 2.**

#### **NOMINATIONS**

- I. OPPORTUNITY FOR OPPOSING NOMINATIONS (§2.I)
  - A. General Council Representatives (§2.I.A).
    - 1. All Representatives shall stand for election at the end of their term of office unless they are prevented by any provision of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§2.I.A.1)
    - 2. Nomination notices shall be posted and the affected segment(s) of the inmate general population of a facility shall have the opportunity to nominate opposing candidates. (§2.I.A.2)
  - B. <u>Executive Body Officers</u> (§2.I.B)
    - 1. All Officers shall stand for election at the end of their term of office unless they are prevented by any provision of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§2.I.B.1)
    - 2. The facility's General Council shall be notified and shall have the opportunity to nominate opposing candidates. (§2.I.B.2)
- II. NOMINATION PROCESS (§2.II)
  - A. General Council Representatives (§2.II.A)
    - 1. When a vacancy occurs or the term of office for a Representative will expire on a facility's General Council, the Council shall cause notices to be posted in the affected housing unit(s) or throughout the facility for a period of fourteen (14) days. The notices shall describe the vacant position or the date a current Representative's term will expire. (§2.II.A.1)

#### 2. Nomination Forms (§2.I.A.2)

- a. Nomination forms may be posted in the housing units or they may be kept in the housing unit office or at the Officer's podium as determined by the facility's General Council. (§2.II.A.2.a)
- b. Nomination forms shall clearly identify the Representative position and provide spaces to write in nominees' names, CDC numbers, and cell numbers. (§2.II.A.2.b)
- c. Inmates may nominate themselves, another inmate from their designated ethnic group in their housing unit or an inmate from their approved specialized segment of their facility's inmate general population. (§2.II.A.2.c)
- d. A nominee's intent or agreement to run for and serve in a representative capacity shall be verified by the Chairman of the facility's Elections Committee or by a MAC Representative designated by the MAC Chairman. (§2.II.A.2.d)
- e. The incumbent Representative shall automatically be included, unless he declines to run for re-election or is prevented by any provision of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§2.II.A.2.e)
- f. All nomination forms shall be authenticated by a housing unit Officer and shall be retained on file in the MAC Office. (§2.II.A.2.f)

#### B. Executive Body Officers (§2.II.B)

- 1. When a vacancy occurs or an Officer's term on the Executive Body will expire, a notice shall be forwarded to all Representatives of the facility's General Council. If the vacancy on the Executive Body is not automatically filled by the act of succession or is created by an act of succession, the circumstances shall be described in the notice to General Council members. (§2.II.B.1)
- 2. The notices shall, whenever possible, be delivered no less than seven (7) days prior to the next regularly scheduled meeting of the facility's General Council, unless a special session is called for to address the vacancy of the Chairman or the Parliamentarian. The notices shall describe the vacant position or the date the current office holder's term will expire. (§2.II.B.2)

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- 3. At the designated meeting of the facility's General Council, the Chairman shall describe the duties and responsibilities of the vacant position as defined by the Constitution and Bylaws. (§2.II.B.3)
- 4. MAC Council members may nominate themselves or another member of their Council. Nominations must be seconded by another member of their Council. Nominees may agree or decline to become candidates. Nominees shall be allowed to state their qualifications for seeking the position for which they are nominated. (§2.II.B.4)
- 5. An incumbent Officer shall automatically be included as a nominee unless he declines to run for re-election or is prevented by any provisions of the MAC Constitution and Bylaws. (§2.II.B.5)

#### SECTION 3.

#### **ELECTIONS**

- I. ELECTION PROCESS (§3.I)
  - A. General Council Representatives (§3.I.A)
    - 1. Any eligible general population inmate, duly nominated by a designated segment of a facility's population, shall have the opportunity to stand for election against an incumbent candidate under the provisions of this Section of the MAC Bylaws. (§3.I.A.1)
    - 2. Elections shall, whenever possible, take place at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the expiration of any current Representative's term of office or within thirty days (30) days after a position is declared vacant. (§3.I.A.2)
    - 3. In the event that elections cannot be held within the time constraints provided within the MAC Bylaws due to extraordinary circumstances, such as a lockdown of the institution, facility or housing unit; the affected Representative(s) shall continue to hold office until such time as nominations and elections can be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Section. (§3.I.A.3)

- 4. The date and time of scheduled elections shall be posted in the affected housing unit and may be announced on the institution's TV scroller. Sample ballots may also be posted in the affected housing units. (§3.I.A.4)
- 5. Elections shall be conducted by confidential ballot. Official ballots shall be produced and distributed to immates of the designated ethnic group or an approved specialized segment of the affected housing unit to vote at the scheduled date and time. Ballot distribution and collection shall be done under staff supervision. (§3.I.A.5)
- 6. After the voting is completed and the ballots are collected, they shall be verified and counted under staff supervision. After counting, the ballots and tally sheets shall be delivered by staff to the MAC Coordinator who shall authenticate the results of the elections. All written ballots shall be retained for thirty (30) days after the close of the elections by the MAC Coordinator. (§3.I.A.6)
- 7. The results of any election shall be reported by the Chairman of the facility's Elections Committee and posted in the affected housing units. Election results may be announced on the institution's TV scroller. (§3.I.A.7)
- 8. Unopposed Candidates (§3.I.A.8)
  - a. In accordance with the provisions of Section 38 of Robert's Rules of Order, if a candidate is unopposed at the close of nominations, the Chairman of the facility's Elections Committee or MAC Representative designated by the facility's MAC Chairman may be authorized by a unanimous vote of the Council to cast the vote on the behalf of the Council for the candidate. If there are any objections, an election by ballot shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Section of the MAC Bylaws. (§3.I.A.8.a)

#### B. EXECUTIVE BODY OFFICERS (§3.I.B)

1. Elections of Executive Body Officers shall take place as announced during a designated meeting of the facility's General Council. The Council Chairman or Representative may call for a vote by confidential ballot or by a show of hands with the candidates excused from the immediate area during the voting process. (§3.I.B.1)

- 2. The facility's Council Chairman shall preside over any election of Officers unless the Chairman faces re-election; in which case, the Vice-Chairman shall preside over the election for Chairman. (§3.I.B.2)
- 3. In the event that elections cannot be held within the time constraints provided within the MAC Bylaws due to extraordinary circumstances, such as a lockdown of the institution, facility, or housing unit, the affected Officer(s) shall continue to hold office until such time as nominations and elections can be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Section. (§3.I.B.3)
- 4. Vote of Confidence (§3.I.B.4)
  - a) In the event that extraordinary circumstances arise, such as those described above, which continue to prevent the assembly of a majority of the General Council, the facility may conduct the election of an unopposed candidate by a Vote of Confidence. (§3.I.B.4.a)
  - b) In order to be valid, a Vote of Confidence shall consist of a majority vote of not less than 50% of the current number of members recorded on the official roll, plus one additional member. (§3.I.B.4.b)
- 5. The Chairman of the facility's Elections Committee or MAC Representative designated by the MAC Chairman shall prepare a report of the election results for authentication by the facility's MAC Coordinator. The results shall be published in the minutes of the General Council meeting and may be announced on the institution's TV scroller. (§3.I.B.5)

#### SECTION 4.

#### METHOD OF FILLING VACANCIES

I. A duly elected Representative or Officer shall assume all duties and responsibilities of his office upon authentication and publication of election results if the position is vacant or on the first day after the current officer holder's term of office expires. (§4.I)

- II. On the date a duly elected Representative or Officer assumes office and his term begins, the facility Council's Secretary shall enter his name on the facility's official roll. (§4.II)
- III. In the event that a duly elected Representative or Officer is temporarily unable to fulfill the responsibilities of his office on the Council for reasons such as: illness, injury, or temporary out-to-court or out-to-medical status; his standing shall be protected until his return or the circumstances which prevented him from fulfilling his responsibilities are resolved. (§4.III)
- IV. In the event that the Council determines that a duly elected Representative or Officer is no longer able to fulfill his term of office on the facility's Council, in accordance with the provisions of Section 11, the Council shall declare that the position is vacant. (§4.IV)

#### A. General Council Representatives (§4.IV.A)

- 1. The facility's General Council shall schedule and conduct nominations and elections to fill any vacancies occurring on the General Council, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of the MAC Bylaws. (§4.IV.A.1)
- 2. Temporary Representatives (§4.IV.A.2)
  - a. In the event that a housing unit fails to advance a candidate for Representative of a designated ethnic group or an approved specialized segment of the inmate general population or a if a member is temporarily unable to fulfill his Representative responsibilities, the facility's Council may identify and elect a Temporary Representative for the position. (§4.IV.A.2.a)
  - b. Temporary Representatives shall be elected by a majority vote of the facility's General Council. They may be elected for a period of no more than thirty (30) days. (§4.IV.A.2.b)
  - c. Temporary Representatives may present and discuss issues in the meetings of the facility's General Council and on behalf of their designated constituency, but they may not vote on any issue before the Council. (§4.IV.A.2.c)

- B. <u>Executive Body Officers</u> (§4.IV.B)
  - 1. If a vacancy on the Executive Body is not filled by the act of succession, the Officer's position shall be filled by nominations and an election conducted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of the MAC Bylaws. (§4.IV.B.1)

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- 2. Temporary Officers (§4.IV.B.2)
  - a. There shall be no provisions made for the appointment or election of temporary Officers on a facility's Executive Body, except as provided under the provisions of Section 8 of the Bylaws. (§4.IV.B.2.a)
    - b. The only provisions for an Officer on a facility's Executive Body to act in another Officer's capacity are described in Section 5 of the MAC Bylaws. (§4.IV.B.2.b)
- 3. Act of Succession (§4.IV.B.3)
  - a. If a vacancy occurs on a facility's Executive Body before the end of an Officer's term of office, the position may be filled without elections in accordance with the provisions for succession to an office described in Section 5 of the Bylaws. (§4.IV.B.3.a)
  - b. Only the positions of Chairman and Secretary may be filled by the act of succession. (§4.IV.B.3.b)

#### Section 5.

#### **DUTIES OF OFFICERS**

#### I. CHAIRMAN (§5.I)

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A. The Chairman shall call the meetings of a facility's General Council and Executive Body to order at the appointed time. He shall preside at all meetings of the General Council and Executive Body. He shall announce the agenda and business before the General Council and Executive Body in the proper order. He shall state and put all questions properly brought before the General Council and Executive Body. (§5.I.A)

B. The Chairman shall preserve order and decorum and decide all questions of order, with the advice and assistance of the Parliamentarian, subject to appeal by the General Council. (§5.I.B)

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- C. The Chairman shall communicate the will or concerns of a facility's General Council and Executive Body in a form and manner determined and approved by the General Council. This shall include any communication with the inmate general population or the Warden and staff of the Correctional Training Facility. (§5.I.C)
- D. The Chairman shall coordinate all formal activities of a facility's MAC. He shall guide the actions of the Executive Body on a day to day basis. He shall endeavor to remain aware of the activities of his General Council members in their daily conduct of MAC business. He shall endeavor to insure that their activities conform to the objectives and guidelines of this Constitution and Bylaws, properly representing the will and concerns of the general population of his facility. He shall report any concerns to the General Council. (§5.I.D)
- E. The Chairman shall communicate with the Warden's designated MAC Coordinator for his facility on a regular basis and as needed on an urgent basis to represent the will and concerns of a facility's General Council and Executive Body. He shall inform the General Council and Executive Body of any concerns expressed by the MAC Coordinator. He shall insure that any communication received from the Warden and the Administrative Staff and the staff of his individual facility is disseminated to the MAC membership and general population of the Chairman's facility. (§5.I.E)
- F. The Chairman shall sign any document to be published and/or distributed on the behalf of his facility's MAC. He shall provide his facility's MAC Coordinator with a copy of those documents. The MAC Coordinator shall review and may sign, note, and/or shall approve any document to be published to the inmate general population of the facility on the behalf of the MAC prior to the document being distributed. (§5.I.F)
- G. The Chairman may, in the performance of his duties or at the request of his facility's General Council, request to meet with the MAC Coordinator, designated staff, or the Warden. (§5.I.G)
- H. The Chairman may utilize the MAC Minute Response or other approved methods of communication to report on any matter of immediate concern brought to the attention of a facility's Executive Body to inform the inmate general population of his facility by posting in the housing units. (§5.I.H)

- I. The Chairman shall file and report any record of financial activities affecting the MAC to the facility's General Council. (§5.I.I)
- J. The Chairman shall order and maintain a record of all office and housekeeping supplies authorized for the facility's MAC Office and support of the members of the facility's General Council and Executive Body in the performance of their duties. (§5.I.J)
- K. The Chairman shall be responsible to the MAC Coordinator for all records of his facility's MAC activities and shall hand over all records pertaining to his facility's MAC activities to his successor prior to vacating that office. (§5.I.K)
- L. The facility's Vice-Chairman shall act as Chairman pro tem if the Chairman is temporarily unable to fulfill his duties. (§5.I.L)

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M. In the event that the office of the Chairman of a facility becomes vacant, the Vice-Chairman may succeed to the Chairman's office for the duration of the Vice-Chairman's elected term. If the Chairman's position is not filled by the act of succession, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to scheduling a special session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect his successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.I.M)

#### II. VICE-CHAIRMAN (§5.II)

- A. The Vice-Chairman shall assist the Chairman in the duties of his office. (§5.II.A)
- B. The Vice-Chairman shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concerns of the facility's General Council and Executive Body. (§5.II.B)
- C. In the event that the office of the Vice-Chairman of a facility becomes vacant, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to the next scheduled session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Vice-Chairman's successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.II.C)

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#### III. PARLIAMENTARIAN (§5.III)

- A. The Parliamentarian shall provide recommendations to the facility's General Council and Executive Body to insure that all activities of the facility's MAC are conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title 15 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), the Department Operations Manual (DOM), the published policies and procedures of the Correctional Training Facility, any specific published policies and procedures of his facility, the MAC Constitution and Bylaws, and parliamentary procedures as described in Robert's Rules of Order. (§5.III.A)
- B. The Parliamentarian shall ask the Chairman to interrupt any formal meeting of the facility's General council or Executive Body, if in his opinion, an action is not proper in standing. He shall state the nature of the exception and inform the General Council or Executive Body what the proper procedure would be to resolve the matter. (§5.III.B)
- C. The Parliamentarian may be asked to review any documents being advanced by the facility's MAC to insure their compliance prior to submitting them to the General Council for their approval or distribution. (§5.III.C)
- D. The authority for review of all facility MAC activities shall lie with the Chairman, acknowledging the advice of the Parliamentarian, subject to the approval or appeal by the facility's General Council. All actions are subject to review by the facility's MAC Coordinator and final approval, if required, by the Warden. (§5.III.D)

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- E. The Parliamentarian shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concerns of the General Council. (§5.III.E)
- F. The facility's Parliamentarian shall assume the additional duties of the Sergeant-at-Arms in the event that the Sergeant-at-Arms is temporarily unable to fulfill his duties. (§5.III.F)
- G. In the event that the office of the Parliamentarian of a facility becomes vacant, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to scheduling a special session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Parliamentarian's successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.III.G)

#### IV. SECRETARY (§5.IV)

- A. The Secretary shall keep a record of all regular proceedings of the facility's MAC and any special proceedings in the form and manner approved by the General Council, Executive Body or the Chairman. The Secretary shall prepare a report of those proceedings in the form of minutes or other documents for the approval of the General Council, Executive Body or the Chairman for publication and distribution. The Secretary shall be responsible for the preparation and orderly filing of all other official MAC documents for publication and distribution in the form and manner approved by the General Council, Executive Body or the Chairman. (§5.IV.A)
- B. The Secretary shall maintain the facility's official MAC roll and publish an accurate roster of all members of the facility's General Council, Executive Body, and any approved standing or special committees. He shall call the roll and record the attendance at any formal meeting of the General Council. (§5.IV.B)
- C. The Secretary shall file and maintain a copy of all documents generated as a result of the activities of the facility's General Council, Executive Body, and any approved standing or special committees. (§5.IV.C)
- D. The Secretary shall file, copy distribute and report on any official correspondence and documents received by the facility's MAC. (§5.IV.D)
- E. The Secretary shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concerns of the facility's General Council. (§5.IV.E)
- F. The facility's Vice-Secretary shall act as the Secretary in the event that the Secretary is temporarily unable to fulfill his duties. (§5.IV.F)
- G. In the event that the office of Secretary of a facility becomes vacant, the Vice-Secretary shall succeed to the Secretary's office for the duration of the Vice-Secretary's elected term, unless he declines succession. If the Secretary's position is not filled by the act of succession, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to the next scheduled session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Secretary's successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.IV.G)

#### V. VICE-SECRETARY (§5.V)

A. The Vice- Secretary shall assist the Secretary in the duties of his office. (§5.V.A)

Package for their facility. (§5.V.B)

- B. The Vice-Secretary shall insure that all newly elected Representatives receive a copy of the Constitution and Bylaws and a MAC Orientation
- C. The Vice-Secretary shall act as a Housing Unit Coordinator for his facility to insure that information is disseminated and shared between all housing units. (§5.V.C)
- D. The Vice-Secretary shall insure that the facility's elected Housing Unit Representatives conduct regular monthly meetings with Housing Unit Staff to address issues raised by their constituents. He shall also assist the Housing Unit Representatives in preparing an agenda and scheduling quarterly meetings with their respective Facility Unit's Supervisory Staff. (§5.V.D)
- E. The Vice-Secretary shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concerns of the facility's General Council. (§5.V.E)
- F. In the event that the office of the Vice-Secretary becomes vacant, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to the next scheduled session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Vice-Secretary's successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.V.F)

#### VI. COMMITTEE COORDINATOR (§5.VI)

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- A. The Committee Coordinator shall guide and assist the standing committee chairmen and the committee members of a facility in representing the will and concerns of his facility's General Council. He shall monitor the activities of any standing or special committees formed by the General Council as authorized by the Warden. (§5.VI.A)
- B. The Committee Coordinator shall insure that the committee chairmen maintain a record of all scheduled committee meetings and assist in the coordination of meeting sites. He shall insure that all parties receive notification to attend. (§5.VI.B)
- C. The Committee Coordinator shall insure that the committee chairmen maintain a record of their committees' activities and that he receives a copy of such reports in a timely manner for copying and distribution if required in the performance of his duties. He shall insure that the originals of all reports generated by any standing or special committees are filed with the Secretary. (§5.VI.B)

- D. The Committee Coordinator shall apprise the facility's MAC Chairman of the status of all ongoing committee activities. (§5.VI.D)
- E. The Committee Coordinator shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concern of the facility's General Council. (§5.VI.E)
- F. In the event that the office of the Committee Coordinator becomes vacant, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to the next scheduled session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Committee Coordinator's successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.VI.F)

#### VII. SERGEANT-AT-ARMS (§5.VII)

- A. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall assist the Chairman in the assembly of the facility's Representatives on the General Council or Officers of the Executive Body and shall assist in maintaining order during their meetings. (§5.VII.A)
- B. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall call a member or anyone in attendance at meetings of the facility's General Council or Executive Body to order if their conduct becomes disruptive. This shall be done with reasoned communication and without force or threat of force. (§5.VII.B)
- C. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall assist the Chairman in the recognition of anyone wishing to speak during meetings of the facility's General Council or Executive Body. (§5.VII.C)
- D. The facility's Sergeant-at-Arms shall assume the additional duties of the Committee Coordinator in the event that he is temporarily unable to fulfill his duties. (§5.VII.D)
- E. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall perform other duties as requested by the Chairman to represent the will and concerns of the facility's General Council. (§5.VII.E)
- F. In the event that the office of Sergeant-at-Arms becomes vacant, the facility's General Council shall be informed no less than seven (7) days prior to the next scheduled session of the Council, at which time they shall nominate and elect the Sergeant-at-Arms' successor by a majority vote of the members. (§5.VII.F)

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#### Section 6.

#### **MEETINGS**

#### I. FORMAL MEETINGS (§6.I)

- A. All formal meetings with staff shall be requested in writing and an agenda covering information regarding the issue(s) or problem(s) to be discussed shall be provided for review and research prior to the scheduled meeting. (§6.I.A)
- B. All members of the facility's General Council or Executive Body shall be informed of the date, time, location and purpose of any formal meeting called for those members. (§6.I.B)

#### C. General Council (§6.I.C)

1. The facility's General Council should meet at least twice monthly, at a time and location to be determined by the Council at its previous meeting. This provision is waived in the event of unanticipated events or security concerns, such as a lockdown. (§6.I.C.1)

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- 2. The facility's General Council may petition the MAC Coordinator to call for a formal meeting at any time to address concerns of the Council. (§6.I.C.2)
- 3. Housing Unit Representatives and Facility Unit Representatives for Specialized Segments of the Inmate General Population (§6.I.C.3)
  - a. Housing Unit Representatives shall meet with their Housing Unit Staff on at least a monthly basis to address and discuss issues raised within their housing unit. (§6.I.C.3.a)
  - b. Housing Unit Representatives and Facility Unit Representatives for specialized segments of the inmate general population shall meet with their respective Facility Unit's Supervisory Staff on at least a quarterly basis to address and discuss issues raised by their constituencies. (§6.I.C.3.b)

#### D. Executive Body (Individual Facilities) (§6.I.D)

- 1. The facility's Executive Body shall meet formally at the Chairman's request. (§6.I.D.1)
- 2. The Chairman may call for an emergency meeting of the facility's General Council by a majority vote of the Executive Body. (§6.I.D.2)
- 3. Any two (2) members of the facility's Executive Body may call for an emergency meeting of the facility's Executive Body. (§6.I.D.3)

#### E. Tri-Facility Executive Bodies (§6.I.E)

- 1. The Tri-Facility Executive Bodies shall meet formally at least once a month. (§6.I.E.1)
- 2. The Chairman of any one of the facility's Executive Bodies may call for an emergency meeting of the Tri-Facility Executive Bodies. The meeting shall be scheduled with the consent of his facility's Executive Body and concurrence of the other Tri-Facility Executive Bodies. (§6.I.E.2)

#### II. INFORMAL MEETINGS (§6.II)

A. Any duly elected Representative or Officer of the facility's MAC may initiate contact with staff and meet informally with staff in the conduct of the MAC members' duties and responsibilities, subject to the provisions of the Constitution and Bylaws. (§6.II.A)

#### III. LOCKDOWNS (§6.III)

- A. The facility's Executive Body shall be informed by Administrative Staff as soon as safety and security concerns permit, what the reasons for a lockdown are and what administrative concerns may exist. (§6.III.A)
- B. The facility's Executive Body shall be released to communicate with the General Council Representatives as soon as safety and security concerns permit, to facilitate communication related to the lockdown circumstances. (§6.III.B)
- C. The facility's MAC shall endeavor to assist in communicating the reason(s) for a lockdown and any administrative concerns associated with lockdown activities. (§6.III.C)

D. The facility's Executive Body and General Council Representatives shall be released to circulate in between and within housing units, as approved by a Plan of Operations or by staff direction, to facilitate communication between their constituency and staff as soon as safety and security concerns permit. (§6.III.D)

#### IV. MAC OFFICE (§6.IV)

- A. Each facility's MAC shall maintain such office space as provided by the institution and this shall be the primary work site for assigned workers. (§6.IV. A)
- B. Access\_to the MAC office shall be limited to the members of the facility's Executive Body or General Council, as identified by their MAC Special Activity Cards. (§6.IV. B)
- C. No one who is not a member of the facility's Executive Body or General Council shall be admitted to the facility's MAC office without the specific permission of the MAC Coordinator, except as provided by individual facility operational procedures and guidelines. (§6.IV. C)
- D. All persons approved to enter the MAC office may utilize the assigned telephone to conduct official MAC business. (§6.IV. D)

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#### Section 7.

#### **COMMITTEES**

- I. STANDING COMMITTEES (§7.I)
  - A. Each facility MAC shall be authorized to maintain the following Standing Committees, which may include sub-committees to address the facilities' individual concerns: (§7.I.A)
    - 1. Health and Welfare Committee (§7.I.A.1)
    - 2. Canteen and Property Committee (§7.I.A.2)
    - 3. Visiting Committee (§7.I.A.3)
    - 4. Recreation Committee (§7.I.A.4)
    - 5. Elections Committee (§7.I.A.5)

- B. The purpose of the Standing Committees shall be to develop and support communication and respect between staff of the designated areas and inmates of the facility's inmate general population. The Standing Committees shall communicate the concerns raised by the facility's General Council or Executive Body. (§7.I.B)
- C. The Standing Committees shall be formed from the General Council. Membership on a facility's Standing Committee shall be limited to duly elected Representatives in good standing from that facility's General Council and shall be an additional duty assumed by the Representatives. (§7.I.C)
- D. Officers of the Executive Body may attend and participate in Standing Committee activities when solicited by the Committee Chairmen or when approved by the General Council due to inadequate committee participation, which limits the ability to address the will and concerns of the General Council. (§7.I.D)
- E. The specific duties and responsibilities of the Standing Committees shall be as follows: (§7.I.E)
  - 1. Health and Welfare Committee

The Health and Welfare Committee shall receive reports that concern the health and welfare of the facility's inmate general population. They shall gather information and make suggestions, recommendations and proposals to address those issues. (§7.I.E.1)

- a. The Committee's interests shall include, but are not limited to the specific areas of Health Care Services, Food Services, and Clothing & Laundry Services. (§7.I.E.1.a)
- c. The Committee may also address any other area of the institution or institutional services where a health and welfare issue is raised due to its effect on the facility's inmate general population. (§7.I.E.1.b)
- 2. Canteen and Property Committee

The Canteen and Property Committee shall receive reports that concern canteen, special purchases, and quarterly packages from the facility's inmate general population. They shall gather information and make suggestions, recommendations and proposals to address those issues. (§7.I.E.2)

- a. The Committee's interests shall include, but are not limited to canteen items available for purchase in facility canteens and the proposed introduction of new items to the canteens. (§7.I.E.2.a)
- b. The Committee's interests shall also include, but are not limited to the review of inmate property concerns, which includes the review of items approved for special canteen purchases or for inclusion on quarterly package lists and the proposed introduction of new items available for special canteen purchases or for inclusion on quarterly package lists. (§7.I.E.2.b)

#### 3. Visiting Committee

The Visiting Committee shall receive reports that concern the facility and institution's visiting program. They shall gather information and make suggestions, recommendations and proposals to address those issues. (§7:I.E.3)

a. The Committee's interests shall include, but are not limited to the improvement of the conditions and quality of regular visits and family visits for the facility's inmate general population. (§7.I.E.3.a)

#### 4. Recreation Committee

The Recreation Committee shall receive reports that concern the facility's recreational activities, areas, and the equipment available to the inmate general population. They shall gather information and make suggestions, recommendations and proposals to address those issues. (§7.I.E.4)

- a. The Committee's interests shall include, but are not limited to improving the availability of and access to recreational opportunities. (§7.I.E.4.a)
- b. The Committee's interests shall include, but are not limited to television services, movies, the recreational library, outside entertainment programs, tournaments and sports activities, availability of equipment for yard and housing unit recreational activities, and Arts in Corrections programs. (§7.I.E.4.b)

c. The Committee's interests shall also include, but are not limited to the review of items approved for handicraft purchases, procedures and opportunities for participation in handicrafts and proposed expansions to the handicraft program. (§7.I.E.4.c)

#### 5. Elections Committee

The Elections Committee shall facilitate the nomination and election process of Representatives to the facility's General Council. Their activities shall conform to the provisions of the Constitution and Bylaws. (§7.I.E.5)

- F. Standing Committee Chairmen shall be appointed by the facility's Executive Body. Chairmanship of a Standing Committee shall be an additional duty assumed by a Representative. (§7.I.F)
  - 1. A Standing Committee Chairman shall guide the activities of his facility's committee with consideration of input from the committee's membership, the General Council and inmate general population. He shall chair their meetings and is responsible for guiding and monitoring the actions of committee members and any appointed Vice-Chairmen in the conduct of their duties and responsibilities. (§7.I.F.1)
  - 2. Standing Committee Chairmen are responsible to the facility's Executive Body and General council for their actions and conduct. They shall be evaluated by the Executive Body on a periodic basis for their effectiveness in committee leadership and for their committee's effectiveness in addressing the will and concerns of the General Council. (§7.I.F.2)
- G. Removal and Replacement of Standing Committee Chairmen and Committee Members (§7.I.G)
  - 1. Standing Committee Chairmen may be removed and replaced by the Executive Body. (§7.I.G.1)
- II. SPECIAL OR AD HOC COMMITTEES (§7.II)
  - A. The Chairman of the Executive Body may appoint and form special or ad hoc committees to address a limited issue or problem raised by the facility's General Council, Executive Body or MAC Coordinator. This action shall be approved by the General Council. (§7.II.A)

- B. The Chairman of the Executive Body may appoint a chairman for any special or ad hoc committee from the General Council or Executive Body. (§7.II.B)
- C. The Chairman of the facility's Executive Body shall insure that the General Council is kept informed about all actions and activities of any special or ad hoc committee for their review and approval, prior to any requests for formal action by the General Council. Any action or publication generated by a special or ad hoc committee is subject to the review and approval of the facility's General Council. (§7.II.C)
- III. APPEARANCE AND PARTICIPATION OF NON-ELECTED MEMBERS OF THE INMATE GENERAL POPULATION (§7.III)
  - A. A facility's Council may invite non-elected members of the facility's inmate general population to appear and speak in the course of the Council's activities for the purposes of benefiting from an inmate's knowledge or experience with an issue or concern. (§7.III.A)

#### Section 8.

#### PARLIAMENTARY AUTHORITY

- I. Robert's Rules of Order shall be the authority for deciding issues of parliamentary procedure not otherwise specified in the Constitution and Bylaws. (§8.I)
- II. A quorum of the members of a facility's General Council or Executive Body shall be the necessary authority to conduct official business, including voting on all matters before the General Council or Executive Body. A quorum of the General Council or Executive Body shall be 50% of the current number of members recorded on the roll, plus one (1) additional member. (§8.II)
- III. The results of all voting conducted by a facility's General Council or Executive Body shall be determined by a majority vote of a quorum, unless otherwise specified in the Constitution and Bylaws.

#### Section 9.

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

I. A facility's Executive Committee shall consist of the elected Officers of the Executive Body and other members designated by the facility's General Council. (§9.I)

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II. Any formal action recommended by a facility's Executive Committee shall be subject to the approval of the General Council or may be undertaken with the expressed consent of that Council to carry out their will and concerns. (§9.II)

#### Section 10.

#### **ACTIVITY CARDS**

- I. On election to their office, all Representatives, members of the Executive Committee, or Executive Officers of a facility's Council shall be issued MAC Special Activity Cards for identification and access to conduct the business of their facility. (§10.I)
- II. Each facility's members shall be issued distinct MAC Special Activity Cards by their facility's MAC Coordinator and shall surrender those cards on his or her demand. (§10.II)
- III. Members shall carry their MAC Special Activity Card at all times when conducting official MAC business and shall identify themselves with staff prior to entering any authorized area other than their own housing unit. (§10.III)
- IV. Each facility's Administrative Staff shall develop and distribute a memorandum clearly identifying and describing the circumstances and authorization for access to various areas of the facility, based on the MAC Council members duties and responsibilities. (§10.IV)

#### Section 11.

#### REMOVAL OF MEMBERS

- I. VOLUNTARY REMOVAL (§11.I)
  - A. Any Representative or Officer of a facility's MAC Council may voluntarily remove himself from office by submission of his MAC Special Activity Card and/or with a letter of resignation. (§11.I.A)
  - B. The MAC Coordinator may choose to interview any Council member to insure that his reasons for resignation are voluntary and not the result of coercion. (§11.I.B)

### Page 28

#### II. INVOLUNTARY REMOVAL (§11.II)

#### A. General Council Members (§11.II.A)

- 1. If a Representative is moved from his housing unit or facility, he may voluntarily resign or he shall be involuntarily removed by the General Council because he can no longer represent the constituency that elected him. The former Representative may seek election in his new housing unit or facility, if or when a vacancy exists. (§11.II.A.1)
- 2. If a Representative is involuntarily removed for reasons other than recall or impeachment and he is unable to seek election in his new housing unit or facility, he shall vacate any position on the facility's Council, Executive Committee, or any committee membership(s) and shall not be eligible for participation in any official MAC capacity at that time. (§11.II.A.2)
- 3. If a Representative is involuntarily moved from his housing unit, the Council shall insure that his removal from his constituency was not a retaliatory action simply because the inmate is a member of the MAC or that the move wasn't made as a reprisal against the inmate because of his authorized and approved actions and activities as a Council member. (§11.II.A.3)
- 4. A majority of the constituency of any elected Representative may call for his removal. That request should be in the form of a petition communicated to the Executive Body or MAC Coordinator. The MAC Coordinator shall be notified of any petition for recall received by the Executive Body. (§11.II.A.4)
- 5. In the event that a facility's Executive Body receives a petition for recall of a member, they shall call for a meeting of the facility's General Council to discuss the issue and for the Council to review the circumstances of the recall petition. (§11.II.A.5)
- 6. A spokesman, chosen from and by the petitioners for recall, shall be invited to address the facility's General Council to present the case for recall. (§11.II.A.6)
- 7. The Representative who is subject to the recall petition shall be allowed to address the General Council in his defense. (§11.II.A.7)

- Page 29
- 8. If the General Council determines that there is reasonable cause, they shall ask for a no confidence vote from the designated segment of the facility's inmate general population for the Representative subject to the recall. (§11.II.A.8)
- 9. In the event that a Representative is recalled by his constituency or removed by the facility's General Council, he shall immediately forfeit any other committee chairmanship(s), office(s), or committee membership(s) on the MAC and shall be ineligible to participate in any official MAC capacity, subject to an appeal and review by the Warden. (§11.II.A.9)
- 10. A copy of all records and minutes regarding the impeachment or removal of a Representative from office shall be forwarded to the Warden via the MAC Coordinator of the Representative's facility. (§11.II.A.10)
- 11. Any action of a designated segment of a facility's inmate general population or the General Council to remove or impeach a Representative is subject to review and final approval by the Warden. (§11.II.A.11)

#### B. <u>Executive Body</u> (§11.II.B)

- 1. Any Officer of a facility's Executive Body is subject to impeachment for cause by the facility's General Council. (§11.II.B.1)
- 2. Any petition by a majority of the General Council for impeachment shall be filed by the Council with their facility's MAC Coordinator and a special session of the General Council shall be called to discuss and debate the issue within seven (7) days after filing the petition, unless prevented by unusual facility circumstances or security concerns, such a lockdown. (§11.II.B.2)
- 3. If there is a petition to impeach the facility's Chairman, the Vice-Chairman shall act as Chairman pro tem until the matter is heard by the General Council. The Vice-Chairman shall preside at the special session until the matter is resolved. (§11.II.B.3)
- 4. Representatives of the facility's General Council shall present the cause for impeachment. (§11.II.B.3)
- 5. The Officer subject to the petition for impeachment shall be allowed to address the facility's General Council in his defense. (§11.II.B.5)

- 6. If the facility's General Council determines there is cause, they may move and vote for removal of the Officer by a majority vote of the Council. (§11.II.B.6)
- 7. A copy of all records and minutes regarding the impeachment or removal of an Officer from a facility's Executive Body shall be forwarded to the Warden via the facility's MAC Coordinator. (§11.II.B.7)
- 8. Any action of a facility's General Council to impeach an Officer of their Executive Body is subject to review and final approval by the Warden. (§11.II.B.8)

#### Section 12.

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#### **AMENDMENTS**

- I. Any future amendments to the Constitution, addition of a new bylaw or an amendment to an existing bylaw shall require ratification by a majority vote of the combined membership of each facility's General Council and Executive Body. (§12.I)
- II. The ratified Constitution, Bylaws and any subsequent amendments are subject to the review and approval of the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility. (§12.II)
- III. AMENDMENTS TO THE BYLAWS (§12.III)

(Amendments to the Bylaws will be chronologically listed from this point forward, prior to the signature pages for ratification.)

CONSTITUTION SYLAWS

The provisions and terms of the attached Constitution & Bylaws for the Correctional Training Facility Tri-Facility Men's Advisory Councils are submitted for the review and approval of the Warden on this date, January 27, 2004.

A. BOSTON

MAC Chairman

CTF-Central Facility

R. STOBAUGH

MAC Chairman

CTF-North Facility

D. BULLOCK

MAC Chairman

CTF-South Facility

The attached Constitution & Bylaws for the Correctional Training Facility Tri-Facility Men's Advisory Councils are approved as submitted on this date. Any future amendments to this document must be approved and ratified by the Councils and are subject to final approval by the Warden of the Correctional Training Facility.

J. SOLIS

Warden

**Correctional Training Facility** 

Date

# EXHIBIT "P"

participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup

and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the

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facility security perimeter.

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Petitioners argue that Close B Custody inmates are allowed on the recreation yard only between the hours of 0900 to 1100 hours and 1300 hours to 1500 hours. Petitioners argue that they do not have access to the recreation yard area beyond 1500 hours.

Petitioners argue that Close B Custody inmates are not allowed to participate in program assignments and activities in areas beyond the work change area during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in violation of 3377.1(a)(4)(B).

Petitioners appear to argue that some assignments located within the "Facility Security Perimeter," such as the Clothing Room, Laundry and Culinary are improperly excluded for Close B Custody assignments. Petitioners contend that CTF Operations Procedure No. 34's definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" conflicts with the definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" set forth in California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3000. Under section 3000, "Facility Security Perimeter" is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. Section 3000 further provides that this perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation. CTF Operations Procedure No. 34 provides in pertinent part, "Close B Custody, Level II, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility Security Perimeter (West Gate to East Gate)." (See Operations Procedure No. 34, p.3.) Petitioners claim that under CTF Operations Procedure No. 34's definition of "Facility Security Perimeter," the recreation yard and all areas beyond the East and West Gates are excluded.

Petitioners claim that CTF prison officials do not permit Close B Custody inmates to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours in violation of section 3377.1(a)(4)(B). On December 23, 2002, the CTF Warden J. Hamlet issued a memorandum which states, "Close 2 3

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Custody programming after 2000 hours is no longer permitted." (See Petitioners' Exhibit D, Memorandum dated December 23, 2002.)

Petitioners submitted two separate appeals (CTF C-06-02329 and CTF C-06-02873.). The Director denied both appeals.

Petitioners contend that under California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3084.5(e), Correctional Lieutenant R. Lynch did not have authority to complete the first level review of their appeal (Log No. CTF-C-06-02329).

Pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 4.551(b), the court requests an informal response from the Attorney General's Office (Respondent). The informal response should address the following issues: 1) whether Correctional Lieutenant Lynch had authority to review the appeal (Log No. CTF-C-06-02329) at the first level under California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3084.5(e); 2) why Close B Custody inmates have access to the recreation yard only between the hours of 0900 to 1100 hours and 1300 hours to 1500 hours; 3) whether the definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" in CTF's Operations Procedure Number 34 (See Operations Procedure No. 34, p.3) conflicts with the definition "Facility Security Perimeter" set forth in the California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3000; 4) whether Close B Custody inmates are allowed to participate in program assignments and activities in areas beyond the work change area during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours; 5) whether CTF officials are not permitting Close B Custody inmates to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry or Culinary; and 6) why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours.

The informal response shall be filed within 15 days from the date of service of the order. Petitioner may file reply within 15 days from the date of service of the informal response upon Petitioner.

Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW Document 1-3 Filed 03/18/2008 Page 60 of 104

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 6 8 - 07

Hon. Jonathan R. Price Judge of the Superior Court

# EXHIBIT "Q"

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State of California
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



EDMUND G. BROWN JR. Aviorney General

455 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE, SUITE 11000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-7004

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E-Mail: Amanda.Murray@doj.ca.gov

July 13, 2007

The Honorable Jonathan R. Price Monterey County Superior Court 240 Church Street, Department 3 Salinas, CA 93902-1819

RE: INFORMAL RESPONSE

In re Boston, et al., Case No. HC 5668

Dear Judge Price:

Petitioners Andre Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger, Craig Gerstner, Michael Comeaux, David Moreno, and Adam Vasquez allege that the Correctional Training Facility (CTF) is denying Close B Custody inmates access to the prison's programs and activities in violation of California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3377.1(a)(4)(B). However, CTF may properly restrict Close B Custody inmates from fully participating in the prison's programs and activities based on the institution's limited resources and safety and security concerns. Moreover, – consistent with the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's (CDCR) regulations – CTF properly defined the prison's "facility security perimeter," restricting Close B Custody inmates' movement within the prison. Thus, the petition should be denied.

1. CTF May Restrict Close B Custody Inmates From Fully Participating in Institutional Programs and Activities Based on Available Resources and Safety and Security Concerns.

The warden is entrusted with the supervision, management, and control of the prison and is responsible for the care and custody of all its inmates. (Cal. Code of Regs., tit. 15, § 3380, subd. (a); Pen. Code, § 5054.) The primary objective of a prison – protecting public safety – must take precedence over all other prison operations. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3270.) Although inmates are afforded a reasonable opportunity to participate in rehabilitative activities, institutional programs are limited by the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns. (Id.; Pen. Code, § 2933 [every prisoner shall have a reasonable opportunity to participate in institutional programming consistent with institutional security and available resources].) Accordingly, each prison must establish operational procedures to adequately implement CDCR's regulations while ensuring public safety and institutional security. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3270, subd. (c).)

Thus, a Close B Custody inmate's "right" to fully participate in CTF's programs and

The Honorable Jonathan R. Price July 13, 2007 Page 2

activities is limited by the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns. (Ex. A. CTF Appeal Log, No. CTF-C-06-02873, pp. 8-10; Ex. B, CTF Appeal Log, No. CTF-C-06-02329, pp. 9, 12, 16; Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §§ 3270, 3043; Pen. Code, § 2933.) Because Close B Custody inmates represent an increased risk to institutional security and public safety. 11 CDCR's regulations require that Close B Custody inmates receive direct and constant supervision and limited access to institutional programs, activities, and facilities. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3277.1; Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3277.2.)<sup>2/2</sup> Contrary to petitioners' claim, CTF may additionally limit Close B Custody inmates' access to the prison's facilities and institutional programming based on the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns. (Ex. A at pp. 8-10; Ex. B, at pp. 9, 12, 16; Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §§ 3270, 3043; Pen. Code, § 2933.) Thus, CTF's operation procedures reflect a balance between offering Close B Custody inmates the opportunity to participate in rehabilitative activities, using the prison's limited resources, and maintaining safety and security. (Ex. A at pp. 8-10; Ex. B, at pp. 12, 16; Ex. C, Operations Procedure #34; Ex. D, Operations Procedure #40; Ex. E, Memorandum re Operations Procedure #40, dated December 23, 2002.) Accordingly, Close B Custody inmates have limited access to CTF's recreation yard; may only participate in program assignments and activities within the Central Facility security perimeter; are not allowed to participate in evening activities after 2000 hours; and are not allowed to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry, or Culinary Department. (Ex. A at pp. 9-10, 13; Ex. B at pp. 7, 12, 16; Ex. C at p. 3-4; Ex. E.)

#### The Correctional Training Facility Properly Defined "Facility Security 2. Perimeter" for Close B Custody Inmates.

The California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3000, defines Facility Security Perimeter as "any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending on weather, lighting conditions, and hours of operation." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3000, emphasis added.) This expansive definition permits the prison to establish

<sup>1.</sup> Classifying an inmate as Close B Custody requires consideration of the following factors: (a) the inmate's total term, sentence, or remaining time-to-serve; (b) the inmate's escape history; (c) identification of a management concern; (d) receipt of an active law enforcement felony hold; (e) a finding of guilt for a serious rules violation report; and (f) an inmate who is considered to have high notoriety or is designated a public interest case. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3277.2.)

<sup>2.</sup> Under section 3371.1, Close B Custody inmates are limited to: (a) program assignments and activities in areas located within the facility security perimeter during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours; (b) work program assignments in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter until 2200 hours; and (c) limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3371.1.)

The Honorable Jonathan R. Price July 13, 2007 Page 3

"facility security perimeter" boundaries – in any combination – for each custody classification consistent with the prison's specific safety and security concerns. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3270.) Contrary to petitioners' claim, CTF's definition is neither superficially defined nor in conflict with CDCR's regulations. (Petn. at p. 4.) Rather, because Close B Custody inmates represent an increased risk to institutional security and public safety, CTF's definition – defining "Facility Security Perimeter" as "West Gate to East Gate" – is based on legitimate security concerns and is encompassed within CDCR's regulation. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3270; Ex. A, CTF Appeal Log, No. CTF-C-06-02873, pp. 8-10; Ex. B, CTF Appeal Log, No. CTF-C-06-02329, pp. 12, 16; Ex. C, Operations Procedure #34 at, pp. 3-4.) Thus, CTF properly defined "facility security perimeter," restricting Close B Custody inmates' movement within the prison.

### 3. Petitioners' Claim that Correctional Lieutenant Lynch Did Not Have Authority to Review Petitioners' Appeal is Moot.

Petitioners' claim that Lieutenant Lynch did not have authority to review Petitioners' appeal (Appeal Log No. CTF-C-06-02329) is moot. Petitioners' complaint was appealed – and denied – at the highest level of review (the Director's Level of Review). (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 15, § 3084.5.) Thus, because petitioners' appeal was ultimately reviewed by the Director – who has a higher administrative rank than the Warden – there is nothing more for the court to decide. (In re Hutchinson (1972) 23 Cal. App. 3d 337, 338-339.) Moreover, even assuming petitioners' appeal is not moot (and Lieutenant Lynch did not have authority to review it), petitioners would not be entitled to habeas relief. As addressed above, the petition should be denied because CTF properly limits Close B Custody inmates from fully participating in the prison's programs and activities based on the institution's limited resources and safety and security concerns. Thus – at most – Petitioners would be entitled to have their appeal re-heard through the prison's administrative process. Accordingly, because Petitioners claim is moot and resolution would not entitled them to habeas corpus relief, the petition must be denied.

#### 4. Conclusion.

CTF may properly restrict Close B Custody inmates from fully participating in the prison's programs and activities based on the institution's limited resources and safety and security concerns. Moreover, – in accordance with CDCR's regulations – CTF properly defined the prison's "facility security perimeter," restricting Close B Custody inmates' movement within the prison. Finally, petitioners' claim that Lieutenant Lynch did not have authority to review their appeal is moot and does not entitle them to habeas corpus relief. Thus, the petition should be denied.

Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 223829

For EDMUND G. BROWN JR. Attorney General

#### **DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL**

Case Name: In re Boston, et al.

No.: HC 5668

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On July 16, 2007, I served the attached

#### INFORMAL RESPONSE

by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General at 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004, addressed as follows:

Andre' Boston
D-03868
Correctional Training Facility
P.O. Box 689
Soledad, CA 93960-0689
in pro per

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on July 16, 2007, at San Francisco, California.

M.M. Argarin

Declarant

Signature

20096216.wpd

TATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

NMATE/PAROLEE

Location: Institution/Parole

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You may appeal any policy, action or decision which has a significant adverse affect upon you. With the exception of Serious CDC 115s, classification committee actions, and classification and staff representative decisions, you must first informally seek relief through discussion with the appropriate staff member, who will sign your form and state what action was taken. If you are not then satisfied, you may send your appeal with all the supporting documents and not more than one additional page of comments to the Appeals Coordinator within 15 days of the action taken. No reprisals will be taken for using the appeals procedure responsibly.

NAMESTA ASSIGNMENT NUMBER UNIT/ROOM NUMBER EW-236U D - 03868MAC CHAIRMAN/MAC.001 A BOSTON; A Describe Problem This immate appeal is being filed by the CIF-Central Facility Men's Advisory, (MAC) on behalf of the general population, pursuant to California Code of Regulation (CCR), Title 15, §§ 3084.1 and 3084.5 and the Department; Operations Manual (DOM) 53120.12 in their entirety. In order to seek timely resolution of this matter, we are requesting that the appeal be bypassed to the Second Level. The factors involved in this appeal are as follows: CTF-Central Facility is a part of the Correctional Training Facility (CTF) a state prison. The facility can house approximately 2,828 general population immates. Specifically, the facility houses a total of approximately 556 immates, who are If you need more space, attach one additional sheet. CONTINUED ON ADDITIONAL SHEET B. Action Requested. The MAC is requesting that CIF's policies and Operations Procedures to brought into complete compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy. Specifically, CTF's Close R Custody immates should be granted full and equitable opportunities for IWITP program assignments in accordance with the provisions of CCR § 3377.1 and that any language CONTINUED ON ADDITIONAL SHEET Roston, MAC Chairman Inmate/Parolee Signature: \_A. Date Submitted: INFORMAL LEVEL (Date Received: \_ Staff Response: : CD Date Returned to Inmates Staff Signature: D. FORMAL LEVEL If you are dissatisfied, explain below, attach supporting documents (Completed CDC 115, Investigator's Report, Classification of Fronce, 128 Ffc.) and submit to the Institution/Parole Region Appeals Coordinator for processing within 15 days of receipt of response. N. E.

Note: Property/Funds appeals must be accompanied by a completed

Date Submitted: \_

CDC Appeal Number:

Board of Control form BC-1E, Inmate Claim

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06-02873

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Signature:	Date Submitted:
Second Level Granted P. Granted Denied	Other
G. REVIEWER'S ACTION (Complete within 10 working days): Date assigne	ed: Ser Face Bue Date: OCI 17 3C
See Attached Letter	
Signature X HC Ash AWC	(A) Date Completed: 10-19-08
Warden/Superintendent/Signature:	Date Returned to inmate:
<ul> <li>H. If dissatisfied, add data or reasons for requesting a Director's Level is response.</li> </ul>	Review, and submit by mail to the third level within 15 days of receipt of
The circumstances which give rise to t	his appeal, have been created by a
series of actions undertaken by the Ad	
Training Facility (CTF), reflected in	•
(OP) #34, 40 and 88 that have had a di	
	behalf of those Close B Custody inmat
who are housed in CTF-Central Facility	(See attached for continuation)
Signature: A. BOSTON, D-03868, MAC Chai	rman Date Submitted: 11/7/06
For the Director's Review, submit all documents to: Director of Corrections	s
P.O. Box 942883	22 0001
Sacramento, CA 9428 Attn: Chief, Inmate Ap	
DIRECTOR'S ACTION:  Granted P. Granted Denied See Attached Letter	JAN: 2 3 2007

Problem (Continued):

e lassified by CDCR as Level II, Close-B Custody, representing 25% of the total general population,. CCR Title 15 defines and incorporates the provisions for their program expectations according to their inmate custody designations. Those program expectations are supported by corresponding program policy articulated in the DOM. Central Facility's general population is represented by an elected inmate advisory council (MAC). The MAC's function, as described in CCR Title 15 and the DOM is to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff, those matters of common interest and concern to the inmate general population. In pursuit of that mandate, the MAC has met on multiple occasions with the CTF Administration concerning equal access to Level II program assignment opportunities for all Close Custody inmates, which would be consistent with regulatory law and Departmental policy. Despite those efforts, the MAC has been confronted with reports that supervisory and rank & file staff are attributing the continuing program changes that adversely affect all general population inmates to "an agreement or decision reached between the Administration and the MAC." The program circumstances, which the MAC is grieving are defined by Operations Procedures (OP) #34 and #40.

The MAC asserts that the restrictive language and circumstances imposed by OP #34 and OP #40 have an explicit, negative impact on Close B Custody immates, which contradict the regulatory language of CCR Title 15 and the policy provisions of the DOM. The result of those restrictions is to effectively deny those immates program assignments to which they are entitled.

- The latest revision of OP #34, signed by Ms. P. Barker for Warden A. P. Kane on April 3, 2006, contains the following pertinent language on pages 3 and 4: "Close B, Level II immates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility security perimeter (West Gate to East Gate). Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. No Close Custody inmates will be assigned to the Culinary with access to the Loading Dock, Laundry/Clothing Room, Lower East Corridor, or areas outside the East Gate."
- Former Warden J. Hamlet signed the last revision of OP #40 on October 24, 2002. Although this critical OP has not been officially revised in four years, numerous, substantial changes in program routine have been instituted, which are contrary to the provisions of the signed OP available to the general population. The OP cites the West Corridor Grill Gate and Yard Fence Gate as the portals for Central Facility Recreation Yard access and egress. The OP also establishes specific procedures for Yard Recall and Counts that directly impact the Close B inmate population at CTF-Central. Although the provisions for Close Custody Counts are also discussed in OP #11, which governs Inmate Count and Movement, there is no actual description or delineation of Close Custody immate movement contained in that OP. In accordance with OP #40, Close B inmates are recalled from yard activities at 1100 hours, but not counted until 1215 Hours. They are counted with all other inmates at 1700 Hours; separately at 2000 Hours as Close Custody immates; and again at 2130 Hours with all other immates. This is done in spite of the fact that neither the CCR nor the DOM requires additional counts for Close B Custody inmates. The OP explicitly limits evening program to showers only prior to meals and excludes any release to the yard for Red Card Holders who are Close Custody inmates after the completion of the evening meal. There are no specific provisions for Close B inmates' participation in Inmate Activity Groups between the hours of the 1700 Hour Institutional Count and the 2000 Hour Close Custody Count. The combined result of the provisions created by OP #40 for the counting, release and movement of Close B Custody inmates is the imposition of demonstrable restrictions on their IWTIP program assignments and participation.
- It is perhaps instructive to note that OP #80, CTF's Mission Statement, states that Central Facility is a "training and work-oriented facility that provides comprehensive academic, vocational and industrial programs for Level II inmates." The statement asserts that there are a "variety of self-improvement programs, academic classes, vocational classes, literacy program, and work assignments available for minimum and medium custody inmates." There is no specific mention of program and work assignment provisions for close custody inmates. Significantly, OP #80 also states CTF "has a secured-armed perimeter. There are armed towers spaced around the perimeter, each of which is staffed and armed with lethal as well as less lethal weapons. The perimeter of each of the facilities contains separate vehicle and pedestrian sallyports, whose overlooking towers are staffed 24 hours per day."

CCR Title 15 and the DOM establish clear criteria and provisions for Close B Custody program access and assignments (bold/italicized print has been added for emphasis of relative points).

- CCR §3000 contains four definitions relative to Designated Level II Housing, Facility Security Perimeter, and Security Perimeters.
  - "Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores."
  - "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters
    that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will
    contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation."
  - "Secure Perimeter means the largest Security Perimeter that physically retains inmates in custody on facility property."
  - 4. "Secure Perimeter means any unbroken physical barrier or combination of physical barriers that restricts inmate movement to a contained area without being processed through a door, gate or sallyport."
  - CCR §3000.5 establishes the "Rules of Construction," which apply to salient points in the MAC's grievance.

- §3377.1(a)(4)(A-C) establishes the following points relative to this grievance:
  - Subsection (A) states that Close B inmates "housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility secure perimeter."
  - Subsection (B) states "Close B inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter. "
  - Subsection (C) provides for the direct and constant supervision of work supervisors during the inmates' assigned work hours. Subsection (D) provides for the direct and constant supervision of Close B .Custody inmates at all times.

CCR 3377.1(a)(4)(B) mandates the opportunity for Close B inmates to participate in program assignments within the facility secure perimeter including beyond the work change. The MAC asserts that CTF is not allowed to restrict inmates from program assignments to areas strictly defined by the "East and West Gates" (as imposed by OP #34). The MAC further asserts that the institution has developed local definitions of the facility security perimeter that are contrary to the regulatory language contained in CCR Title 15. The Culinary areas (including the back dock), the Clothing and Laundry Rooms, Receiving and Release, the Central Facility Vocational classrooms and the Prison Industry Authority are all clearly located within CTF-Central Facility's actual security perimeter as determined by regulatory law and CDCR policy. There is no legitimate penological interest demonstrated by the institution's restriction of the assignment and participation of Close B inmates in these areas, especially during daylight hours. The determination of the "East and West Gates" as an arbitrary definition constitutes an underground regulation imposed by CTF (with possible undue influence by Custody bargaining units). The "policy," which establishes the East and West Gates as the "security perimeter," is immediately contradicted by the ability of Close B inmates to participate in Recreation Yard activities between the approximate hours of 0900 to 1500 Hours. The Central Facility Recreation Yard is clearly outside the West Gate. Close B inmate assignments in Medical and Education are all located beyond the Lower East Corridor, another arbitrary boundary established in the language of OP #34. In addition, the restrictions imposed by CTF against Close B inmate work or program assignments (Vocations & PIA) deny those inmates access to the benefits implied in CTF's "Mission Statement" (even though they are specifically excluded from CTF's mission at this time). Close B inmates have no ("zero") access to vocational programs, absolutely essential to the parole requirements imposed by the Board of Parole Hearings on life term inmates. Close B inmates have no ("zero") opportunity to participate in PIA assignments. As a result, those immates are denied access to PIA's primary function, which is inmate work programming. Close B inmates are denied the opportunity to participate in PIA's Inmate Employability Program, which would document and certify their skills, work experiences and work habits while assigned to PIA Enterprises. This eliminates Close B inmates' possible participation in another desirable parole requirement sought by the Board of Parole Hearings. The result of this denial of IWTIP program access is a direct and indirect impact on the liberty interests of Close B inmates regarding their parole opportunities.

For the last six years, CTF has failed to demonstrate any interest in improving the program opportunities for Close B inmates and has engaged in an ongoing degradation of Close B assignment opportunities. The previous attempt by former Warden A. P. Kane to create Close B access to vocational programming was withdrawn by the present Administration. CTF has been apprised of CDCR's internal view of denying Close B Custody Program Access, published in the Inmate Appeals Branch Insighter (see Attachment A - Issue #17, dated 2003 - "A Court Weighs in on Application of Regs"), but has failed to respond. CTF's Close B inmates are disproportionately unemployed and underassigned. Only a third of Close B inmates are actually assigned to jobs/education. Over half the A1A Close B inmates are unassigned and cannot find a job or vocational assignment (See Attachment B). Close B inmates previously worked for decades throughout the institution, without any evidence of a legitimate penological concern or security incidents at CTF that would support denying them access to which they are entitled under regulatory law and CDCR policy. DOM §51020.1 specifically directs that "Supplements shall not create new policy/regulation." A regulation "implements, interprets or makes more specific the provisions of statute, case law or regulation of controlling agencies... imposes requirements which shall be met to qualify for general entitlement or privileges available to inmates..." CDCR policy clearly directs that supplements (OP's) shall comply and expound on the implementation of regulations and not contract them. OP #34 is clearly not in compliance with regulatory law or CDCR policy. As a result, CTF's Close B Custody immate population is being adversely affected without avenue(s) for relief. The MAC's attempts to address these discrepancies through constructive dialogue, input and recommendations have been dismissed by the CTF Administration and the Close B immate general population continues to suffer as a consequence. The CCR and the DOM explicitly establish that CTF-Central Facility's Close B inmates, housed in a designated Level II housing, are entitled to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area. Close B Custody inmates' IWTP program entitlements are being denied or obstructed by policies and procedures adopted and imposed by the CTF Administration.

Action Requested (Continued):

contained in OP's #34 and #40, as well as any other relevant OP's, be revised to comply with the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

A. BOSTON MAC Chairman CTF-Central Facility

August 31, 2006

## Serie Numbes Les Constitutions de la constitution d





Inmate Appeals Branch 916-358-2417

E. Alamaida, Jr., Director K, Kinser, Chf. Dep. Director Support Services E.A. Mitchell, Dep. Duector Policy and Eval Div. Vola Grannis, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

Affice Staff andy Brady, SWPT haron Candalot, AGPA Dee Arme Cooper, WPT Vorenda Hamarlund, OT ine Hoogland, WFT tary Morainty, AGPA ence Welsh, OT

ppeals Examiners en Alten, SSM-I celynni Arceo, FC dy Burleson, SSM-I o Ennighies, FC rady Floto, FC туа Нровдек-Wilkins, FC uck Hollis, FC ry Loftin, FC Le Pearson, FC . rek Corter, FC y Stocker, FC sy Sullevan, SSAL-I z Śreiges, SSM-I



A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF...

Greetings! Before becoming chief, I had the pleasure of working with most of the appeals coordinators and their staff; therefore, I have a feeling of continued confidence in the abilities of those around me. This year should bring with it some interesting challenges including significant changes in law, regulation, and policy. Many of you are currently feeling the crush of appeals regarding frontal nudity, the ban on smoking products, and soon-restitution and Plata complaints. I would like to ask your cooperation in maintaining the integrity of the exhaustion requirement pursuant to the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This act gave us the ability to thwart premature filings in the courts, resulting in their immediate dismissal for failure to exhaust by administrative appeal. The way to best support the reform act is through strict adherence to appeal time limits. Too many First or Second Level responses address the appellant's failure, without cause, to meet time constraints, yet proceed to respond as if they had. Instead of preventing future litigation, the response commits CDC to follow this appeal to its end. More often than not, this means court, and court represents much time, effort, and money. If an appellant has no legitimate excuse for delayed submittal/resubmittal, then the appeal should be screened out for untimeliness, thereby preventing access to court.

#### THIRD PARTY INTERVENTION ON BEHALF OF AN INMATE/PAROLEE APPELLANT

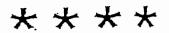
Inmates and parolees have a right to appeal CDC decisions, actions, conditions, or policies that adversely affect them. No other immate or parolee shall submit a CDC 602 on behalf of another inmate or parolee. Nonetheless, an appellant may obtain the assistance of another person, including an inmate or parolee, in preparing the appeal. Institution staff shall provide the assistance necessary to inmates who have difficulty communicating in written English to afford access to the appeal process. These are CDC regulations.

To what extent may an appellant be represented by a third party, such as a parent, an inmate, or an attorney? Third parties may assist and even ghostwrite appeals for an appellant. This is especially relevant to a disabled inmate who cannot write a CDC 602. The CDC 602 must be submitted over the appellant's signature and through the appellant, not a third party. If the appellant cannot sign his or her own name, a staff member should interview the appellant and obtain a verbal or other acknowledgement that the CDC 602 was knowingly submitted by the appellant and the content represents the appellant's position. The employee should write on the CDC 602 that the interview was conducted and the circumstances of the appellant's concurrence. Responses to the appeal should be directed to the appellant, not the third party. Staff assistance to communicate the response for a disabled appellant should be provided as necessary and documented. (CCR 3084.1, 3084.2, 3084.3)

#### A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs

A recent California court decision to grant an inmate's writ of habeas corpus serves as a reminder to CDC that we must follow our established regulations. The inmate petitioner asserted that the institution . failed follow CCR 3377.1 which establishes "B" Close Custody program and activity hours. The response at each level of appeal cited a variety of justifications to establish different program hours. First level: the rule changes were permissive and the institution had the authority to amend them; the court ruled that the language was mandatory, Second level: DOM permitted the institution to retain prior policy; the court ruled that DOM does not supercede the CCR. Third level: reasonable penological interest existed to change the hours; the that ruled court institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates. regulations While some may seem to be outdated or inconvenient, CDC is held to compliance.

Recommendations revise regulations should be submitted through the chain command headquarters staff.



### CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT PROFILE

as of: August 22, 2006

CLOSE CUSTODY INMATE HOUSING	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	57	252	254	562
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	11	76	105	192 34.1%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	35	150	121	<b>306</b> 54.4%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	6	27	25	58 10.3%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	5	0	1	6 <1%

TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES BY AREA OF ASSIGNMENT	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
EDUCATION	10 (-)	40	52 (-)	102 (-)
HOUSING UNIT WORKERS	1	30. (~)	28 (-)	59 (-)
RECREATION YARD CREW	0	2	9	11
CORRIDOR WORKERS	0	2	8	10
INFIRMARY WORKERS	0	0	6	6
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS POSITIONS	0	2	2 (-)	4 (-)

COMPARISON WITH GENERAL POPULATION	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
CENTRAL FACILITY MEDIUM/MINIMUM CUSTODY	197	0 .	0	2828
CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	57	252	253	562
	2.0% OF	8.9% OF	8.9% OF	19.8% OF
	POPULATION	POPULATION	POPULATION	POPULATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	11	<b>76</b>	1 <b>0</b> 5	<b>192</b>
	<1%	2.7%	3.7%	6.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	35	150	121	3 <b>06</b>
	1.2%	5.3%	4.3%	10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B	6	27	<b>25</b> <1%	58
CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<1%	<1%		2%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS	5	0	1	6
CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	.<1%		<1%	<1%

<sup>\*</sup>EXCLUDES X & O-WING POPULATION

## CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT PROFILE

as of: March 3, 2006

CLOSE CUSTODY INMATE HOUSING	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	·66	.253	254	573
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	12	74	114	200 34.9%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	39	153	116	308 53.7%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	13	26	23	62 10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	2	0	1	3 <1%

TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES BY AREA OF ASSIGNMENT	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*
EDUCATION	12	37	58	107
HOUSING UNIT WORKERS	0	32	29	61
RECREATION YARD CREW	0	2	. 9	11
CORRIDOR WORKERS	0	2	8	10
INFIRMARY WORKERS	0	0	6	6
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS POSITIONS	0	1	4	5

COMPARISON WITH GENERAL POPULATION	C-WING	D-WING	E-WING	CENTRAL FACILITY*.
CENTRAL FACILITY MEDIUM/MINIMUM CUSTODY	188	0	0	2828
CENTRAL FACILITY CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	66	253	254	573
	2.3% OF	8.9% OF	9% OF	20.3% OF
	POPULATION	POPULATION	POPULATION	POPULATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A ASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	12	74	114	200
	<1%	2.6%	4%	7%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-1-A UNASSIGNED CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	39 1.3%	<b>15</b> 3 5.4%	116 4.1%	<b>308</b> 10.8%
TOTAL NUMBER OF A-2-B	13	26	23	62
CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<1%	<1%	<1%	2%
TOTAL NUMBER OF C STATUS	2	0	1	3
CLOSE CUSTODY INMATES	<1%		<1%	<1%

<sup>\*</sup>EXCLUDES X & O-WING POPULATION

#### DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

RE:

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02873 Second Level Reviewer's Response

**BOSTON** 

D-03868

EW-236U

APPEAL DECISION:

DENIED

APPEAL ISSUE: CUSTODY/CLASSIFICATION (Category 2)

You are filing an appeal as the CTF Central Men's Advisory Council (MAC) Chairperson on behalf of the general population. You cite CCR, Title 15, Section 3084.1, 3084.5 and Departmental Operations Manual (DOM) Section 53120.12.

- You claim Operational Procedures #34 and #40 have an explicit negative impact on Close B custody inmates.
- You claim CTF's definition of security perimeter (Westgate and East gate) is out of compliance with departmental regulations.
- You claim there are too many counts for Close B custody inmates. You assert CTF is not allowed to restrict inmates from program assignments to areas strictly defined by the "East and West gates."
- You claim Close B inmates have no opportunity to participate in vocational and Prison Industry Authority (PIA) programs.

#### ACTION REQUESTED:

The MAC is requesting CTF's policies and operational procedures be brought into complete compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy. Specifically, CTF's Close B Custody inmates should be granted full and equitable opportunities for IWTIP program assignments in accordance with the provisions of. CCR, Section 3377.1. You also request that language contained in OP #34 and #40, as well as any other relevant OP's be revised to comply with the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

#### APPEAL RESPONSE:

On October 16, 2006, you were interviewed by acting Associate Warden J. C. Sisk concerning this appeal. You provided background information concerning the MAC's position on this issue and stated in essence that all the information was in the appeal.

A thorough review of the appeals package and all your attachments, Operational Procedures, CCR sections and DOM sections has been completed and reveals the following:

- CCR Section 3084.1. Right to appeal. This section describes an individual inmate's ability to file an appeal.
- CCR Section 3084.5. Levels of appeal review and disposition. This section describes why you requested this appeal be bypassed to the Second Level of Review because you are contesting a policy or procedure implemented by the institution head.

Second Level Reviewer's Response CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873 Page 2 of 3

- DOM Section 53120.12, Inmate Advisory Committee Appeals. This section gives the authority to the MAC to file an appeal on any decision or action when the matter is not resolved through normal MAC communication channels with the Warden. This section continues on to state, "Warden's staff and the (IACs) are urged to consider every reasonable means to resolve issues at the lowest possible level before utilizing the appeals process."
- CCR Section 3270, Security-General Policy states, "The primary objectives of the correctional institutions are to protect the public by safely keeping persons committed to the custody of the Director of Corrections, and to afford such persons with every measurable oppositionly and the constitution and the effectiveness of the determined programs within the formation of the description and the effectiveness of the determined programs within the formation of custody classification personnel and opposition and the operation of staff, inmate and public safety must take precedence over all other considerations in the operation of all the programs and activities of the institution of the department."
- CCR, Section 3380, Chief Executive Officer, Subsection (a), states, "The warden or superintendent of an institution of the department is the chief executive officer of that institution, and is responsible for the custody, treatment training and discipling of all involves under his or her charge. Subsection (c), states, "Subject to the approval of the Direction of Corrections," wardens, superintendents and parole region administrators will establish such operational plans and procedures as are required by the director for implementation of regulations and as may otherwise be required for their respective operations. Such procedures will apply only to the inmates, parolees and personnel under the administrator.

Previous CTF Wardens have utilized Operational Procedures to establish Facility security perimeters, housing units, additional counts and areas of movement for Close custody inmates. The current warden continues to use and approve OP's.

These OP's take into consideration the public safety as outlined in CCR Section 3270. The Warden is within his right to do so per CCR Section 3380. Other possible considerations would be the age of the facility, numerous vehicle and pedestrian sally ports beyond the East Gate, poor lighting and the lack of an electrified fence.

Therefore, CTF's Operational Procedures are authorized and in compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy.

Close custody inmates have all the opportunities per IWTIP as allowed by their custody.

Close custody life term inmates will have vocation and or PIA opportunities between 7 to 9 years prior to their Minimum Eligible Parole Date (MEPD). This would allow sufficient time to acquire a trade or two prior to their appearance before the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH).

Second Level Reviewer's Response CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873 Page 3 of 3

In the MAC's meeting with Warden Curry he stated he would consider proposals for Close Custody inmates to work in the culinary. The restriction to the back dock where delivery vehicles have access unavailable for Close Custody inmate assignments.

The Warden was also interested in any recommendation for the facility security permitted between 0600 and 2000 or 2200 hours.

The MAC feel that CTF is too restrictive per OP's and should adopt the language of the control o

In reference to the Inmate Appeals Branch newsletter "The Insighter" has no bearing on this issue. It is not a regulatory publication. It is informational in nature. Court decisions filter to the institutions via CDCR headquarters.

Based on the action requested, Section B of the appeal CTF is within CDCR policy and no change is needed. Program assignments by IWTIP for Close Custody is appropriate although new assignments or expanded areas will be considered once submitted by the MAC.

Based on the aforementioned information, CTF will not change any Operational Procedures as they relate to this appeal. Therefore, your appeal is DENIED at the Second Level of Review.

Reviewed By:

J. C. Sisk, Associate Warden (A), Central Housing

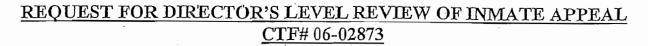
B. Curry Warden (A) CTE

10-19-0

- Care Think

Date

Cc: Appeals office Inmate C-file



#### Reasons (Continued)

a designated Level II facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores. Over a period of slightly more than five years, CTF has adopted a series of increasingly restrictive physical parameters, which obstruct program access and participation for Close B Custody inmates. These increased restrictions have been adopted in spite of nearly a decade of Level II Close B Custody programming without serious incidents. There is no direct evidence of a legitimate penological reason for reducing overall program access and opportunities by more than 75%. In addition, access to vocational and Prison Industry assignments has been completely eliminated. These actions seem to directly contradict the stated mission of the institution and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR). Acting Warden B. Curry has invited recommendations from the MAC for proposals to create new jobs for Close B Custody inmates within the restrictive physical parameters adopted by CTF. While this is a positive response to engage the MAC on the behalf of the Close B Custody population, the Administration's interpretation of language contained in the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 15 and the Department Operations Manual (DOM), which govern Close B Custody program is still called into question. institution's response does not address the sections of the CCR and DOM cited by the MAC as the basis for this appeal. CCR Title 15 Sections 3000, 3000.5 and 3377.1(a)(A-C) deal with the specific mandatory language, which governs Close B Custody program access. The five CCR Sections cited by the CTF Administration do not negate the rules of construction, which mandate compliance with the sections cited by the The DOM explicitly directs that supplements (OP's) shall not create new MAC in this appeal. policy/regulation. DOM §51020.1 further states that "Supplements shall:...not duplicate or contradict DOM. provisions."

- The institution's assertion that "Previous CTF Wardens have utilized Operational Procedures to establish Facility security perimeters, housing units, additional counts and areas of movement for Close B Custody inmates does not excuse the current Warden from compliance with regulatory law and Departmental policy.
- The institution's assertions about the "...age of the facility, numerous vehicle and pedestrian sally ports beyond the East Gate, poor lighting and the lack of an electrified fence..." are contradicted by the provisions for programming by Close B Custody inmates in other institutions of higher or similar security levels that are older than CTF and also do not have electrified fences. If the Department wanted to make specific accommodations beyond those already stated in the CCR, multiple changes to the Director's Rules over the past two years, which specifically address Close Custody programming, provided more than ample opportunity. The sections, which the MAC cited as the basis for this appeal, remain unchanged.
- Simply stating "...CTF's Operational Procedures are authorized and in compliance with regulatory law and CDCR policy..." does not make it so if the institutional policy violates regulatory law or contradicts Departmental Policy.
- Close B Custody inmates do not have all the opportunities per the IWTIP program as asserted by the institution. Simply saying they do, does not make it so if Close B Custody inmates do not have access to Vocational and Prison Industry assignments.
- Seemingly "promising" Close B custody life term inmates with "... vocation and or PIA opportunities between 7 to 9 years prior to their Minimum Parole Date (MEPD)..." does not provide those inmates with the opportunity to engage in meaningful employment and training or to establish a record of efforts to rehabilitate themselves prior to their appearance before the Board of Parole Hearings (BPH). Denial of Close B Custody inmates' real access to program opportunities and job assignments creates a legitimate liberty interest when inmates appear before the BPH without evidence of participation in programs which meet the desirable parole requirements. (Over)

- CIF's current waiting list for vocational participation by any CTF-Central Facility inmate, regardless of the custody level, is over 100 years in real time access.
- CTF currently has no vocation or PIA job opportunities for Close B Custody inmates. Prior to the introduction of the more restrictive definition of so-called security perimeters, which contradict the CCR and DOM, CTF's Close B Custody inmates had been gainfully employed and allowed to train in areas from which they are now restricted. This has happened despite a lack of incidents or demonstrated penological concerns that support the changes adopted by previous Wardens.
- The institution's assertion that "...Court decisions filter to the institutions via CDCR headquarters..." does not negate the informational commentary of CDCR's (headquarters) Inmate Appeals Branch newsletter, "The Insighter."
- The institution's assertion that their OP's are utilized to cover legitimate security concerns "...while remaining within the understanding of the CCR..." may succinctly define the application of opinion or perception over regulatory law and Departmental policy. If the Department feels that the regulatory law or policy provisions, which govern inmate programming access and opportunities, are too liberal and need to be more restrictive, the Legislature has provided them with appropriate remedies. Close B Custody inmates who have demonstrated a commitment to programming and rehabilitation, working dieth way down from the acknowledged security concerns of Level III and Level IV Close A Custody housing, desire the opportunities and access proscribed by the CCR and the DOM.

\*The MAC asserts that CTF, a CDCR institution, does not have a reasonable interest or legitimate penological interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates.] The MAC is requesting that the Director's Level Beview carefully consider the CCR provisions, which the MAC has cited in this appeal and the issues that they have raised on the behalf of the Close B Custody inmate population. The MAC is respectfully requesting that the Review specifically address the cited CCR provisions, unlike the institutional response, and provide Close B Custody inmates with a clear expectation of program access and opportunities that should be available to them at CTF in accordance with regulatory law, Departmental policy and IWTIP program guidelines. The MAC is respectfully requesting a direct answer to the question of the institution's requirement. to comply with the plain language of the CCR and the DOM, versus subjecting the provisions to interpretation, opinion or throughout for Legislative intent. If the Director's Level Review finds that the issues raised by the MAC are valid, the MAC would respectfully requests that CTF be instructed to amend any/all OP's regarding Close Classed programming to comply with California Regulatory Law and Departmental Policy.

Respective sammitted,

A. BOST MAC Chairman

CTF-Cautral Facility

November 7, 2006

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

INMATE APPEALS BRANCH

P. O. BOX 942883

SACRAMENTO, CA 94283-0001

#### DIRECTOR'S LEVEL APPEAL DECISION

Date:



In re:

Boston, D-03868 Correctional Training Facility

P.O. Box 686 Soledad, CA 93960

IAB Case No.: 0605652

Local Log No.: CTF 06-02873

This matter was reviewed on behalf of the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) by Appeals Examiner J. G. Arceo, Facility Captain. All submitted documentation and supporting arguments of the parties have been considered.

I APPELLANT'S ARGUMENT: It is the appellant's position that he disputes the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section (CCR) and CDC Operations Manual Section's polices and procedures at it relates to inmates designated with Close "B" custody. He requests that Correctional Training Facility's (CTF) policies and procedures be brought into compliance with regulatory law and departmental policy. Further, he asks that CTF's Close "B" immates be granted full and equitable opportunities for Inmate Work/Training Incentive Program (IWTIP) assignments pursuant to the CCR 3377.1.

II SECOND LEVEL'S DECISION: Warden Curry advised the Men's Advisory Committee (MAC) that he would consider proposals for Close custody immates to work in the culinary. The back dock restrictions remain in place and those assignments are unavailable to Close custody immates. The Operational Procedures are utilized to cover legitimate security concerns while remaining within the intent of the CCRs. Program assignments or by the IWTIP for Close custody immates are appropriate although new assignments or expanded areas will be considered once submitted by the MAC.

#### III DIRECTOR'S LEVEL DECISION: Appeal is denied.

A. FINDINGS: The appellant has failed to present evidence that he is aware of all security concerns within the CTF that impact inmate movement. The Warden is charged by law with the responsibility to ensure the safety of staff, inmates, and public safety according to the physical and fiscal resources of his institution. The Warden has indicated that he will consider MAC recommendations. Pursuant to the California Penal Code Section 2933, inmates are not guaranteed a specific assignment but are afforded the opportunity for a credit qualifying assignment as provided by institutional and departmental resources. The appellant has failed to establish that the Warden has violated this law.

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#### B. BASIS FOR THE DECISION:

CCR: 3001, 3270, 3272, 3274, 3375, 3377, 3377.1, 3377.2, 3380

C. ORDER: No changes or modifications are required by the institution.

BOSTON, D-03868 CASE NO. 0605652 PAGE 2

This decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to the appellant within CDCR.

N. GRANNIS, Chief Inmate appeals Branch

cc:

Warden, CTF

Appeals Coordinator, CTF

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अ	ATE OF CAR	ORNIA		

SE. 2 5 2006 PARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

INMATE	/PAROLEE
APPEAL	FORM
CDC 602 (12/87)	

Location: Institution/Parole Region CTF-C 0 6 - 0 2 3 2 9 Category

You may appeal any policy, action or decision which has a significant adverse affect upon you. With the exception of Serious CDC 115s, classification committee actions, and classification and staff representative decisions, you must first informally seek relief through discussion with the appropriate staff member, who will sign your form and state what action was taken. If you are not then satisfied, you may send your appeal with all the supporting documents and not more than one additional page of comments to the Appeals Coordinator within 15 days of the action taken. No reprisals will be taken for using the appeals procedure responsibly.

NAME Z	NUMBER D-03868	ASSIGNMENT MAC CITA TOWARD	UNIT/ROOM NUMBER
A. BOSTON Andre	D-03868	MAC-001/MAC CHAIRMAN	EW-2360
A Describe Problem. This inmate	appeal is being	filed pursuant to the Cal	ifornia Code of Regulation
(CCR), Title 15 §		and 3160 (a) in their ent	
	tion of this ma	atter we are requesting	that the appeal be
bypassed to the Se	cond Level in acco	ordance with CCR Title 15	§ 3084.5 (b) as it
addresses a violat	ion of California	Code of Regulations (CCR	) Title 15 § 3377.1
by a policy imple	mented by the Ir	nstitution Head at CTF.	The factors of this
appeal are as fol	lows: CTF-Central	l Facility is a part of	a California State
Prison that can h	ouse approximatel	ly 3230 inmates. Central	Facility's inmates
If you need more space, attach one addi	tional sheet.		50 × 8 × 000°
			mplete compliance with the
		Close R Custody progr	
activities_ It is	also requested	that the Close "B" Custod	ly inmates at CIF be
		gram assignments and acti	
nmate/Parolee Signature:	mais		Date Submitted:
C. INFORMAL LEVEL (Date Received:			
Staff Response:			
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	<del></del>	10/10/1	CP CO
		- St.,	
			220 5 2 5
Staff Signature:		Date Re	eturned to Inmate:
D. FORMAL LEVEL			
f you are dissatisfied, explain below, atta	ch supporting documents (Co	ompleted CDC 115, Investigator's Report,	Classification chrono, CDC 128, etc.) and
submit to the Institution/Parole Region	Appeals Coordinator for proc	essing within 15 days of receipt of respo	nse.
<del></del>	<del></del>	- Can-	<u> </u>
		MAL.	
		<b>9</b> ''	
·		DECENTER	<u> </u>
Signature: RF	CEIVED	, KLUCIVED	Daté Submitted:

Note: Property/Funds appeals must be accompanied by a completed Board of Control form BC-1E, Inmate Claim

OCT 1 7 2006

SEP 2.5 275

06-02329

CDC Appeal Number:

CTF APPEALS

JUL 2 1 2006

First Level Granted P. Granted Denied Other	CED 0.1.200C
E. REVIEWER'S ACTION (Complete within 15 working days): Date assigned: JUL 21 2006	Due Date: SEP 01 2006
Interviewed by: LT R., LYPCH	<del></del>
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	<del></del>
<del></del>	
Staff Signature: Title:	Date Completed: 6 - C 106
Division Head Approved: Signature: Title:	Returned  Date to Inmate:
<ul> <li>If dissatisfied, explain reasons for requesting a Second-Level Review, and submit to Institution or Parole F receipt of response.</li> </ul>	Region Appeals Coordinator within 15 days of
The MAC is dissatisfied with the First Level Response	and hereby respectfully
request a Second Level Review of this matter based on	
The MAC asserts that the First Level Review authored b	
and signed by acting Associate Warden R. Pope was inap	propriate and should be
SEE ATTACHED PAGES MOULT	Date Submitted: 10/13/16
Second Level Granted P. Granted Denied Cher	210V 1 5 2006
REVIEWER'S ACTION (Complete within 10 working days): Date assigned: OCT 17 2006	Due Date:
See Attached Letter	
	:
Signature:	Date Completed:
Warden/Superintendent Signature:	Date Returned to Impate;
H. If dissatisfied, add date or reasons for requesting a Director's Level Review, and submit by mail to	the third level within 15 days of receipt of
response.	
The MAC is dissatisfied with the institutional response at the Se	cond Level and hereby
requests a Director's Level Review based on the following reasons	: The institution
appears to represent that if they say something "is so," it must	be so period. The
conditions grieved in the MAC's appeal on behalf of the populatio	n are longstanding and
still remain unresolved. The institutional response also demonst	
	•
have been routinely adopted by the Inmate Appeals Coordinators (S	
Signature: A. Boston, D-03868	Date Submitted:
For the Director's Review, submit all documents to: Director of Corrections	
P.O. Box 942883	
Sacramento, CA 94283-0001 Attn: Chief, Inmate Appeals	
RECEIVED 1117	
DIRECTOR'S ACTION: Granted P. Granted Denied Other	Vista.
See Attached Letter	MAR 1 6 2007
DEC 0 2000 GH &	Date: Wirth 1 0 2001

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general population is represented by an elected inmate advisory council (MAC). The MAC's function, as described in Title 15 of the CCR and the CDCR Department Operations Manual (DOM), is to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff, those matters of common interest and concern to the inmate general population. CTF Central Facility currently houses approximately 576 Close B Custody inmates who are affected by the program for Close B immates at CIF.

At present as a direct result of language restrictions in Operation Procedure # 34, CTF-Central Facility allows Close B Custody immates the opportunity to access program activities including access to the recreational yard area between the approximate hours of 0700 and 1530 hours. Following the completion of the afternoon yard recall, Close B Custody inmates are not allowed any other recreational yard access until the following day. Close B Custody inmates are only allowed access to evening program within the housing unit until 1945 hours. The MAC asserts that the program access currently afforded is far less than that authorized by the applicable CCR Sections. (see attachment "C")

Pursuant to the mandatory language of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) which states in pertinent part: "[(B) Close B Custody inmates shall (EMPHASIS ADDED AND MANDATORY LANGUAGE PER CCR TITLE § 3000.5] be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, III or IV institution...]". Pursuant to this language the CIF Close B Custody population are Departmentally entitled to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours. However, CTF O.P. #34 presently contains a local restriction that violates the CCR Title 15 and prohibits Close B Custody immates from full access to program activities [i.e.- Yard activities during non-work hours as is Departmentally authorized per CCR Title 15 § 3044] between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours.

Recreational yard access is a part of the activities which Close B Custody inmates are entitled and authorized access to between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours according to the CCR. Yet at CIF when the 1700 hours institutional count clears these same privilege group eligible inmates are being denied any further access to yard as is Departmentally mandated and authorized. The applicable section of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) contains mandatory language of SHALL when describing the activities and assignments that Close B Custody immates are permitted to participate in between the 0600 and 2000 hours. The mandatory terminology of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) precludes the discretionary application of not allowing Close B Custody immates to participate in program assignments, and activities up until 2000 hours.

By not allowing Close B Custody immates the opportunity to participate in recreational yard activities until 2000 hours, CTF is essentially removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general population at CIF-Central Facility who would otherwise be entitled to and eligible for such.

CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2) provides in pertinent part: (2)- All or a portion of privileges available to a work/training incentive group may be denied, modified or temporarily suspended at a disciplinary hearing upon a finding of an immate's quilt for a disciplinary offense described in sections 3314 and 3315 of these regulations or by a classification committee action changing the immate's custody classification, work/training privilege group or institution placement. By not allowing Close B Custody immates yard activities up to 2000 hours, CIT is effectively denying Close B Custody immates who have not been found guilty of any disciplinary violation, nor had their custody classification changed, the access to program activities that they are entitled to per the applicable California regulation.

COR Title 15 § 3044 (c) (5) provides in pertinent part: (5) No it mate or group of ... inmates shall be granted privileges not equally available to other inmates of the same custody classification and assignment who would otherwise be eligible for the same privilege." In this case immates throughout the Department who are of the Close B Custody classification and similarly assigned enjoy the regular program assignments and activities that the CTF-Central Facility Close B Custody are being denied unjustly. This disparity of treatment in selectively excluding and subjecting these otherwise eligible Close B Custody immates to a condition which is not only adverse, and unfair, but also in violation of recognized Departmental policies, is in effect an act of discrimination against a particular class of immates at this facility who are being denied privileges that they are otherwise entitled to.

Continued:

While CTF has for years been hesitant to resolve some of the discrepancies and conflicts which exist regarding the Close B Custody Program, the MAC would draw the administration's attention to the Department's position on Close B Custody program assignments and work activities. The Inmate Appeals Branch in Sacramento routinely issues a Departmental Bulletin entitled the "Insighter". This bulletin contains information on appeal issues and recent court rulings. In "The Insighter" issue #17 dated January 2003, there was a column entitled "A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs" which advised institutions about a recent court decision on the application of regulations within the Department. The column discussed a challenge by an immate to the application (or non-compliance) of regulations on Close B Custody program and activity hours. Headquarters clearly indicated that despite local attempts to justify their non-compliance with the regulations as applied to Close B Custody program, the court had found that "an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." Additionally, the court found that neither local policy nor the Departmental Operations Manual (DOM) supercede the California Code of Regulations (CCR) and that the language of the applicable CCR section was mandatory not discretionary. (See attachment A)

The MAC would point out that Administrative concerns regarding the availability of high mast lighting, daylight savings time and operational necessity are applicable per CCR § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B) to Close "A" Custody inmates only and not Close B Custody inmates. Additionally the issue of Close Custody inmates not going beyond the work change area is per CCR § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B) applicable to Close A Custody inmates only and not Close B Custody inmates despite existing local policy.

Furthermore the provisions of DOM § 51020.1 provides that "Supplements shall: Not create new policy/regulation... A definition of a regulation is that it: implements, interprets, or makes more specific the provisions of statute, case law or regulation of controlling agencies...imposes requirements which shall be met to qualify for any general entitlement or privilege available to immates, parolees, or the public." All Operational Supplements shall comply and expound on the implementation of Regulations not contradict them, and in this case the Operational Supplement (OP #34) clearly is not in compliance with the CCR.

Lastly, the MAC would note that previous attempts to informally address the administration seeking revision of Operations Procedure #34 have been to no avail. Therefore, in this instance the submission of this appeal is appropriate. (See attachment B)

Action Requested Continued:

and 2000 hours, as is prescribed by the California Regulatory Authority provided in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 aforementioned. #2)- 0.P. #34 (and any other relevant 0.P. sections) be revised to reflect program activities and assignments as is reflected within the applicable CCR section aformentioned.

Date: 7/21/66

A. Boston, D-03868

MAC Chairman

# Tie Insighter



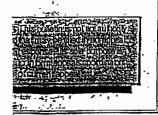


Inmate Appeals Branch 916-358-2417

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K. Kinser, Chf. Dep. Director
Support Services
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Policy and Eval Div.
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'fruck Hollis, FC
ony Loftin, FC
ane Pearson, FC
Derek Porter, FC
erry Stocker, FC
letry Sullivan, SSM-1
om Surges, SSM-1



A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF...

Greetings! Before becoming chief, I had the pleasure of working with most of the appeals coordinators and their staff; therefore, I have a feeling of continued confidence in the abilities of those around me. This year should bring with it some interesting challenges including significant changes in law, regulation, and policy. Many of you are currently feeling the crush of appeals regarding frontal nudity, the ban on smoking products, and soon-restitution and Plata complaints. I would like to ask your cooperation in maintaining the integrity of the exhaustion requirement pursuant to the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This act gave us the ability to thwart premature filings in the courts, resulting in their immediate dismissal for failure to exhaust by administrative appeal. The way to best support the reform act is through strict adherence to appeal time limits. Too many First or Second Level responses address the appellant's failure, without cause, to meet time constraints, yet proceed to respond as if they had. Instead of preventing future litigation, the response commits CDC to follow this appeal to its end. More often than not, this means court, and court represents much time, effort, and money. If an appellant has no legitimate excuse for delayed submittal/resubmittal, then the appeal should be screened out for untimeliness, thereby preventing access to court.

## THIRD PARTY INTERVENTION ON BEHALF OF AN INMATE/PAROLEE APPELLANT

Inmates and parolees have a right to appeal CDC decisions, actions, conditions, or policies that adversely affect them. No other immate or parolee shall submit a CDC 602 on behalf of another immate or parolee. Nonetheless, an appellant may obtain the assistance of another person, including an immate or parolee, in preparing the appeal. Institution staff shall provide the assistance necessary to immates who have difficulty communicating in written English to afford access to the appeal process. These are CDC regulations.

To what extent may an appellant be represented by a third party, such as a parent, an inmate, or an attorney? Third parties may assist and even ghostwrite appeals for an appellant. This is especially relevant to a disabled immate who cannot write a CDC 602. The CDC 602 must be submitted over the appellant's signature and through the appellant, not a third party. If the appellant cannot sign his or her own name, a staff member should interview the appellant and obtain a verbal or other acknowledgement that the CDC 602 was knowingly submitted by the appellant and the content represents the appellant's position. The employee should write on the CDC 602 that the interview was conducted and the circumstances of the appellant's concurrence. Responses to the appeal should be directed to the appellant, not the third party. Staff assistance to communicate the response for a disabled appellant should be provided as necessary and documented. (CCR 3084.1, 3084.2, 3084.3)

#### A Court Weighs In On Application of Regs

A recent California court decision to grant an inmate's writ of habeas corpus serves as a reminder to CDC that we must follow our established regulations. The inmate petitioner asserted that the institution . failed to follow CCR 3377.1 which establishes Close "B" Custody program and activity hours. The response at each level of appeal cited a variety of justifications to establish different program hours. First level: the rule changes were permissive and the institution had the authority to amend them: the court ruled that the language was mandatory. Second level: permitted the institution to retain prior policy; the court ruled that DOM does not supercede the CCR. Third reasonable level: а penological interest existed to change the hours; the ruled that institution could not have a τεαςοπαβίε interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates. While some regulations may seem to be outdated or inconvenient, CDC is held to compliance.

Recommendations to revise regulations should be submitted through the chain of command to headquarters staff.

\* \* \* \*

# DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTONS Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

#### SUPPLEMENTAL PAGE

RE:

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02329

First Level Reviewer's Response

**BOSTON** 

D-03868

EW-236U

#### APPEAL DECISION:

DENIED

#### APPEAL ISSUE: CUSTODY/CLASS

- In your appeal, you assert that CTF-Central Facility is not in complete compliance with the Departmental Regulations regarding Close B Custody program assignments and activities, that the Close B Custody inmates in CTF-Central Facility are being denied the programming prescribed by the California Regulatory Authority.
- 2) You claim that the mandatory language of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) in part states Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, III or IV institution.
- 3) You further state in your appeal that the Close B Custody population are Departmentally entitled to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours (i.e., yard activities during non-work hours between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours), yet when the CTF Institutional Count clears at 1700 hours, the Close B Custody inmates are denied any further access to the yard privileges that the rest of the non-Close Custody inmate population is able to utilize. You allege that this is essentially "removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general population" and that CTF O.P. #34 presently contains a local restriction that violates the CCR Title 15, prohibiting Close B Custody inmates from full access to program activities.
- 4) In your appeal you also claim that according to CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2) and (5) that by denying Close B Custody inmates yard activities up to 2000 hours, CTF is effectively denying inmates who have not been found guilty of any disciplinary violation, nor had their custody classification changed; and that the disparity in treatment of non-Close Custody and Close B Custody inmates is not only adverse, and unfair, but also in violation of recognized Departmental policies, is in effect an act of discrimination against a particular class of inmates.

CTF-C-06-02.
First Level Reviewer's Response
Page 2 of 3

- 5) Additionally you state in your appeal that the issue of Close B Custody inmates not being allowed to go beyond the work change area is local policy only, per CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(2)(B), and should be applicable to Close A Custody inmates rather than Close B Custody inmates.
- 6) You request that #1) CTF-Central Facility provide the "full" opportunity to program assignments and activities between 0600 hours and 2000 hours and that #2) O.P. #34 (and any other relevant O.P. sections) be revised to reflect your citings in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1.
- 7) You want your appeal to be bypassed to the Second Level in accordance with CCR Title 15 § 3084.5 (b) because it violates CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 by a policy implemented by CTF's Institution Head.

#### APPEAL RESPONSE:

Inmate BOSTON, on August 27, 2006, at approximately 1600 hours, I (Lt. R. Lynch) reviewed this inmate appeal (CTF-C-06-02329).

Due to CCR Title 15 § 3377.1 (A)(4)(B), which you cite in your appeal, it is clear that Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activities are considered. The country participate in limited evening activities are considered activities and activities are proportionally participated. The country participated activities are considered activities are considered activities.

In CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c), another citation in your appeal, it is clearly stated that ...Inmate privileges shall be governed by an inmate's behavior, custody classification and assignment. Also, ...Institutions may provide additional incentives for each privilege group, subject to availability of resources and constraints imposed by security needs....

Your use of CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(2), being another example of the unfair treatment of Close B Custody inmates is not applicable, since the majority of the Close B Custody inmates are not Close B Custody for disciplinary reasons, but classification reasons. CCR Title 15 § 3044 (c)(5) is also determined by a classification designation.

Central Facility is in complete compliance with Departmental Regulations regarding Close B Custody inmates, it is not feasible to give the inmates classified as Close B Custody the full opposition was program as specially and activities between 00000 thouses and constraints and constraints and constraints and constraints and constraints and constraints.

#### Request for Second Level Review CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 (continued)

invalidated because that review violates the requirements of Administrative Law and Departmental policy. The MAC initially requested a bypass to the Second Level for review in accordance with the provisions of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 15, Section 3084.5(e)(1). Because the person who signed and authorized the implementation of Operations Procedure (OP) #34 was the institution head (Warden), his actions cannot be reviewed by a subordinate at the rank of a Correctional Lieutenant or modified by a subordinate at the rank of Associate Warden. In this matter, the issues being appealed by the MAC on the behalf of Close B Custody members of the general population involve the provisions and restrictions imposed on Close B Custody inmates by OP #34, signed by acting Warden B. Curry on June 21, 2006, the only person authorized by the Department to review the OP would be Warden Curry. The MAC is appealing those provisions of OP #34, which they believe conflict with the specific program provisions for Close B Custody inmates defined by the language contained in CCR, Title 15 §3377.1. As previously stated, DOM §51020.1 prohibits the creation of new policies or regulations by supplements (OPs) that change or reinterpret regulations. Because the pertinent part of CCR, Title 15 §3084.5(e) states: "Formal appeals shall not be reviewed by a staff person who...is of lower administrative rank than any participating staff..." a subordinate administrative staff member or Correctional Lieutenant cannot respond in a matter that is the responsibility of the Warden who has implemented this OP as the institution head.

The First Level Responder failed to address the main tenets raised in this appeal, which provide for Close B Custody programming, which are separate and distinct from the program provisions for Close A Custody programming. In a further attempt to clarify our position, the MAC respectfully directs the Administration's attention to the following information. CCR Title 15 and the DOM establish clear and separate criteria and provisions for Close B Custody program access and assignments. The MAC cites the following specific provisions and constructive language included in the CCR and DOM (bold/italicized print has been utilized for added emphasis of relative points).

CCR Title 15 §3000 contains four definitions relative to Designated Level II Housing, Facility Security Perimeter, and Security Parameters:

- 1. "Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores."
  - The MAC asserts that CTF Central Facility Level II Housing within the Central Facility security perimeter contains celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores, exactly as defined by §3000.
- 2. "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation.
  - The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.
  - 3. "Secure Perimeter means the largest Security Perimeter that physically retains inmates in custody on facility property."
    - The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.
  - 4. "Secure Perimeter means any unbroken physical barrier or combination of physical barriers that restricts inmate movement to a contained area without being process through a door, gate or sally port."
    - The MAC does not see any restrictive parameters contained in this definition, which would deny the requested expansion of Close B Custody program opportunities.

CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 - Request for Second Level Response Page 2

CCR Title 15 §3000.5 establishes the Rules of Construction, which apply to salient points in the MAC's grievance.

CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(A-C) establish the following points relative to this grievance:

- Subsection (A) states that Close B inmates' "...housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility secure perimeter."
  - The MAC asserts that the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are not prohibited by the parameters of this definition.
- Subsection (B) states "Close B inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments 2. and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution. Close B inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter.
  - The MAC asserts that the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are specifically authorized by the parameters of this definition.
- Subsection (C) provided for the direct and constant supervision of work supervisors during the inmates' assigned work hours
  - The MAC asserts that staffing for the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are adequate to meet the parameters of this definition.
- Subsection (D) provides for the direct and constant supervision of Close B Custody inmates at all 4. times.
  - The MAC asserts that staffing for the programming opportunities, which they have advocated for, are adequate to meet the parameters of this definition.

The crux of this appeal is that CTF has refused for years to comply with the Legislative and Departmental mandates outlined in CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B), which delineate the opportunities for Close B inmates to participate in program assignments and activities within the facility security perimeter, including beyond the work change area, between 0600 and 2000 Hours. CTF Central Facility is clearly and unambiguously a designated Level II institution within a facility security perimeter, which should provide inmates who are designated as Close B Custody with entitlement to participate in program assignments and activities up until 2000 Hours. At this time, CTF does not permit Close B Custody inmates to participate in this mandated access to program activities on the recreation yard beyond 1500 Hours. The First Level Responder never addressed this tenet in his response.

The First Level Responder confined his response to the second element of the section cited above, focusing on limited program activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. The Responder emphasized the usage of the permissive word "...may..." in the context of that issue. The MAC's main tenet however, focuses on the program opportunities afforded in the first portion of the cited CCR section, which contains the mandatory wording "...shall..." when referring to Close B Custody inmates opportunity to access program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours. The MAC asserts that this wording imposes an obligation on and duty on CTF to provide Close B Custody inmates with program activities during the designated hours. To this extent, CTF is not in compliance with Legislative and Departmental mandates.

## 'CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329 - Request for Second Level Response Page 3

The First Level Responder also attempts to excuse CTF's failure to provide mandated programming under the guise of available resources and constraints imposed by security needs. The courts have not allowed institutions to excuse themselves with program responsibilities and the Responder was provided with the Department's own direction, published in Issue #17 of *The Insighter* (Attachment A). The circumstances discussed in this article were similar to those existing at CTF in that a CDC institution was denying Close B Custody inmates with program activities during the program hours specified by the CCR. The court ruled that an "...institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." In the present matter, CTF section advance different theories and reasons to contravene the Legislative and Departmental guidelines.

Based upon the foregoing information and material previous submitted by the MAC, the MAC requests that the Second Level Response address the following specific issues and requests for action expressed in our appeal:

- 1. Invalidate the findings of the First Level Response.
- Address the main tenet of that appeal, which pertains to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours.
- Resolve the discrepancy(ies) that exist because of CTF's non-compliance with CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B) pertaining to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 Hours.

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman

CTF-Central Facility

October 13, 2006

## EPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Correctional Training Facility Soledad, California

#### Second Level Reviewer's Response

DATE:

November 28, 2006

TO:

**BOSTON** 

D-03868

EW-236U

CTF APPEAL LOG No. CTF-C-06-02329

APPEAL DECISION:

DENIED

APPEAL ISSUE: (Custody/Class)

#### APPEAL RESPONSE:

In your appeal you request the following items be answered at the Second Level of appeal:

- (1) That the First Level response be invalidated.
- (2) That CTF address the main tenet of the First Level appeal, which pertains to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 hours.
- (3) That CTF resolve the discrepancy(ies) that exist because of CTF's non-compliance with CCR Title 15 §3377.1(a)(4)(B) pertaining to Close B Custody program activities between 0600 and 2000 hours.

On August 27, 2006, you were interviewed by Lieutenant R. Lynch to provide you the opportunity to explain your appeal and present supporting information or documents.

A thorough review of your appeals' package and all of your attachments has been completed and reveals the following:

- (1) The Appeals Coordinator at CTF reviewed this appeal and it was processed for a First Level response. It is now at the Second Level, which you request.
- (2) Operations Procedure #34 states in part: Close B Custody, Level II inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, ie., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility security perimeter (West Gate to East Gate. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.
- (3) Operation Procedure #34 clearly states that Close B Custody inmates are permitted to participate in programs within Central Facility between 0600 and 2000 hours with exceptions being made until 2200 hours.
- (4) Close Custody inmates at CTF are not permitted to go beyond the West Gate for high

Second Level Reviewer's Respect CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-05- J45 Page 2 of 2

> You have not provided any new or additional information. Therefore, based on the aforementioned, your appeal is being denied at the Second Level of Review.

Date

Appeals Office File Inmate's Central File

#### REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR'S LEVEL REVIEW OF INMATE APPEAL CTF# 06-02329

#### (Continued)

and the Administration in the assignment of staff for appellate responses, particularly when the issues involve institutional policy(ies). The MAC respectfully requests that the Director's Level Review acknowledge and address the points raised in the MAC's request for a Second Level Review and the points, which follow, that address the institutional response.

- The Second Level response neatly sidesteps acknowledgement or granting the MAC's request for invalidating the First Level response to an institutional policy issue by a Correctional Lieutenant, signed off by a Correctional Captain. The MAC continues to assert that Operations Procedures, signed by the Warden, constitute institutional policy decisions and directives that are not subject to the review or commentary by his subordinates in the implementation of that policy. This remains a substantial problem at CTF. Correctional Officers. Correctional Supervisors, and bargaining unit officials routinely obstruct, contradict, or redirect the application and implementation of institutional policy. Their actions extend to personal interpretation of statutory/regulatory rulings and circumvention of state and federal law. The Administration is unable to effectively counter or discipline the actions of bargaining unit officials who erect a de facto "Green Wall" against the adoption of changes that would normalize programming access and opportunities at this institution.
- The institution's response quotes the local Operations Procedure (OP) #34, which partially governs program access and participation by Close B Custody inmates. Again, the institution neatly sidesteps the key issue. CTF's OP's are not in compliance with California Regulatory Law and the DOM. They do not address, acknowledge, comment, or provide an "institutional interpretation" of the ten, specific citation of the CCR presented by the MAC in this appeal. Those actions and the "creation" of OP's that contravene the regulations under which they operate violate departmental policy as defined in DOM §51020.1. That section states: "Supplements shall:...Not create new policy/regulation. Clarify and not duplicate or conflict with the DOM provisions." The language of OP #34 clearly violates the mandatory language contained in the CCR. That language negates the discretion of CTF to apply its own interpretation of Close B Custody program access, activities and assignments.
- The institution's reliance on the language contained in their OP to demonstrate that Close Bestody program inmates "... are permitted to participate in programs within Central Facility between 0600 and 200 hours with exceptions being made until 2200 hours..." are contradicted by other language contained in the QP and the actual practices engaged in by CTF staff. The OP's partial adoption of language from the CCR and the DOM, while excluding the complete provisions of regulatory law and Departmental policy, side steps the issue of evening yard access and program activities in the housing units between 2000-2100 Hours. The difference between what an OP "clearly states" and the reality of program practices is "day and night."
- The institution does not justify why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted beyond the West Gate for night yard. Again, the institution chooses to ignore the provisions of the CCR and the DOM.

The MAC charges that CTF is deliberately indifferent and in violation of law by their failure to provide the mandated programming under a variety of guises and ignoring cautionary advice published in The Insighter, a Departmental publication; thereby contravening rulings in the state courts, Legislative intent and Departmental guidelines.

Recent changes to the daily program schedule of activities, articulated in OP#40, further restrict and violate Close B Custody inmates' access to assignments and program activities in the course of a normal program day. The MAC asserts that CTF does not have a reasonable interest or legitimate penological interest in contravening the regulations under which it operates.

The MAC's position is simply that the institution should be in complete, not "selective" compliance with California Regulatory Law. The institutional position is in direct conflict with the CCR, in that California Regulatory Law establishes the parameters that institutions shall (mandatory language) operate under and the expectation that they will carry out their duties within those defined parameters

The MAC is requesting the Director's Level Response direct:

- Instruct CTF that all local procedures must be in full compliance with any applicable provisions of California Regulatory Law and Departmental policy, especially where those procedures apply to access to program assignments and activities by Close B Custody inmates housed within the institution.
- Instruct CTF to immediately amend any of the several local OP's with provisions that directly contradict or do not reflect complete compliance with California Regulatory Law and applicable provisions of the DOM.

Respectfully submitted,

MAC Chairman CTF-Central Facility

December 22, 2006

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION INMATE APPEALS BRANCH P. O. BOX 942883 SACRAMENTO, CA 94283-0001

#### DIRECTOR'S LEVEL APPEAL DECISION

Date:

MAR-136-2007

In re:

Boston, D-03868 Correctional Training Facility P.O. Box 686 Soledad, CA 93960

IAB Case No.: 0607538

Local Log No.: CTF 06-02329

This matter was reviewed on behalf of the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) by Appeals Examiner J. G. Arceo, Facility Captain. All submitted documentation and supporting arguments of the parties have been considered.

- I APPELLANT'S ARGUMENT: It is the appellant's position that he disputes the California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section (CCR) and CDC Operations Manual Section's polices and procedures at it relates to inmates designated with Close "B" custody. The appellant reports that Correctional Training Facility (CTF) us essentially removing privileges from the specialized segment of the general inmate population at CTF-Central (C) who would otherwise be entitled to and eligible for same. He requests that CTF's policies and procedures be brought into compliance with regulatory law and departmental policy. Further, he asks that CTF's Close "B" inmates be granted full and equitable opportunities for Inmate Work/Training Incentive Program assignments and activities between 0600 and 2000 hours, pursuant to the CCR 3377.1.
- II SECOND LEVEL'S DECISION: The reviewer found that the institution is in compliance with Operational Procedure #34 regarding programs within CTF-C, Close "B" inmates are permitted to participate in. The Operational Procedure also addresses the programs and activities Close "B" Level II inmates shall be permitted to attend during the hours of 0600 and 2000. The First and Second Levels of appeal have provided responses within departmental policy for this issue.
- III DIRECTOR'S LEVEL DECISION: Appeal is denied.
  - A. FINDINGS: The appellant has failed to present evidence that he is aware of all security concerns within the CTF. The Warden is charged by law with the responsibility to ensure the safety of staff, inmates, and public safety. The Warden has indicated that he will consider Men's Advisory Council recommendations. Pursuant to the California Penal Code Section 2933, inmates are not guaranteed a specific assignment but are afforded the opportunity for a credit qualifying assignment as provided by institutional and departmental resources. Application and loss custody in the infinite population and available resources. Application and application are applicated to establish that the Warden has violated the intent of the law. The Warden must ensure that recommendations submitted by any inmate or group of inmates on behalf of the entire inmate population ensure institutional safety and security, are within the intent of established law and reasonable penological interest. The appellant's appeal issues have received the required reviews. The appellant has not supported his requested action. No intervention at the Director's Level of Review is warranted.
  - B. BASIS FOR THE DECISION:

C. ORDER: No changes or modifications are required by the institution.

BOSTON, D-03868 CASE NO. 0607538 PAGE 2

This decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to the appellant within CDCR.

N. GRANNIS, Chief Inmate Appeals Branch

cc: Warden, CTF

Appeals Coordinator, CTF



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

NORTH/SOUTH

#### INITIAL SCREENING OF NEW ARRIVALS:

Upon arrival at the Correctional Training Facility (CTF), an inmate shall be screened for an appropriate housing assignment. A staff member at the level of Correctional Lieutenant is unavailable, a Correctional Sergeant trained in Tri-Plex screening may be designated as the alternate Screening Authority. During initial screening of new arrivals, the Screening Authority shall check the CDC 840 for endorsement, CDC 812 and 812C for documented enemies at CTF prior to approving release to the general population. The Screening Authority shall also thoroughly review the central file or available documentation, interview the inmate, and complete a CTF Form 128-B Triplex Housing Review [Attachment #A], making the necessary distribution of the form.

During initial screening, reviewing staff are responsible for evaluating each inmate on a case-by-case basis for either dormitory or celled housing. A CDC 1882 Form [Attachment # B] (Initial Housing Review) shall be completed for each inmate. In the event that double celling in Administrative Segregation (Ad/Seg) is required, staff shall complete a CDC 1882-B Form [Attachment # C] (Ad/Seg Unit/Security Housing Unit Double Cell Review). Based on the available information and the interview with the inmate, the Screening Authority shall determine if the inmate is suitable for cell housing with or without special restrictions. Restrictions are any case factors which may limit the inmate's placement options at the institution. Such as gang affiliation, health or psychiatric concerns, disciplinary behavior, nature of commitment offense, age, social factors, etc.

Upon completion of the review, the Screening Authority will complete the CTF Housing chrono 128-B, identifying the inmate to be eligible for Single or Double-Cell assignment.

#### **DOUBLE-CELLING:**

It is the expectation of the Department that inmates will double-cell and accept housing assignments as directed by staff.

Precluding factors to double-celling an inmate would be, but are not limited to, the following factors:

- History of predatory and/or repeated in-cell attempts to physically or sexually abuse another inmate.
- A significant background of fights/violence toward previous cell partners, a single act of mutual combat does not warrant single cell status.
- The immate may be extremely vulnerable due to his limited physical stature or degree of mental illness.
- A history of sexual assaultive behavior toward other inmates.
- Inmate has an "S" suffix.
- If the inmate's affiliation with any prison gang/disruptive group would conflict with his potential cell partner.
- If the inmate's religious beliefs conflict with his potential cell partner's beliefs.
- If the inmate has current or prior victimization concerns (Developmentally Disabled Program, etc.).
- If the inmate has expressed fear in being double-celled during interview or committee reviews.



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

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DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

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NORTH/SOUTH

#### STNGLE CELLING:

Inmates who have been identified as requiring single-celling will not be double-celled without the removal of the "S" suffix by a classification committee. However, the absence of an "S" suffix does not automatically qualify an inmate for double-cell placement.

The level of staff member authorized to temporarily approve single cell assignment shall be at the level of Correctional Lieutenant, Correctional Counselor II, or above.

If the Screening Authority determines a need for single cell housing, in addition to circling Single Cell on the CTF Housing Review Form, a CDC 1882 Form shall be initiated to reflect the same. The CCII or Lieutenant conducting the Housing Review will sign this form as the Screening Authority and the Watch Commander will sign as the Approving Authority. The inmate shall then be housed in CTF-Central X-Wing or other appropriate housing on Single Cell status pending Initial Unit Classification Committee (UCC) review.

- During the initial screening process by the CTF Housing Review committee, staff shall insure inmates
  who are identified to have a history of in-cell sexual abuse, assaultive behavior towards a cell partner
  or dormitory partner will be placed temporarily on single cell status. During the inmate's initial
  review by UCC per CCR # 3377.1(c), UCC shall decide, if appropriate, to affix an "S" suffix to the
  inmate's custody designation.
- Verification that an inmate is or has been predatory towards a cell partner, has a history of in-cell sexual abuse, is or has been assaultive towards a cell partner, or demonstrates any significant in-cell violence against a cell partner shall require referral to a classification committee for review and determination of Single Cell Status. Upon determination that an inmate warrants Single Cell Status, the "S" Suffix shall be affixed to the inmate's custody determination and appropriately documented.

#### **HOUSING INMATES UNDER 18:**

It is not CDCR policy to house inmate's seventeen (17) years of age or younger at an adult facility. However, if it is determined that newly received inmate is under seventeen years of age, the inmate shall be housed with another inmate under seventeen (17) years old, or placed on single cell status. The C&PR's office shall be notified immediately and arrangement made to transfer the inmate an appropriate youth facility.

#### CLASSIFICATION REVIEW:

All staff involved in the review and approval of an inmate's housing placement must be cognizant of all factors that should be considered prior to making the determination to double-cell.

It remains the responsibility of the classification committee to use correctional experience and correctional awareness to make every effort to ensure the safety of inmates and staff prior to approving an inmate for double-cell housing. Any discussion during committee regarding celling status should be

15 ...



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Filed 03/18/2008

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included in the CDC Form 128G. Prior to referral for transfer, placement consideration or DRB, the UCC or ICC shall determine the inmate's need for continued Single Cell Status. A classification committee's decision regarding housing status reevaluations shall be documented on a CDC Form 128-G, Classification Committee Chrono. Each classification chrono written (for the purpose of Initial Classification, Annual Review or for CSR action) shall state committee reviewed the inmate's central file for Double Cell Housing eligibility. He (either does or does not) require Single Cell Housing.

This decision is based upon the inmate (either having or not having) a history of predatory assaultive behavior towards a cell partner. This inmate also (either has or does not have) a history of having been assaulted by previous cell partners. The inmate is satisfied with his current cell partner; (either Yes/No or N/A). Committee elects to (either approve or continue), (either Double Cell or Single Cell) status.

#### INITIAL CLASSIFICATION:

The Unit Correctional Counselor II (CCII) has overall responsibility for the inmate classification process. Each Correctional Counselor is tasked with reviewing the Daily Movement Sheet (DMS) and scheduling their assigned inmates for initial classification within 14 days of reception. Newly arrived inmates will be placed on Orientation Status (ORI) pending initial classification review.

#### ARMSTRONG vs. WILSON:

The court ordered Remedial Plan of Armstrong vs. Wilson requires Initial Classification Committees to adjust the Work Group of DPP inmates spending in excess of sixty (60) days at the Reception Center (RC), for no disciplinary reasons (no fault of inmate). The 61st day will be utilized as the effective date of. placement on a waiting list. If the inmate's stay at the RC exceeds the waiting period on the waiting list, the inmate will be placed in work group A1 effective the date of Initial Classification and granted "S" time until assigned. The type of disability and the tracking code (DPW, DPM, DPH, SPS, or DPV) will be noted in the CDC-128-G.

#### **CLOSE B CUSTODY:**

Close B Custody will be established by classification committee for inmates that meet the criteria of Servinon CCR #339/124(Cirplenterline Alshirining it of Chose Cirpled v):

Central Facility Level II inmates designated as Close B Custody shall be housed in White and of the Winys C. Wing has boon designated for plactower bows.

North Facility Level III inmates designated as Close B Custody shall be housed in Rainer Hall on the "A" Side then the "B" Side. Shasta Hall "A" Side has been designated for the overflow.

#### **CLOSE CUSTODY PROGRAM/WORK ASSIGNMENTS:**

#### Central Facility:

Close B Custody, Level II, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, double to the source of houseneardocated withing he Compal Facility scommy portmerer (West Grate to Basic Cate) = Chose E



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

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Costody implates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

No Close Custody Inmates will be assigned to the Culinary with access to the Loading Dock, Laundry/Clothing Room, Lower East Corridor, or areas outside the East Gate.

#### North Facility:

Close B Custody, Level III, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments, and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within North Facility security perimeter to include North Chapel and Education. The North Patio, Visiting Room and areas behind the halls are not authorized for Close B Custody, Level III inmate assignments (with the exception of Inmate Visiting). Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

No Close Custody Inmates will be assigned to the North Vocations area, Culinary Back Dock area, North Visiting, North Administration Crew areas, North Patio, or any assignment that does not allow direct and constant supervision.

#### MINIMUM CUSTODY:

Unit Classification Committees may assign Minimum A and/or Minimum B custody to inmates that satisfy the Minimum Support Facility Criteria as outlined in the Violent Felonies and Minimum Custody Eligibility memorandum dated January 6, 2006.

MIN A and MIN B custody is not to be considered as automatic criteria for work assignments outside of the fenced security areas. All assignments that require an outside gate clearance must be referred to ICC for review and approval.

#### **MEDIUM CUSTODY:**

Medium B and Medium A custody may be assigned at the discretion of Unit Classification Committees. All assignments that require an outside gate clearance must be referred to ICC for gate clearance review and approval.

#### MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DELIVERY SYSTEM (MHSDS) LEVEL-OF-CARE (LOC)

The Correctional Counselor I (CCI) shall continue to prepare and submit to the Classification Staff Representative (CSR) the initial request to place an inmate into any Mental Health Services Delivery System (MHSDS) Level-of Care (LOC). Subsequent to the initial CSR endorsement, the Classification



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and Parole Representative (C&PR) will do MHSDS LOC endorsement changes within an institution if the institution is authorized to provide the required LOC.

#### SOUTH FACILITY WORK ASSIGNMENTS:

- 1) Once an inmate is cleared for an outside assignment he should be reviewed for the lowest custody possible MIN B and ORWD.
  - a) If an inmate is cleared for assignment to the firehouse, the case will be recommended and referred to the Warden for Firehouse live-in status.
  - b) Inmates who are assigned to the Firehouse are subject to being directed by Firehouse staff via the 9-1-1 dispatcher to respond to local communities or freeway emergencies (per local Mutual Aid Agreement).
- 2) The next consideration would be for MIN B, ORWD custody. This custody qualifies an inmate for assignment to the Community Service Crew.
  - a) These inmates are under constant supervision by custody staff however they are directly in the public eye. They work in all local communities doing painting, tree trimming, weeding, etc. They work in parks, streets, alleyways, schoolyards. (Normally while schools are not in session). They also are assigned to help at local community activities such as air shows, fairs, music concerts, and raceways. (Pre and post setups)
- 3) Next consideration should be job skill level, which would normally be maintenance type work such as, Auto Mechanic, Carpenter, Plumber, Electrician, Painter, Groundskeeper, Equipment Operator, Heavy Equipment Operator, Welder, Sheet Metal Worker, and Sewage Plant. Any of these areas would also qualify for IDL (Inmate Day Labor) assignment. Snack Bar workers should be considered in this action such as short order cook. These areas may have less supervision by non-custody staff.
- 4) Next consideration should be all office areas: In-Service Training (IST), Warehouse, Personnel Assignment Lieutenant, Procurement Office, Entrance Buildings, North Administration Building, Family Visiting, Plant Operation and Garage. They all need clerical skilled inmates as well as inmate porters. These areas may have less supervision by custody and non-custody staff.
- 5) Next consideration would be Recycling Center or a Central Yard Canteen Worker. These inmates are not under direct supervision; however they are in controlled area with a security fence around them. Recycling Center supervised by two custody staff and one non-custody staff.
- 6) Next consideration would be Utility Work Crews. Custody staff directly supervises these inmates. The inmate may have MIN B custody; however, committee may require an observation/monitoring period from 30 days up to 6 months before giving consideration. This action could be for a number of reasons (e.g.: not enough information in his C-file history, too much time to serve, attitude, or simply, that the committee is not comfortable in a less supervised assignment).



Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW

#### CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY **OPERATIONS PROCEDURE** #34

Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Reference:

DOM 62010, 62040 & 11010

Revision Due Date: JULY 2007

Responsibility: CDW-CENTRAL & CDW-

NORTH/SOUTH

7) Next consideration would be MED B Crews. These inmates may have a MIN B or MED B custody. These crews are also directly supervised by custody staff. Inmates would be assigned for 6 months to one year before they are returned to ICC for proper placement of assignment if they have a good work report.

The following assignments are prioritized suggestions; however, the Manpower Needs Report should be reviewed.

AREA SUPERVISION

Firehouse:

12 inmates assigned to Firehouse (Live-In status) Fire Chief/Fire Captain

Community Service Crew: (2 Crews) Custody

Maintenance:

Sewage Plant Non-Custody Non-Custody Carpenters Corporation Yard Non-Custody Electrician Non-Custody Painter Non-Custody Plumber Non-Custody Garage Non-Custody

Groundskeeper (3 Crews) Non-Custody Plant Operation Non-Custody

IDL (Inmate Day Labor): Custody and Non-Custody

Snack Bar: Non-Custody Non-Custody Warehouse: Non-Custody Canteen Warehouse:

Non-Custody Central Yard Canteen: Custody and Non-Custody Personnel Assignment Lieutenant:

Non-Custody Procurement Office (Clerk): Custody Family Visiting Porters:

IST (Porters/Clerks): Custody and Non-Custody

Central Entrance Building (Porters): Custody South Entrance Building (Porters): Custody North Administration Building (Porters/Shoeshine): Non-Custody

(2 Crews) Custody/Non-Custody Recycling Center:

(5 Crews) Custody Utility Work Crew:

#### WORK CREW SERGEANT:

To facilitate a job change off a work crew, the Work Crew Sergeant will present a Work Change Application (CDC 132 Form) and Work Supervisor Report (CDC 101 Form) with recommendations to the Unit VII, CC II. If no further committee (ICC) action is required, the CC II will initiate and forward the



Subject: ICC & UCC REVIEWS/CLOSE CUSTODY/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

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request to the Inmate Assignment Lieutenant. In cases where additional ICC review and approval is required, the Unit VII CC II will schedule the inmate for committee as soon as practical.

#### INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION AUDIT TEAM

The Audit team will consist of:

- C&PR (Chairperson)
- Assistant C&PR (Member)
- Inmate Appeals Coordinator (Member)

The primary function of this team is to review the classification process at CTF to ensure compliance with the mandates and guidelines of the D.O.M. and Director's rules. The audit team will submit an annual report to the Chief Deputy Warden regarding their respective facilities.

AREAS TO AUDIT: (Will include but are not limited to)

Inmate Classification Scoring System

Initial and Annual Classification Committees

CCI Unit Caseload Tracking Procedure Methods

Caseload Management

Recordkeeping

Reports

Education / Work Programs

Confidential Information

Parole Procedures to include the CCRC Process

A. P. KANE

Warden (A)

Correctional Training Facility

April 3, 2006

NAME & NUMBER Te	est, Page	A00000		CDC-128B
		CLOSE CUSTODY. The review TODY include the following:	v indicated subject 🗆 May	✓ □ May Not require CLOSE
		)-5 years CLOSE A + 10 years C years CLOSE A + 10 years CLO		
		en CLOSE B until within 7 years		
☐ Life Term 1 year CLOSE A				•
		years or more - 1 year CLOSE A		
		ty Case - 5 years CLOSE A + 5		
custody - 8 years CLOSE +	+ 2 years CLOS	EB.		scort within five years of return to
years CLOSE A + 5 years (	CLOSE B.			rs [exclude minimum walk away] 5
				years CLOSE A + 2 years close B.
				erving current term - 1 to 5 years
		and remainder of time at CLOSE		
		tal term at CLOSE A after SHU		
		t 6 years - CLOSE A first 6 years		
				pattern of violence/escape/narcotic
		B before being eligible for custod		
		LOSE B before being eligible for	custody reduction.	
Other documented security  Subject does not require (	T OSF CIISTO	ODV Housing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-	LICOR COST	OD 1 Housing.	CENTRAL□ N	ORTH □ SOUTH □
Single Cell Status.				
CS	_ DSL	<del></del>	APPROVED FOR: GY	
ollowing review of your Centra ssigned housing as soon as poss	I File this date, y ible, and if place	you are approved for placement as ed at CTF-North he would remain	indicated above. Subject won RTQ-Orientation pendin	as advised he would be moved to his g Unit Classification.
1845 Present (Copy forwar	rded to C&PR	). oted per 1845. 🗆 Yes 🗆 N		·
ADDITABLE ACCOMMODIATION I	equile and it	, Tes Dill	<u> </u>	
				•
			Chairp	erson
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CTF TRIPLEX HOUSING REVIEW

DATE:

## ATTACHMENT A

K III.

CTF-1444 (Rev. 5-04)

GENERAL CHRONO

CDC 1882

#### INITIAL HOUSING REVIEW

Name of Inmate		CDC Number	Institution
The above inmate has	heen coreened prior to assistand	housing An in-rate inter-in-	w and available documents indicate the
following:	been screened prior to assigned i	nousing. An ininate interview	w and available documents indicate the
Ethnicity	Date of Birth	Place of Birth	County of Commitment
	7	The of Divin	County of Commitment
CSR Endorsement	Sending Jail/Institution	Previous Housing Status (xxxxxx)	Release Date/Type
Enemies		Gang/Disruptive Group Affiliation	
Health Concerns		Other Special Concerns	
History of In-Cell Assaults	•,	History of Aggression Towards Oth	er Inmates
Other Information/Comme	nts		
Inmate's Remarks	·		
The inmate is:	he above, a determination has bees suitable for dorm/cell housing wisuitable for dorm/cell housing wis	th no special restrictions.	,
There are place following docu		uire single cell assignment.	These concerns are based upon the
SCREENING AUT	HORITY	Signature; Printed Name: Title:	
APPROVING AUT	HORITY Not Applicable	Printed Name:	
DATE:		7	

DISTRIBUTION: C-File (original) Housing Assignment Authority Facility Captain Inmate

6-47

CDC 1882B

## AL INISTRATIVE SEGREGATION UNITY DOUBLE CELL REVIEW

Name of Inmate	CDC Number	Housing
Name of Inmate	CDC Number	Housing
The above-listed inmates are being proce	ssed for occupancy of the sa	ame cell.
1. The request is being initiated per:		
<ul> <li>☐ Administrative assignment</li> <li>☐ Request from one of the int</li> <li>☐ Request from both inmates</li> </ul>	nates to be assigned to the s	·
2. During the interview with:	·	•
Staff Witnesses' Printed Name	Title	Signature
☐ Both inmates stated agreement to t  Signature of Inmate:		Date:
Signature of Inmate:  Both inmates stated agreement, but One or both inmates refused the ce		
3. After a review of the inmate's statement been determined that:	nts and the case factors in e	each inmate's Central File it has
☐ There is NO information available to ☐ There IS information that leads to the contrary to the legitimate penalogical.	ne belief that the assignment of the	
Based on this evaluation, the double c	ell occupancy request is:	
☐ APPROVED ☐ DISAPRROVED		
2	APPROVING AUTHORI	TY
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DISTRIBUTION: C-File Facility Captain Correctional Counselor I Inmate

### ATTACHMENT C

CTF TRIPLEX HOUSING REVIEW

GENERAL CHRONO

## Attachment D

ADMINISTRATIVE	ESEGREGATI	יית אס	i' PLACEMENT NOT	ICE							
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
INMATE SEGREGATION PROFILE
CDC 114-A1 (10/98)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

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Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW Document 1-4 Filed 03/18/2008 · Page 8 of 89

INMATE SEGREGATION RECORD CDC 114-A (Rev 9/98)

	CDC NUMBER								INN	ATE	S NAME	CELL
MEA				MTE.	II.S	Т	RECORD OF DAILY ACTIVITY	-				
		CELL INSPECTION	EXERCISE	SHOWERS	SUPPLIES	CHOTHING LLIMEN	BREAKFAST	TUNCH	DINNER	TRASH DISPOSAL	INSTRUCTIONS:  In order to document Segregated Housing Conditions, Unit Staff must record all serve segregated immates and all significant activity (e.g., classification reviews). Maintain a 1. CELL INSPECTION - A weekly inspection must be completed and recorded properly maintained by the immates.  2. EXERCISE - A record must be maintained on exercise offered and received to the opportunity to exercise a minimum of ten (10) hours per week. Exerciseiglinary offenses. Record refusals.  3. SHOWERS - Inmates must be allowed to shower three (3) times each week. Resured to supplies shall be offered on a week provided on an as-needed basis. Record what was provided.  5. CLOTHING, LINEN - Clothing will be issued upon assignment and exchange every other week. Towels, shoets, and pillow cases will be laundered not less the Blankets shall be cleaned at least once every six (6) months. Record all exchanges, MEALS - Record all meals served. Record any refusals of a meal served.  9. TRASH DISPOSAL - Daily trash disposal shall be offered. Record all disposal	record of the following to ensure each immate in cise may be suspend ecord all showers or reckly basis to all immated and laundered not less un once every two (2) to ges.
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## C RECTIONAL 1 AINING FACILITY

#### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CENI ALTINEOCKS & YA

Reference:

DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

The Correctional Captain is responsible for ensuring compliance with this procedure. The Program Lieutenants are responsible for ensuring that all personnel comply with the schedules set forth in this procedure in their specific area of responsibility.

#### METHODS:

- 1. First Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:
  - When the First Watch Wing Officers assume their post, all inmates residing in the wing must be secured in their respective cells. The securing of a wing is accomplished by the Third Watch Wing Officers prior to the 2130 count and is done in the following manner:
  - All inmates will be secured in their assigned cells. All cell doors will be secured by keying the cell door Folger-Adams locking device in the locked position.
  - The bar-locking device will be placed in the deadlock position.
  - Upon reporting to their assigned wing, the officers will make a visual inspection of the wing. This inspection is to make sure that all cells are secured and locked by the Folger-Adams locking device. Further inspection will assure the locking device is in the deadlock position. A visual check will be made of the wing to ensure that all common areas are secured. Additionally, the security check is to ascertain that no inmates are injured, (i.e., suicide, cell-fights, etc...).

#### A. Emergency Unlocks:

- An emergency unlock is considered to be an unscheduled inmate movement from a cell between the hours of 2200 & 0600 hours, with the exception of the porters & clerks who are regularly assigned night workers. Early worker releases are not considered an emergency unlock.
- Emergency unlocks require the notifying / approval of the Watch Commander. At least two (2) officers and one (1) supervisor should be present on tier if time permits, (i.e. fire, etc.).
- Emergency unlocks shall be accomplished by placing the locking bar in the "KEY" position and then unlocking the cell door of the inmate involved. The S&E Officer with the bar key controls the bar-locking device on the tier and maintains control of the bar locking device key during all unlocks on First Watch. A visual inspection from the cell's door window will precede the opening of the cell door. Examples of Emergency Unlocks are as follows:
  - a. In case of suicide or attempted suicide.
  - b. If an inmate is ill and medical personnel require and/or request that he be moved to the Infirmary.
  - c. If an inmate has placed an obstruction over his cell door window bars and refuses to remove the obstruction.
  - d. If the inmate cannot be counted in his cell, i.e., he cannot be awakened and is not showing skin.
  - e. If the inmate assaults another inmate in the cell.



#### RRECTIONAL AINING FACILITY

#### **OPERATIONS** PROCEDURE

#40

Subject: CV AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS

Reference:

DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain and Program Lieutenants

All emergency unlocks will be accomplished in accordance with the following procedures:

- When notified of a need for an emergency unlock, and approval has been granted, the Watch Sergeant will proceed to the wing with the additional staff as outlined in this order and with an S&E Officer who will be in control of the bar key.
- b. Staff with Wing Corridor Entrance Door Key Set must surrender this set to the Staff remaining in the corridor.
- c. On the tier the bar-locking device will be placed in the "KEY" position.
- d. The Wing Officers, supervisor and additional officers will proceed to the cell door. After making a visual inspection of the cell through the cell door window, the cell door will be keyed open, the inmate removed, if necessary, and the cell door locked.
- e. The locking device is to be secured back in the deadlock position, and the bar-locking device key will be returned to Central Control.

#### B. Culinary Early Workers Unlocks:

- The Second Watch Culinary Sergeant will submit to Control and the Watch Office every day, a list of inmate(s) who are to be awakened early on the following morning. This will be accomplished prior to 1330 hours daily in the following manner:
  - This list will contain the names, numbers, housing and time each inmate is to report to his assignment.
  - b. The Third Watch Culinary Sergeant will ensure that copies of the early wake-up list are correct and routed to the concerned areas.
  - c. The Wing Officer will awaken all inmates housed in the wing whose name appear on the list one half (1/2) hour maximum prior to the scheduled releasing of the inmates or at the discretion of the Wing Officer.
  - d. The overhead tier lights are to be turned on after awakening inmates and prior to releasing inmates in order to maintain visual contact of the inmates and to enhance the safety of the release.
- Culinary unlocks will be conducted in the following manner:
  - Two (2) S&E Officers will proceed to the wing. The bar-locking device will be placed on the "KEY" position by the S&E Officer. During releases, the S&E Officer will retain the bar key. The Wing Officer, will proceed to the tiers and conduct the unlock while the Second S&E remains in the wing sallyport providing additional visual coverage of the Wing Officer and inmates being released. The sallyport gate will be locked during releases. As each inmate is released from his cell, he will proceed to the first tier. At the completion of releases for the individual wing, the S&E will unlock the gate, and the inmates will proceed to their work assignments.
  - b. Upon completion of the unlock, the S&E Officer will ensure that the bar locking devises are returned to the deadlock position. The S&E Officer will return the bar keys to Control at the completion of the releases. At no time will the sallyport gate key be taken past the sallyport gate.
  - c. At NO TIME will the bar-locking device be placed in the "OPEN" position to facilitate a Culinary Unlock,



RECTIONAL AINING FACILITY

### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CFN AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS

Reference: DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

d. All unlocks will be handled as quietly as possible so as to minimize disturbing other inmates. Kicking on cell doors, banging on the locking devices and other loud noises will not be tolerated.

# 2. Second Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:

- The initial unlock of general population inmates prior to breakfast meal release will be conducted in the following manner:
  - a. A minimum of two (2) Officers will be present on the tier at all times in a wing when all unlocks or lockups are conducted on a routine basis and during major releases, i.e., meals, work/school.
  - b. Immediately upon assuming their post, the 0600 hours Officers assigned to the general population housing wings will conduct a security inspection. This inspection will be conducted with the bar-locking device in the deadlock position. During this inspection the Wing Officers will unlock the Folger-Adams locking devices on the cell doors of all identified a.m. diabetics and early workers at this time period. The remaining cell doors in that wing will have their Folger-Adams locking devices in the locked position. When the a.m. diabetics and early workers are called for they will be released by moving the bar from the deadlock position to the "KEY" position and then back to the deadlock position once the inmates have exited the cell. The bar will be moved to the "KEY" position releasing the a.m. diabetics and early workers. The wing security officer will ensure that only diabetics and early workers (not their cellmates) are released to the morning meal early by utilizing the early workers and diabetics list.
  - c. Prior to the breakfast release, the Wing Officers will unlock the remaining Folger-Adams locking devices, with the exception of CTQ/RTQ inmates. Those inmates housed with a CTQ/RTQ inmate will be released individually after their tier has been released. The Wing Tier Officer will then place the bar-locking devices in the "KEY" position to begin that tier's release, starting with the Third Tier down to the First Tier. The Officer assigned to the front door will place the 1<sup>st</sup> tier bar-locking devices into the "KEY" position for the first tier release.
  - d. Upon completion of each half (B,C,D,E,Y,Z) or tier (F,G) being released, both Tier Officers will be on the tiers to release inmates housed with RTQ/CTQ inmates. Both Officers will conduct security checks to ensure that all inmates have been released safely. The inmates will proceed directly to the dining hall or other approved activity. Under no circumstances will inmates be allowed to loiter on the tiers. The bar will then be moved back to the deadlock position before the release of the tier.
  - e. All inmates will return to their housing units after the morning meal and will remain on the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier, the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells. Upon



RECTIONAL LAINING FACILITY

## **OPERATIONS PROCEDURE**

#40

Subject: ( KAL UNLOCKS & YARD'

CARDS

Reference:

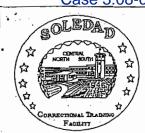
DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain and Program Lieutenants

completion of the 0800 hour work and school release, the tier officers will conduct a 0815 hour yard release. The Tier Officers will lock all Folders-Adams locking devices and complete all hourly unlocks without using the bars. The bars will be utilized for the 1230 work and school call. Upon completion of the 1230 hour work and school release the Tier Officers will lock all Folders-Adams locking devices and complete all hourly unlocks without using the bar.

- Bar-Locking devices will not be utilized when conducting hourly unlocks. The bar-locking devices will only be utilized for mass unlocks / releases (0600 a.m. diabetics and early workers release, morning meal release and lock-up, 0800 work, school and yard release and + the 1230 work, school and yard release) and emergency releases.
- g. During Yard Release, it will be the duty of the Officer assigned to the I.D. Card Box to collect I.D. Cards of ALL inmates going to the yard. The I.D. Cards will be placed in the box according to the last two (2) digits of the inmate's commitment number.
- h. Those inmates assigned Close Custody Status will have their I.D. Cards placed in the Close Custody Section of the I.D. Card Box, Again, these cards will be organized according to the last two (2) digits of the inmate's commitment number. The purpose of this is to accommodate the scheduled count activity and higher security requirements. I.D. picture boxes will remain locked at all times when not in use.
- Periodic clothed body searches of inmates are required of Correctional Personnel during mass movement of inmates in the corridor to control contraband.
- The completed yard count will be called into the Center Corridor Officer, (Ext. 4314). When releasing from the yard, the Yard Officer will allow ten (10) inmates at a time through the yard gate. Upon entering the West Gate, the inmates will identify themselves by their last name and the last two (2) digits of their commitment number in order to receive their I.D. Cards from the West Gate Officer. The inmates will then remove all items from their pockets, place them on the table prior to proceeding through the metal detector.
- k. The Yard Fence Gate and the West Corridor Grill Gate shall remain locked between unlocks. The outer security door located at the West Gate will be left unlocked whenever inmates or Officers are on the yard in the event that an emergency arises on the yard. The West Corridor Officer will be responsible for the operation of the West Corridor Gate.
- Special unlocks or releases from the yard will be made to accommodate visits or other needs at the discretion of the Recreation Yard Officer following approved notification of legitimate activity.
- m. Upon determination that an inmate is on the Recreation Yard, the Wing Officer will notify the West Gate Officer (via telephone Extension. #4439) to accommodate visits, interviews or other legitimate activity. The West Gate Officer will check the I.D. Cards under their supervision to determine if the inmate is or is not involved in Recreation Yard Activity. Under these circumstances, if an inmate is on the yard, the Wing Officer will have the inmate's name announced over the Public Address System. Additionally, Tower #4 (telephone Extension #4004) may be contacted, who in turn will notify the Yard Officers to provide assistance in locating inmates for visits or specified legitimate activity.



RECTIONAL

LAINING FACILITY

### OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

Subject: CF\*( AL UNLOCKS & YARD CARDS

Reference:

DOM Section 52020.8.11

Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007
Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

#### A. Unlocks to the Education Department:

- All inmates entering the Education Department will surrender their I.D. cards to the Officer at the door. Inmates without I.D. Cards will not be permitted entry. Inmates who have lost, or have not been issued their I.D. Cards, will not be permitted entry until they have received an I.D. Card.
- The Education Officer will sort the I.D. Cards by individual classes and will retain them until school is released. The Education Officer will return I.D. Cards to student inmates at that time.
- The Education Officer will retain education clerks I.D. Cards until the inmates are released from their assignments.
- Non-student or unassigned inmates with legitimate business in the area may enter the Education Department with a pass/ducat after surrendering their I.D. Cards with the Education Officer at the Entrance Door.

# 3. Third Watch General Unlock / Lockup Procedures for General Population Housing Wings B, C, D, E, F, G, Y and Z Wings:

- Upon reporting to the wings, the 1400-hour Officers will make a security inspection of their unit, ensuring that all RTQ/CTQ inmates are in their assigned cells, not injured, and that all doors are locked. This includes cells, mop rooms, and plumbing chases. The Unit Sergeant will be notified immediately of any discrepancies.
- Yard recall begins promptly at 1500 hours or at the discretion of the Watch Commander. The
  Officers and Unit Sergeant designated for corridor coverage will report to the Corridor
  promptly when the yard announcement is made.
- The Wing will be secured prior to yard recall.
- Yard recall is conducted by wing. At the completion of the wing yard recall, the two (2) Tier Officers will announce lockup. Those inmates requesting to go into their cells will stand by their assigned cell door. The two (2) Tier Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to the First Tier (1 East Side 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells.
- At 1630 hours, all inmates are secured in their cells for Count unless placed on authorized Out-Count Slips.
- At approximately 1730 hours, or upon the clearing of the Institution Count and completion of emergency alarm checks, the evening meal will commence. When Central Control announces for corridor coverage, those Officers and Unit Sergeants assigned for corridor coverage will promptly report to the corridor.
- To facilitate the pick-up of TB and Psychotropic Medication for inmates requiring such medication, the evening meal release will precede beginning with the First Tier up to the Third Tier. Wings are released to the dining halls one and a half (1½) tiers at a time for B, C, D, E, Y and Z Wings. One (1) tier at a time for F and G Wings, (due to a larger tier size).
- Prior to the evening meal release, the Wing Officers will deadlock the bar and unlock the Folgers-Adams locking devices, with the exception of CTQ/RTQ inmates. Those inmates housed with a RTQ/CTQ inmate will be released individually after their tier has been released. The Wing Tier Officer will then place the bar-locking devices in the "KEY" position to begin



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Responsibility: Correctional Captain and Program Lieutenants

that tier's release, starting with First Tier up to the Third Tier. The Officer assigned to the front door will place the 1st tier bar-locking devices into the "KEY" position for the first tier release. Upon completion of each half (B,C,D,E,Y,Z) or tier (F,G) being released, both Tier Officers will be on the tiers to release inmates housed with RTQ/CTQ inmates and will conduct security checks to ensure that all inmates have been released safely. Inmates will proceed directly to the dining hall, yard, or other approved activity. Under no circumstances will inmates be allowed to loiter on the tiers. The wing will be secured by locking the cell doors with the Folgers-Adams Key making sure that all inmates staying behind are uninjured and appear mentally normal before the release of the next tier.

- When the wing is released from the dining hall, inmates in possession of a valid Red Privilege Card, and a Green I.D. Card may go directly to the yard at this time. All inmates returning to the wing will remain on the 1st Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>rd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells. Within 10 minutes of the last inmates being locked up (in order to allow the wing porters to clean the wing), the Officers will commence with Red Privilege Card program.
- At no time shall an Officer be on the tier alone. Both Tier Officers shall be on the tier at the same time. The Officer with the Door Set shall provide visual coverage during major releases from the sallyport area.

#### A. Evening Release for Yard and Shower Program:

- Upon being released from the dining hall, those inmates not on yard restriction, in possession of a valid Red Privilege Card and a Green I.D. Card will be allowed the opportunity to go directly to the yard. The I.D. Cards of all inmates entering the Recreation Yard will be retained at the West Gate. Those inmates returning to the wings will remain on the First Tier until lockup is announced following completion of the evening meal for their respective wing.
- After securing the wing, the Wing Officers will begin the evening wing program in accordance with Third Watch Post Orders. The cell door Folger-Adams locking devices will not be unkeyed / unlocked at any time on Third Watch except to release authorized inmates to the evening meal / Red Card Programs, etc. Upon releasing the approved inmate, the cell door is to be re-locked.

#### 4. Central Facility Unlocks: ALL TIMES ARE APPROXIMATE

0300 Hours Unlock for Culinary Cooks (B, C, F, G, Y and Z Wings).

Unlock for Culinary Cooks (all mainline wings). 0500 Hours

Breakfast releases from B, C, D, E, Y & Z Wings will be by 1½ tiers. F & G Wings 0615 Hours will release one (1) tier only. Work release from Culinary and wings already fed

eastbound to Maintenance and Laundry, and west bound to yard.

Work, and School release from wings, or upon completion of the breakfast meal. 0800 Hours

Yard Release from wings upon completion of Work and School Release. 0815 Hours

0830 Hours Commence with RTQ/CTQ Status shower program. Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW Document 1-4 Filed 03/18/2008 Page 17 of 89



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Subject: CEN AL UNLOCKS & YARD

CARDS

Reference:

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Revision Due Date: SEPTEMBER 2007

Responsibility: Correctional Captain

and Program Lieutenants

0900 Hours Begin tier activity / hourly unlock schedule.

1100 Hours Close Custody Yard Recall / Courtesy Yard Recall.

1115 Hours Education release to all mainline wings.

1130 Hours Secure all wings.

1215 Hours Wing secured, bars secured for afternoon release to work, school

and yard.

1215 Hours Close Custody Count.

1230 Hours Commence program for "C" Status inmates, and end at 1515 Hours. (NOTE:

Program for "C" status inmates will be conducted weekdays only).

1230 Hours Work, School, and Yard release from all mainline wings...

1330 Hours Hourly Unlock

1415 Hours Weekends and Holidays all inmates will Lockup.

1430 Hours Hourly Unlock for A2B and Red Card inmates. (Red Card Only on Weekends

and Holidays).

1430 Hours Commence yard recall for P.M. Culinary workers.

1500 Hours Yard Recall. (NOTE: Yard recall may begin earlier due to the number

of inmates on the yard).

1500 Hours Education release back to all mainline wings in conjunction with E & F Wing Yard

Recall

1515 Hours Secure "C" Status inmates from the yard and wing.

1530 Hours Hourly Unlock. (Weekends and Holidays-Red Card Only).

1630 Hours Secure Wings and commence alarm checks.

1700 Hours Count (Mandatory Standing Count).

1730 Hours Release wings to the evening meal on a rotating basis. E, D and C Wings will be

fed in the first phase as long as Close Custody inmates reside in these wings. For those wings not in the first phase for the evening meal, unlock for Red Card Yard, Early Workers, Diabetics and Ducats (Library on Sundays and Mondays). The wings in the second and third phase for the meal release will begin their evening Red Card Program (showers only) and will be limited to East or West side on a daily rotation. Lockup the wing prior to the evening meal release from the wing. Upon completion of the evening meal the wing will be secured. Red Card Unlock begins ten (10) minutes after the wing is secured. When the wing is released from the Dining Hall, all inmates returning to the wing will be secured prior to commencing with Red Privilege Card Program.

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NOTE:

Red Card Yard Release: Wings scheduled in the second and third phases will conduct a release to the yard only after the completion of the release to the dining halls for the First Phase Wings. This release will be for Red Card Holders who do not want to go to the evening meal (no Close Custody). Those inmates who want to go to the yard and forgo attending the evening meal will remain on the first tier of their wings, behind the grill gate until the West Corridor Officer announces yard

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TR NING FACILITY

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release for that wing. Upon completion of the yard release the Red Card Program (showers only) will be conducted.

NOTE:

A2B and "C" Status inmates will lockup upon returning from the Dining Hall.

A continued hourly unlock for Red Card holders will commence no more than ten (10) minutes after the lockup is completed.

2000 Hours

Close Custody Count

2030 Hours

Commence yard recall. .

2100 Hours

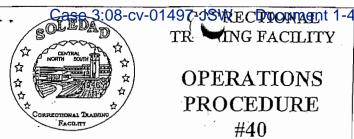
Red Card shower program ends.

2130 Hours

Count.

#### Special Security Measures:

- Bar-locking devices will never be utilized to accomplish hourly unlocks. The bar-locking devices will only be utilized for mass unlocks / releases, meal lockups and emergency releases.
- Cell visiting and wing visiting is not permitted at any time. Only authorized maintenance workers will be permitted to enter a wing. These workers must be under direct supervision of a staff member at all times.
- Tier loitering is forbidden at all times.
- With the exception of extreme emergencies, the bar-locking device will never be placed in the open position.
- Activities in the wing during Second Watch and Third Watch will be limited to the designated
  or approved tier activities. Program is restricted to Red Privilege Cards on weekdays after the
  1700 hours count. On weekends and holidays the program is restricted to Red Privilege Cards
  at 1430 hours.
- Library on weekends and holidays is restricted to Red Card Only for Non-Priority Use.
- With the exception of authorized unlocks, inmates will not exit the wings unless they have a
  verified pass or ducat in their possession. Passes will not be issued to any area unless the
  supervisor in charge of the area has been contacted and the presence of the inmate is requested
  and/or verified. Passes will only be made out and issued by Custody Staff.
- Officers/Staff in charge of the Culinary will release Culinary Workers from their assigned areas. Corridor Officers will not release workers from the Culinary. Upon ascertaining whether or not an inmate lives in a wing, the Corridor Officer may allow him access to the wing.
- During meal and major releases, the Unit Sergeant assigned as Corridor Sergeant will supervise the wing releases. Dining Hall supervision during meals will be provided by a Unit Sergeant in each Dining Hall. It will be the responsibility of the Watch Commander to ensure supervisory coverage of the Corridor and Dining Halls.
- Inmate corridor traffic during major releases will be one-way traffic (to the right of the corridor) unless otherwise determined by the Watch Commander. Inmates will not walk within the white boundary lines and may only cross these lines while exiting or entering an area, i.e. culinary, wings, etc.



# TR VING FACILITY

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Reference:

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and Program Lieutenants

- Inmates returning from meals have the choice of yard (if eligible), or their cells (unless released for a shower or Red Card Programs). If an inmate is going to the yard, he does not enter the wing. No cell visiting or tier loitering is permitted at any time.
- The area from the Wing Entrance Door to the inner gate is to be clear of inmates at all times.
- When conducting major lockups, the two (2) Tier Officers will stand on the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and make sure all inmates returning to the wing remain on the 1st Tier. After all inmates have returned the Tier Officers will announce 3<sup>rd</sup> tier Lock-Up. Only 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Inmates will go up and stand by their door with their backs against the wall. The Officers will key each door and allow only the assigned inmates in the cell. After completing the 3rd Tier the Officers will follow the same procedure for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier and then the 1<sup>st</sup> Tier. The Officers will proceed with the lockup from the Third Tier down to First Tier (1 East Side & 1 West Side) locking those inmates in their respective cells.
- All inmates in the East Corridor beyond X-Wing will be in state issued clothes. No personal clothes will be allowed beyond X-Wing unless it is for a medical emergency.

#### 5. Lockdowns or Modified Program:

- When the entire facility or any part of the inmate population is on lockdown status, the cellfeeding process will begin immediately after the respective watch has assumed duty and the meal has been delivered. Inmates returning to the wing will be immediately secured in their cells.
- There will be no yard releases until completion of cell feeding and wing clean up.

#### 6. Shower Programs:

- Close "B" Custody inmates who are a full-time assigned worker will be showered between the hours of 1500 and 1930 hours.
- All CTQ/RTQ inmates regardless of custody level will be showered on Second Watch.
- All unassigned inmates and "C" status will be allowed to shower during their program time which starts at the 1230 hours release and prior to the 1515 hours lockup.
- Third Watch is responsible for showering those inmates assigned to a full-time work/school position. Showers will be conducted between 1500 and 2050 hours.
- Controlled showers will consist of a maximum of one-half (1/2) tier of inmates out at any given time. A reasonable amount of time (30 minutes per group of inmates) will be afforded for inmates to shower and return to their cells.

#### YARD CARDS:

Identification/Privilege Cards:

Receiving and Release will prepare a CDC 131 Green Identification Card, a CDC 130 Red Privilege Card, and a Yard Card for all new arrivals to CTF. All inmates will receive a Green Identification Card prior to departing R&R, or as soon as practical. K&R will delive the Cards to the Records Department for storage and later issuance as appropriate. departing R&R, or as soon as practical. R&R will deliver the non-issued Red Privilege Cards and Yard

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OPERATIONS PROCEDURE #40

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Reference:

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and Program Lieutenants

#### Initial Classification:

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The correctional counselor is responsible for reviewing the DMS for new arrivals to their caseload, determining the inmates Work Group / Privilege Group and obtaining the appropriate Yard Card and/or Red Card as necessary. The Yard Card and Red Privilege Card can be obtained in the Records Department. The correctional counselor will issue the appropriate card (s) to the inmate upon completion of the initial classification process, or forward the appropriate card (s) to the respective Wing Officer for issuance.

Should Unit Classification Committee change an inmate(s) work group status from A1-A to either A2-B or C-Status, the assigned correctional counselor will be responsible for obtaining the appropriate card.

Lost or altered ID cards shall be replaced. The cost associated with replacing the Green ID, Red Privilege or Yard Card shall be the sole responsibility of the inmate(s). Should any card(s) as described above be altered, the inmate(s) shall not be allowed entrance into the Central Yard.

Ben Curry

Warden (A)

Correctional Training Facility

Presse

September 13, 2006

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SEP 20 2006

AW-CEN CTF

#### Memorandum

Date

December 23, 2002

To

ALL STAFF & INMATES

CTF - CENTRAL

Subject :

OPERATION PROCEDURE (OP) #40

The following is a clarification to O.P. #40.

These clarifications will be strictly adhered to concern the concern to the con

1. East/West Rotation

2<sup>nd</sup> phase – Only East side or West side will be released to the yard or for showers. The whole side (Red Card holders desiring either yard or showers) will be released at the same release.

NOTE: Staff will continue to explore and consider systems which would identify a set number of inmates from the non-designated side of the wing for courtesy yard release.

3<sup>rd</sup> phase – Courtesy yard release will be completed for Red Card holders on both sides of the wings desiring yard access. When the courtesy yard release inmates have exited the wing, staff will conduct a shower program for the designated East or West side Red Card holders.

2. Close Courtody programming after 2000 hours in molotigat permitted.

. Hamlet

Correctional Training Facility

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# EXHIBIT "R"

July 26, 2007

THE HONORABLE JONATHAN R. PRICE Monterey County Superior Court 240 Church Street Department 3 Salinas, CA 93902-1819

RE: INFORMAL REPLY
In Re Andre' Boston, et. al., Case No. HC-5668

Dear Judge Price:

Petitioners hereby submit their reply to the Respondents' Informal Response. Petitioner incorporates by reference, the entire Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed in the above entitled case.

I.

On June 8, 2007, this court issued its order for an informal response from the respondents. In that order the court directed the respondents to address the following issues: 1) Whether Correctional Lieutenant Lynch had the authority to review the appeal (Log No. CTF-C-06-02329) at the first level under California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Section 3084.5(e); 2) Why Close B Custody inmates have access to the recreation yard only between the hours of 0900 to 1100 and 1300 hours to 1500 hours; 3) Whether the definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" set forth in CTF's Operations Procedure (OP) Number 34 conflicts with the definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" set forth in CCR, Title 15, § 3000; 4) Whether Close B Custody inmates are allowed to participate in program assignments and activities in areas beyond the work change area during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours; 5) Whether CTF officials are not permitting Close B Custody inmates to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry or Culinary and 6) Why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours? Petitioners assert that the respondents failed to address the issues raised by the court in their informal response.

Specifically, petitioners allege and contend the following: 1) Respondents did not directly answer whether or not Correctional Lieutenant Lynch had the authority to review the appeal at the first level of review under CCR Title 15 regulations; 2) Respondents did not clearly explain why Close B Custody inmates are limited in their access to the recreation yard only between the hours of 0900 to 1100 and 1300 to 1500; 3) Respondents did not qualify whether or not CTF's definition of a "Facility Perimeter" conflicts with the definition set forth under CCR Title 15 regulations; 4) Respondents did not specifically answer why Close B Custody inmates are not allowed in areas beyond the work change area during the hours of 0600 to 2000; 5) Respondents did not describe why CTF officials are not permitting Close B Custody inmates to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry or Culinary; and 6) the respondents avoided any explanation of why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours as provided under CCR Title 15 regulations. The court's directions were succinct and unambiguous. Petitioners would contend that the informal response filed by respondents is a crafted and confusing opposite to the intent of the court's order

II.

In paragraph 1, page 1: In their preamble, respondents allege and contend that: "...CTF may properly restrict Close B Custody inmates from fully participating in the prison's programs and activities based on the institution's limited resources and safety concerns." Petitioners contend that this is incorrect. Petitioners base their contention on departmental policy and regulations approved by the Office of Administrative Law (OAL). CTF is an institution within CDCR and, as such, CTF is mandated to follow all of the appropriately enacted and established provisions of departmental regulations. CTF has no authority or discretion for

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE - Little BOSTON et. al., (HC 5668)

selective compliance (emphasis added) with administrative laws. The established regulatory provision in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1(a)(4)(B) sets forth the departmental requirements and restrictions for Close B Custody program activities and assignments. Petitioners contend that since the regulations have been adopted and enacted by the department, including review and approval by the OAL, CTF must comply with all the provisions of those regulations and they are not subject to reinterpretation by CTF. Petitioners hereby reference for relevance, Contention II of our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, wherein petitioners addressed the respondents' duty to follow administrative regulations. Petitioners properly asserted that an administrative regulation has the force of law, which is binding on the issuing agency.

"It is well established that any administrative regulation has the force of law and is binding on the issuing agency. <u>United States v. Nixon</u> (1974) 418 U.S. 683, 6950696 [94 S.Ct. 3090; 42 L.Ed.2d 1039]; <u>Atkins v. Rivera</u> (1986) 477 U.S. 154 [106 S.Ct. 2456; 91 L.Ed.2d 131]; <u>Agricultural Labor Relations Board v. Superior Court</u> (1976) 16 Cal.3d 392, 401 [127 Cal.Rptr. 183].

In the case of <u>In re Reina</u> (1985) 171 Cal.App.3d 638 [217 Cal.Rptr. 535], the court ordered the CDC to follow its own rules and awarded worktime credits to prisoners unable to work due to a non-adverse transfer.

Additionally, petitioners hereby reference for relevance, Exhibit E-7 to our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, which acknowledged the department's acquiescence to a court order where it was determined, "...an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." The circumstances raised in that departmental administrative informational bulletin were identical to those raised in our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

III.

In paragraph 1, page 1: In the introduction to their informal response, respondents allege and contend that: "...consistent with the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's (CDCR) regulations – CTF properly defined the prison's "facility security perimeter," restricting Close B Custody inmates movement within the prison." Petitioners contend that this is incorrect and that CTF's definition of a "facility security perimeter" is *inconsistent* (emphasis added) with established CDCR's regulations and the departmental definition of a "facility security perimeter" found in CCR Title 15 § 3000.

CCR Title 15 § 3000 states: "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work areas, and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation."

Petitioners contend that by departmental definition, the "Facility Security Perimeter" is *inclusive* of the recreation area and the areas beyond work change, not *exclusive* of them. CTF OP #34 has made the recreation yard and all areas beyond the East and West Gate *exclusive* in context. This local interpretation and CTF's selective compliance with the departmental definition is *inconsistent* with the applicable regulations. Accordingly, this portion of the respondents' contention is incorrect. Petitioners correctly note that respondents did not argue or support a position that there are any "...weather, lighting conditions or hours of operations," which would "...routinely restrict inmate movement..." within living units, work areas or recreation areas. The instant circumstances represent an arbitrary decision imposed by former Warden J. Hamlet, which removed Close B Custody inmate access and participation in areas beyond work change (PIA, vocations, etc.), the Clothing Room, Laundry, Culinary and Receiving & Release. He did so in the absence of any incident at CTF and without any legitimate penological interest - after Close B Custody inmates had been assigned to work in those areas for *decades*. Warden Hamlet made this decision *against* existing

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departmental regulations, which were subsequently endorsed by his successors through CTF's operation procedures.

The actions of Warden Hamlet and his successors were taken without regard to regulatory law, which was established by legislative intent to support inmate program access and rehabilitation. Independent decision making by subsequent wardens, who could have complied with departmental regulations, has been blocked by the necessity of renegotiating with bargaining units or the suggestion of possible liability in the event (however unlikely) of some future incident involving Close B Custody inmates. If the department harbored any of these concerns, CDCR has had ample opportunity to revise existing regulations.

In addition to the aforementioned, petitioners also reference for relevance, Contention VI in our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, which challenges respondents' selective interpretation of applicable regulatory authority and respondents' lack of compliance with the full provisions of CCR Title 15 § 3377.1.

IV.

Pursuant to the court's order for an informal response, petitioners are uncertain what respondents' intentions are in statement 1: "CTF May Restrict Close B Inmates From Fully Participating in Institutional Programs and Activities Based on Available Resources and Safety and Security Concerns." Is this an attempt to "answer" one of the six questions for which the court requested an informal response? The information assembled to support this statement does little more than confuse the issue by a mixture of partial quotations, paraphrases, and recapitulation of the California Penal Code, CCR Title 15 and the institution's response to petitioners' Inmate Appeal.

V.

In paragraph 2, page 1: Respondents allege and contend that: "Thè warden is entrusted with the supervision, management, and control of the prison and is responsible for the care and custody of all its inmates." Petitioners would concede to this paraphrasing of CCR Title 15, § 3380(a), but only with the stipulation of additional language actually contained in that section of Title 15, incorrectly attributed by respondents to: "...(Cal. Code Regs., titl. 15, § 3270, subd. (c).)".

"Subject to the approval of the Director of Corrections, wardens, superintendents and parole region administrators will establish such operations plans and procedures as are required by the director for implementation of regulations..." - CCR Title 15 § 3380(c)

This subsection requires the warden of CTF to establish operational plans that are required for the implementation of regulations. It does not, however, relieve the warden of the requirement to *fully* comply with existing administrative regulations by the creation of underground policies, which are contrary to those regulations. CTF's underground policies neglect the care and custody of Close B Custody inmates and their access to participation in vocational training, work assignments and recreation that would enhance compliance with the mandate for rehabilitation outlined in the institution and departmental mission statements.

VI.

<u>In paragraph 2, page 1</u>: Respondents allege and contend that: "The primary objective of a prison – protecting public safety – must take precedence over all other prison operations." Petitioners contend that the inflection of respondents' quotation is inaccurate and incomplete. Similar to the circumstances described in Contention V above, respondents paraphrase only a portion of the established regulations. Petitioners base their contention on quotation of the *entire* sentence only partially referenced by the respondents.

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The initial sentence of Article 2 of CCR Title 15 § 3270, which regulates Security, states: "The primary *objectives* (emphasis added) of the correctional institutions are to protect the public by safely keeping persons committed to the custody of the Director of Corrections, and to afford such persons with every reasonable opportunity and encouragement to participate in rehabilitative activities."

This language clearly defines the dual objectives of the department – not a singular objective as implied by respondents. Respondents repeated efforts to paraphrase regulations and mix the inflections of different sections of CCR Title 15 in the structure of their informal response is suggestive of the very reasons petitioners sought relief through the filing of our Writ for Petition of Habeas Corpus. Petitioners are consistently and vigorously held to the letter of regulations in their day-to-day activities. If petitioners are found guilty of a rules violation based on those regulations, they are subjected to consequences by the respondents. If respondents refuse to follow existing regulations in the absence of similar accountability, without effective administrative remedies available to petitioners, then the court must hold respondents accountable.

#### VII.

In paragraph 2, page 1: Respondents allege and contend that: "Although inmates are afforded a reasonable opportunity to participate in rehabilitative activities, institutional programs are limited by the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns." Petitioners contend that this is incorrect and represents a mischaracterization of the circumstances in this case. Contrary to respondent's contentions, Close B Custody inmates are *not* being afforded "...every reasonable opportunity and encouragement to participate in rehabilitation activities." Respondents' attempts to invoke sections of the California Penal Code (PC) are similarly flawed by paraphrasing or only partially rendering the language of the referenced section. PC § 2933 deals with "Worktime credits on sentences...." something that CTF's Close B Custody inmates are being denied.

The sentence excerpted and paraphrased from PC § 2933 (b) actually says: "Except as provided in subdivision (a) of Section 2932, every prisoner shall have a reasonable opportunity to participate in a full-time credit qualifying assignment in a manner consistent with institutional security and available resources."

CCR Title 15 clearly establishes the manner in which inmates should be offered the opportunity to participate in full-time credit qualifying assignments. Contrary to those regulations, through the establishment of operations procedures and underground policies, CTF is actively denying Close B Custody inmates from access and participation in job assignments, vocational opportunities and recreational activities afforded to inmates similarly situated in other CDCR institutions in a manner, which is clearly inconsistent with institutional security and available resources. Instead of following the letter of the law, the repeated paraphrasing and selective quotations from portions of departmental regulations and the Penal Code to support their arguments should call the merit of respondents' contentions into question.

In paragraph 2, page 1: The respondent implies facts not in evidence by stating: "...institutional programs are limited by the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns." Petitioners contend that they are not being provided reasonable opportunities to program because of CTF's arbitrary and capricious interpretations of regulations and the institution's contrived refusal to comply with departmental regulations - not due to a lack of "...available resources and security concerns." Allowing Close B Custody inmates to participate in the program activities afforded to Medium and Minimum Custody inmates in both Central and North Facilities at CTF would not require any additional staffing resources. No incident and no existing safety or security issues at CTF were raised when Close B Custody inmates were removed from their program opportunities by Warden Hamlet. The issues were created by CTF's redefinition of the facility's security perimeter and the adoption of an underground policy, which departs from established departmental

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE - LETE BOSTON et. al., (HC 5668)

regulations. The Vocational class sizes or the number of job assignments available beyond work change in PIA, the Clothing Room, Laundry, Culinary and Receiving & Release areas of Central Facility would not change with the opportunity for assignment of Close B Custody inmates. By any reasonable interpretation, let alone by the exact definition in contained departmental regulations, all of these areas are located within the confines of the facility's true security perimeter. The same number of Custody Staff are available for supervision of the Recreation Yard throughout the program day. CTF is the only designated Level II institution with four armed guard towers providing yard coverage. In addition, CTF has a Correctional Sergeant and three additional Correctional Officers assigned to the Recreation Yard and a minimum of four Correctional Officers assigned to control access and egress from the Recreation Yard. Additionally, CTF is the only facility, which collects inmates' CDCR identification cards and requires a privilege card or locally created "yard card" for release to the yard. It is difficult for petitioners to imagine what additional "...available resources and safety and security..." measures CTF would need to justify Close B Custody inmates departmentally mandated program access.

#### VIII.

In paragraph 3, pages 2-3: Respondents' contention that: "Thus a Close B Custody inmate's "right" to fully participate in CTF's program and activities is limited by the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns..." is a redundant contention based on recapitulation of the institution's response to petitioners' inmate appeals and quotations. Respondents quote a bewildering series of references, paraphrases and partial quotations excerpted from petitioner's exhibits or cited from other sources without ever justifying, explaining or answering the questions raised by this court. Respondents never contended throughout the administrative appeal process that their non-compliance with the department's regulations was the result of "limited resources." Therefore, to raise this issue now as an attempted justification for CTF's non-compliance also lacks merit. The fact that thousands of other CTF inmates are already afforded full program access negates respondents' basic arguments.

CCR Title 15 regulations already clearly address and respond to any "...increased risk to institutional security and public safety." This partial quotation from classification regulations is utilized by respondents in an attempt to confuse the issue. This moves to the point of "fear mongering," which is not supported by the realities or provisions of existing departmental policies that deal with security concerns. In this case, respondents have advanced no definitive evidence or information at any point through these proceedings that demonstrates a reasonable safety and security concern which is not already addressed by the existing regulations. Petitioners reiterate the department's own acknowledgement that "...an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates." (See Exhibit E-7 to the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus). Accordingly, respondents' contention that: "...CTF may additionally limit Close B Custody inmates' access to the prison's facilities based on the prison's available resources and safety and security concerns..." represents little more than a convoluted, reiteration of CTF's response to petitioners' Inmate Appeal and lacks merit.

IX.

In paragraph 3, continued on page 2: Respondents contention that: "...CTF's operation procedures reflect a balance between offering Close B Custody inmates the opportunity to participate in rehabilitative activities, using the prison's limited resources, and maintaining safety and security..." is a complete mischaracterization. What "balance?" For respondents to cite petitioners' Exhibit E from our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus as a reason for limiting program fails to acknowledge the reason why the "Memorandum re Operations Procedure #40, dated December 23, 2002" was issued by the institution. The same number of paid Correctional Officers and Supervisors are available throughout Third Watch from 1400 to 2200 Hours. Restricting Close B Custody inmates from normal program access between 1400 and 2000 Hours defies departmental regulations. Paying Custody Staff to facilitate program access and supervision after 2000 Hours when Close B Custody inmates are locked in their cells raises additional issues about the

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE - LITTLE BOSTON et. al., (HC 5668)

expenditure of budgetary resources for services, which are not actually being made available to the affected inmate population. This contradicts and calls into question respondents' contention that the institution is short on resources.

X.

Pursuant to the court's order for an informal response, petitioners are uncertain what respondents' intentions are in making statement 2: "The Correctional Training Facility Properly Defined "Facility Security Perimeter" for Close B Custody Inmates." The information assembled to support this statement does little more than restate the very sections of CCR Title 15 regulations, which petitioner has asserted as the grounds for filing our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. Once again respondents resort to a veritable "Gordian knot" of partial quotations, paraphrases, and recapitulation of CCR Title 15 and the institution's response to petitioners' Inmate Appeal avoiding the letter of the law. Just because respondents say something is so, without explaining or justifying their reasons does not mean they are actually complying with the regulations.

XI.

In paragraph 4, on pages 2-3: Respondents allege and contend that the provisions of CCR Title 15, § 3000, which define a "Facility Security Perimeter" constitute "...an expansive definition (that) permits the prison to establish "facility security perimeter" boundaries - any combination - for each custody classification..." and would justify the restrictions imposed against Close B Custody inmate program access and participation. Respondents further contend that: "...CTF's definition - defining Facility Security Perimeter" as "West to East Gate" - is based on legitimate security concerns and is encompassed within CDCR's regulations." Respondents properly label this issue as "CTF's definition." It is in fact, CTF's arbitrary and capricious interpretations of regulations, which call respondents "expansive definition" into question. Reasserting classification parameters and attempting to exaggerate Close B Custody inmates as an "...increased risk to institutional security and public safety..." again resorts to fear mongering. Respondents carefully avoid answering the court's questions about the meaning of "West to East Gate" or describing what, if any "legitimate security concerns" exclusively limit Close B Custody inmates to program access to solely between the "West and East Gate." Petitioners contend respondents avoid answering the question because it could support our arguments. The West and East Gates are utilized between the 2200 Hour Institutional Count and the beginning of the next program day to restrict any inmate movement, except for emergencies. Both gates are already guarded twenty-four hours a day under existing security parameters with current staffing resources.

Respondents also do not explain the justification for expansion or contraction of CTF's facility security perimeter, which excludes only Close B Custody inmates. In fact, they cannot. The legitimate expansion and contraction of CTF's facility security perimeter, which occurs due to weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation affects ALL Central Facility inmates, regardless of their classification. Accordingly, the expansion and contraction of CTF's facility security perimeter is inclusive of all inmates and should not be exclusive of only Close B Custody inmates for some arbitrary portion of the program day and from some arbitrary portion of facility program areas located within the legitimate facility security perimeter. Respondents do not acknowledge that all recreation yard activities, including the Canteen, Native American Sweat Lodge, and telephones are all located outside the West Gate. Except for the noontime Close Custody Count period, Close B Custody inmates have access to all recreation yard activities until the 1500 Hours facility yard recall, which is conducted for all inmates. CTF artificially superimposes a retracted facility security perimeter affecting only Close B Custody inmates throughout the program day and from the recreation yard after the 1500 Hours facility yard recall. This retracted perimeter is located within CTF's legitimate facility security perimeter during those hours, and excludes Close B Custody inmates' access to program opportunities available to all other inmates. Petitioners contend that the imposition of a different definition of the "facility security perimeter" applied exclusively to Close B Custody inmates violates departmental regulations.

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE - inte BOSTON et. al., (HC 5668)

#### XII.

In paragraph 4, continued on page 3: The respondents' contention that: "Thus, CTF properly defined "facility security perimeter," restricting Close B Custody inmates' movement within the prison..." lacks merit and is called into question when it is based on the institution's own contrived refusal to comply with departmental regulations. Petitioners housing is located within respondents' definition of a security perimeter. Why then are they not allowed to program in their housing units after 2000 Hours, in accordance with departmental regulations? Petitioners have access to the Recreation Yard, Canteen, and telephones between the hours of 0900 to 1100 and 1300 to 1500. Those areas and activities are located beyond the West Gate. As noted above, respondents do not address, respond to or explain to the court, why Close B Custody inmates are being denied access to these areas after the 1700 Hours Institutional Count clears until an institutionally imposed 2000 Hours lockup of those inmates. Institutions throughout the state have Close A Custody inmates (a much more restricted classification) working in PIA operations, Clothing Rooms, Laundries, Culinary areas and in vocations and job assignments beyond their work changes. Why does CTF impose greater restrictions against Close B Custody inmates (a lesser restricted classification), contrary to existing regulations and departmental policy?

Petitioners base their contentions on the language established in CCR Title 15 § 3377.1(a), which states:

"Designation of a degree of an inmate's custody shall be reasonably related to legitimate penological interests. The CDC uses the following inmate custody to establish where an inmate shall be housed and assigned, and the level of staff supervision to ensure institutional security and public safety."

Respondents' contentions lack merit and defy well-established and clearly defined regulations, which were designed and approved by CDCR to insure adequate institutional security and protect public safety. CTF simply chooses to reinterpret or ignore the regulatory guidelines and legislative intent, which was designed to enhance and support the rehabilitation of *ALL* inmates instead of isolating or ignoring the needs of a single group or classification of inmates.

#### XIII.

Pursuant to the court's order for an informal response, petitioners are uncertain what respondents' intentions are in making statement 3: "Petitioners' Claim that Correctional Lieutenant Lynch Did Not Have Authority to Review Petitioners' Appeal is Moot." If this is an answer to the court's first issue: "1) whether Correctional Lieutenant Lynch had authority to review the appeal..." respondents avoid answering this central question. Did CTF follow existing regulations by having a Correctional Lieutenant respond to the appeal of an institutional policy issued by the Warden? To allege and contend the point is "moot," avoids answering the question. Petitioners contend that respondents are incorrect and must answer the question. One of the reasons petitioners advanced this issue to the court was because CTF and, subsequently CDCR have refused to comply with administrative regulations enacted under CCR Title 15, § 3084.5, which was actually cited by respondents in their informal response. CCR Title 15, § 3084.5(e) clearly establishes who shall not participate in the review of formal appeals.

"Appeal Review. Formal appeals shall not be reviewed (emphasis added) by a staff person who participated in the event or decision appealed, or who is of lower administrative rank than any participating staff, or who participated in review of a lower level appeal refiled at a higher level." CCR Title 15, § 3084.5(e)

Based on the above regulation, Correctional Lieutenant Lynch did not have the authority to review petitioners' appeal. Because this issue has been exhausted at the highest level of administrative review,

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE - in re BOSTON et. al., (HC 5668)

petitioners contend that this court has the jurisdiction to hear and decide the claims presented in our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. A prisoner may bring a petition for writ of habeas corpus to ask a court to declare and enforce rights regarding prison or parole. A petition may be based in constitutional, statutory, or administrative law. In re Harrell (1970) 2 Cal.3d 675 [87 Cal.Rptr. 504]; In re Davis (1979) 25 Cal.3d 384 [159 Ca.Rptr. 384]

Petitioners also hereby make reference for relevance to Contention I in our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

#### XIV.

Respondents cite the case authority of In re Hutchinson 23 Cal.App.3d 337 (1972) to support their contention that petitioners' case should be dismissed as moot. Petitioners correctly point out that the application of Hutchinson, supra, is irrelevant to the instant case. In Hutchinson, supra, the court addressed circumstances where two prisoners had petitioned the court for habeas corpus. The petitioners in that case were seeking a release from housing wings that were designated for inmates who were in isolation, segregation or protective custody status. In that case, one of the petitioners had been transferred to another prison following the issue of the order to show cause, but prior to the hearing on the claims. As a result of these circumstances, the court ruled that the transferred (emphasis added) petitioners' claim was moot. The court did address the claims of the remaining petitioner. Petitioners allege and contend that the circumstances of the cited case authority and the instant case are not similar and have no apparent relevance. This case involves circumstances of the respondents arbitrarily and capriciously interpreting regulations and refusing to comply with applicable regulations. These circumstances exist for several hundred inmates who are classified as Close B Custody and housed at CTF. Without resolution on these issues, violations of administrative regulations will continue to exist. Therefore, the issues in this case are not moot and have to be addressed by this court to insure resolution and compel future compliance with issues of non-compliance with administrative regulations.

#### XV.

Respondents contend that: "Moreover even assuming petitioners' appeal is not moot (and Lieutenant Lynch did not have authority to review it), petitioners would not be entitled to habeas relief." Petitioners contend this is incorrect. This issue is not moot and is dispositive to the claims presented herein. Petitioners base their contention on the following information. Lieutenant Lynch's inappropriate review of the appeal at the first level is germane to the issue at hand because it is still another factor that points to the blatant pattern of the institution's arbitrary and capricious interpretation and/or complete disregard for administrative regulations. As stated in Contention XIII of this reply, the regulations are clear about appeal reviews and who may/may not review appeals.

Despite clear administrative regulations in this matter, CTF elected to deliberately violate the regulation by having the appeal reviewed by an unauthorized party. This issue has a cumulative affect on the claims presented by petitioners. Not only does CTF feel it does not have to comply with established administrative regulations, but respondents appear to be condoning their lack of compliance. This has a chilling affect on any attempt by petitioners to advance resolution or reconciliation of issues on the behalf of their constituents. Again, petitioners reiterate higher courts findings that administrative regulations have the force of law and are binding on the issuing agency. (See <u>United States v Nixon</u>, *supra*) Petitioners further contend that the California court system has previously ordered CDCR to comply with its own rules, even if CDCR preferred not to because of the benefits resulting to prisoners. Because respondents have condoned CTF's non-compliance with regulations, petitioners contend that respondents have demonstrated a clearly arbitrary and capricious basis for their interpretation of the applicable regulations. Accordingly, petitioners assert that this court has the authority to reject respondents' interpretation. Petitioners offer the following case citation to support their contention.

INFORMAL REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S INFORMAL RESPONSE

"Where an agency's interpretation of regulation is clearly arbitrary and capricious or has no reasonable basis, courts should not hesitate to reject it." In re Scott 5 Cal.Rptr.3d 887 (Cal.App.2 Dist. 2003)

Petitioners further hereby make reference for relevance to Contention II of our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

#### XVI.

Pursuant to the court's order for an informal response, petitioners are uncertain what the intentions of respondents' stated "Conclusion" might be. They do not appear to answer any question raised by the court in its order. Petitioners would allege and contend that respondents failed to provide any definitive response to issues 2) through 6) as requested by the court.

#### XVII.

Petitioners contend that CTF is improperly limiting Close B Custody inmates from full participation in the prison's programs and activities. Petitioners contend that the limitations imposed by respondents' representation of "limited resources and safety and security concerns" are unreasonable and violate existing administrative regulations. Petitioners further contend that the representations presented in our Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and this reply are accurate and fully supported by departmental regulations. Accordingly, the petition should be issued and relief should be granted in this matter. It would be a travesty of justice to refer any portion of this matter back before the same entity which has elected to arbitrarily and capriciously interpret the cited regulations. This administrative entity has demonstrated that they would not comply the courts' directions in previous cases of non-compliance with administrative law. This is not a case where the petition contains exhausted and unexhausted claims. All claims have been exhausted and despite having several opportunities to follow CDCR's own regulations, respondents have elected to ignore the regulations they have issued. This court has the appropriate jurisdiction of the claims and should decide the issue.

#### CONCLUSION

As demonstrated herein and by the information contained in the Petition itself, petitioners' claims have been exhausted, have merit and are ripe for judicial adjudication. Therefore, petitioners are entitled to the relief requested in the original petition. Furthermore, due to the numerous disputes in this matter, petitioners respectfully request that this Honorable Court issue an order to show cause, grant an evidentiary hearing, permit discovery in the instant case and provide counsel or reasonable attorney's fees to the petitioners.

Respectfully Submitted,

Andre' Boston, et. al.,

Petitioner, Pro-Se

Date: 7/26/07

- [	ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY	
	(Name, state bar number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
1	ANDRE BOSTON, D03868	1
- [	PO BOX 689, EW-236L SOLEDAD, CA 93960-0689	1
-		
	TELEPHONE NO. N/A FAX NO.	
1	ATTORNEY FOR (Name)): PRO SE	
-	COURT MONTEREY COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT	
	STREE ADDRESS: 240 CHURCH STREET	1
-	MAILING ADDRESS: SAME	
1	CITY AND ZIP CODE: SALINAS, CA 93902-1819	1
	BRANCH NAME: DEPARTMENT 3	
	PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: ANDRE BOSTON, et. al.,	
	RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: CALIFORNIA ATTORNEY GENERAL ATTENTION: AMANDA MURRAY	
	PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL	CASE NUMBER: HC 5668
1.	I am at least 18 years of age, a party to this action, and I am a resident of or emplo	aved in the county where the mailing took
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2.	My residence or business address is:  ANDRE BOSTON, D03868 PO BOX 689, EW-236L SOLEDAD, CA 93960-0689	
3.	(1-1-1-1)	to Respondent's Informal Response
	by enclosing them in an envelope AND	
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# EXHIBIT "S"

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SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 3 9 2007

COUNTY OF MONTEREY

LISA M. GALDOS CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

S. GARSIDE

In re

Case No.: HC 5668

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) ORDER

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On Habeas Corpus.

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Petitioners Andre Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger, Craig Gerstner, Michael Comeaux, David Moreno and Adam Vasquez filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus.

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Petitioners are incarcerated at Correctional Training Facility (CTF) in Soledad.

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Petitioners are Men's Advisory Council Executive Body members at CTF-Central Facility.

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access to program assignments and activities in violation of California Code of Regulations, title

Petitioners claim that CTF prison officials are denying Close B Custody inmates full

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15, section 3377.1(a)(4)(B).

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Section 3377.1(a)(4)(B) provides:

Andre Boston, et al.

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activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility

Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and

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security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, Level

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III or Level IV institution. Close B Custody inmates may participate in designated work

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program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing

unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may

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participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lockup

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and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the

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facility security perimeter.

Filed 03/18/2008

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Petitioners have exhausted their administrative remedies. (See CTF C-06-02329 and CTF C-06-02873.)

On June 8, 2007, the court requested an informal response from the Attorney General's Office (Respondent). On July 16, 2007, Respondent filed an informal response. On July 30, 2007, Petitioners filed a reply.

Petitioners make the following claims: 1) Close B Custody inmates are allowed on the recreation yard only between the hours of 0900 to 1100 hours and 1300 hours to 1500 hours; 2) Close B Custody inmates are not allowed to participate in program assignments and activities in areas beyond the work change area; 3) Close B Custody inmates are not allowed to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry or Culinary Department; and 4) Close B Custody inmates are not permitted to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours.

Petitioners' claims fail because CTF prison officials may properly restrict Close B Custody inmates from fully participating in program assignments and activities based on limited resources and safety and security concerns.

Inmates are to be afforded every reasonable opportunity and encouragement to participate in rehabilitative activities. See California Code of Regs., tit. 15, § 3270. However, correctional institutions' efforts "will be made to insure the security of the institution and the effectiveness of the treatment programs within the framework of security and safety." Id. "The requirement of custodial security and of staff, inmate and public safety must take precedence over all other considerations in the operation of all the programs and activities of the institutions of the department." Id. The Warden is responsible for the custody, treatment, training and discipline of all inmates under his charge. See Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3380(a). The Warden has authority to establish operational plans and procedures as are required by the director for implementation of regulations and as may be required for the operations. Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 3380(c).

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Since Close B Custody inmates represent an increased risk to institutional security and public safety, they receive constant supervision and limited access to programs, activities and facilities. See Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §§ 3377.1 & 3377.2. CTF-Central Close B Custody inmates have limited access to the recreation yard, participate in program assignments and activities within the Central Facility Security Perimeter, are not allowed to participate in evening activities after 2000 hours and are not allowed to work in the Clothing Room, Laundry, or Culinary Department. However, Section 3377.1(a)(4)(B) does not mandate CTF prison officials to allow Close B Custody inmates to participate in work program assignments until 2200 hours or to participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours. Based on CTF prison officials' limited resources and the safety and security concerns (See Second Level and Director's Level Responses in Appeals CTF C-06-02329 and CTF C-06-02873), the curtailment of activities and privileges is required to effect these legitimate penological interests. To the extent that Petitioners claim that these are not legitimate penological interests, Petitioners fail to provide evidence supporting their claim. See People v. Duvall (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464, 474. Given the number of inmates at CTF and the limited resources, it is not possible for prison officials to assign every inmate to the job of his choice or to a specific area of a facility the inmate feels he is entitled to travel. Prison administrators are accorded wide-ranging deference in the adoption and execution of policies and practices that in their judgment are needed to preserve internal order and discipline and to maintain institutional security. Jones v. North Carolina Prisoners' Union (1977) 433 U.S. 119, 128.

Petitioners contend that CTF's definition of "Facility Security Perimeter" conflicts with the California Code of Regulations.

CTF Operations Procedure No. 34 provides in pertinent part, "Close B Custody, Level II, inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e., Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas

located within the Central Facility Security Perimeter (West Gate to East Gate)." (See Operations Procedure No. 34, p.3.)

California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3000 provides:

Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation.

CTF's definition does not conflict with the California Code of Regulations. Under section 3000, the Facility Security Perimeter may be any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters. CTF prison officials considered various factors such as the age of the facility, numerous vehicle and pedestrian sally ports beyond the East Gate, poor lighting and the lack of an electrified fence. Because the definition under section 3000 is expansive and CTF officials have legitimate safety and security concerns, CTF officials properly defined the Facility Security Perimeter as "West Gate to East Gate."

Petitioners contend that under California Code of Regulations, title 15, section 3084.5(e), Correctional Lieutenant R. Lynch did not have authority to complete the first level review of their appeal (Log No. CTF-C-06-02329). Assuming arguendo Correctional Lieutenant Lynch lacked such authority, Petitioners fail to show prejudice because Petitioners' appeal was ultimately reviewed *at the highest level of review* (the Director's level of review.) See *Duvall*, *supra*, 9 Cal.4<sup>th</sup> at p. 474.

In light of the foregoing, the petition is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 08-30-07

Hon. Stephen A. Sillman Judge of the Superior Court

#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

#### C.C.P. SEC. 1013a

I do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within stated cause and that on

SEP 0 4 2007

I deposited true and correct copies of the following document:

ORDER in sealed envelopes with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the mail at Salinas,

California, directed to each of the following named persons at their respective addresses as hereinafter set forth:

Andre' Boston (D-03868) CTF-Central Facility PO Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960

Amanda Murray, DAG Office of the Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Ave, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dated: SEP 0 4 2007

LISA M. GALDOS, Clerk of the Court

S GARSIDE

# EXHIBIT "T"



Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

#### NOTICE OF CHANGE TO REGULATIONS

Sections: 3000, 3005, 3006, 3008, 3009, 3012, 3013,3015, 3016, 3290, 3310, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3318, 3320, 3323, 3327, 3328

Nur	nber:	07/	09

Publication Date:

July 20, 2007

Effective Date:

To Be Announced

This notice announces amendments to Sections 3000, 3005, 3006, 3008, 3009, 3012, 3013, 3015, 3016, 3290, 3310, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3318, 3320, 3323, 3327, and 3328 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Crime Prevention and Corrections, to incorporate into the CCR, provisions governing Inmate Discipline.

IMPLEMENTATION: To Be Announced.

#### PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD

Any person may submit written comments about the proposed regulations to the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, Regulation and Policy Management Branch (RPMB), PO Box 942883, Sacramento, CA 94283-0001, by fax to (916) 341-7366 or by e-mail to RPMB@cdcr.ca.gov. All written comments must be received by the close of the public comment period, September 11, 2007 at 5:00 PM.

#### PUBLIC HEARING INFORMATION

A public hearing regarding these proposed regulations will be held September 11, 2007 from 10:00 am - 12:00 am in the Large Conference Room, 660 Bercut Dr., Sacramento, CA 95814. This location is wheelchair accessible. The purpose of the hearing is to receive oral comments about this action. It is not a forum to debate the proposed regulations. No decision regarding the permanent adoption of these regulations will be rendered at this hearing. Written or facsimile comments submitted during the prescribed comment period have the same significance and influence as oral comments presented at the hearing.

#### **POSTING**

This notice shall be posted immediately upon receipt at locations accessible to inmates, parolees, and employees in each Department facility and field office. Also, facilities shall make this notice available for review by inmates in segregated housing who do not have access to the posted copies and shall distribute it to inmate law libraries and advisory councils.

#### CONTACT PERSON

Inquiries regarding this notice should be directed to Timothy M. Lockwood, Chief, RPMB, or to Stephanie Winn, RPMB, California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, PO Box 942883, Sacramento, CA 94283-0001, by telephone (916) 323-6156 or e-mail RPMB@cdcr.ca.gov.

SCOTT KERNAN Chief Deputy Secretary Adult Operations

Attachments

#### **INITIAL STATEMENT OF REASONS:**

The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) proposes to amend Sections of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Division 3, concerning inmate disciplinary processes.

These proposed regulations will bring CDCR into compliance with Penal Code (PC) Section 2932 which dictates that the Department must not assess more than 30 days forfeiture of credit for any "serious" violation of the Departmental regulations; must not assess more than 90 days forfeiture of credit for any misdemeanor offense; must not assess more than 180 days forfeiture of credit for any felony offense, unless the felony is one identified by the Department regulations as an A1 offense, which allows the assessment of up to 360 days forfeiture of credit. Therefore, the Department must not assess more than 30 days forfeiture of credits, unless the violation is either a misdemeanor or felony offense as indicated by the PC. This action will clarify and amend CCR Sections that were in violation of this section of the PC.

Additionally, these proposed regulations clarify language which has been found to be vague and in danger of being interpreted incorrectly. The proposed regulations also bring the Department into compliance with ongoing court cases which require the Department to perform certain mandated duties, or to refrain from certain activities.

The Department seeks to standardize processes concerning inmate discipline that were formerly subject to local interpretation. These proposed amendments will help to insure the fair and consistent application of the inmate disciplinary process, which will have a positive impact on controlling and rewarding inmate behavior. These changes will also further the safety of all persons and the legitimate penological interests of the institutions.

This action will amend the current CCR with language which has been rewritten for clarity and easier reference by staff, inmates, and the public in general. Some specific regulatory provisions are retained in virtually unchanged form, while at the same time, new regulatory provisions are added

The Department must détermine that no alternative considered would be more effective in carrying out the purposé of this action, or would be as effective and less burdensome to affected private persons than the action proposed.

**Subsection 3000 is amended** to alphabetically merge added definitions with those that exist in the regulations. Additionally, two definitions are deleted as indicated by strikethrough in the text.

**Subsection 3005(c) is amended** to make this Subsection a major heading of Force or Violence and deletes the paragraph that follows.

New Subsections 3005(c)(1) through 3005(c)(3) are adopted to include the language formally-located in Subsection 3005(c). The newly adopted Subsections clarify the language regarding an inmate's prohibition from participating in acts of Force or Violence. The amended language makes specific what is defined as Force or Violence for easier identification for staff and inmates.

Disciplinary ISOR July 5, 2007 Page 1

T-3

New Subsection 3006(c)(19) is adopted to include cellular phones in the category of This language identifies cellular phones as contraband and makes the contraband. possession of a cellular phone a violation of this Subsection where there was no specific prohibition regarding the possession of cellular phones in the previous regulations.

Subsection 3008 is amended to replace the word may with shall. This change makes it clear to staff and inmates that adherence to this rule is mandatory rather than optional.

Subsection 3009 is amended to replace the word may with shall. This change makes it clear to staff and inmates that adherence to this rule is mandatory rather than optional.

Subsection 3012 is amended to replace the word may with shall. This change makes it clear to staff and inmates that adherence to this rule is mandatory rather than optional.

Subsection 3013 is amended to replace the word may with shall. This change makes it clear to staff and inmates that adherence to this rule is mandatory rather than optional.

New Subsection 3015(d) is adopted to include language that makes escape, attempt to escape, or conspiring to escape a violation of this subsection of the CCR. This change is necessary to give staff a consistent rule that will be used to hold inmates accountable for this behavior.

Subsection 3016(a) is amended to replace the word may with shall and add the word use. This language is included to make clear that inmates must not use a controlled substance, and is intended to give staff a consistent rule that will be used to hold inmates accountable for this behavior. Additionally the word controlled is deleted. This language is repetitive and unnecessary.

Subsection 3016(b) is amended to replace the word may with shall and remove repetitive and unnecessary language.

Subsection 3016(c) is amended to remove repetitive and unnecessary language.

Subsection 3016(d) is amended to replace the word may with shall and remove repetitive and unnecessary language.

Existing Section 3290 is renamed Methods for Testing of Controlled Substances or for Use of Alcohol. This name change was necessary to include the methods for testing for the use of alcohol by an inmate to this Subsection. Additionally, this change gives staff a consistent direction that will be used to hold inmates accountable for this behavior.

Subsection 3290(a) is amended to memorialize the fact that the department shall prescribe the methods and materials used to test for controlled substances and for the use of alcohol. This change further makes it clear that testing will be conducted by trained staff.

Subsection 3290(c) is amended to include the suspected use of alcohol as a reason for securing a urine sample from an inmate for the purposes of testing.

Subsection 3290(c)(1) is amended to include the use of alcohol and will give staff a consistent rule that will be used to hold inmates accountable for this behavior.

Disciplinary ISOR

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NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Sections 2600, 2601, 2772, 2790, 4574, 5054 and 5057, Penal Code.

#### Section 3008. Obscenity is amended to read:

Inmates may shall not openly or publicly display photographs, pictures, drawings, or other pictorial representations of persons engaged in sexual acts, actual or simulated, masturbation, excretory functions or lewd exhibitions of the genitals which are obscene as defined in Section 311 of the Penal Code.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: Section 5054, Penal Code.

#### Section 3009 Gambling is amended to read:

Inmates may shall not participate in any form of gambling or bookmaking. Comment: Former DR-1107, gambling and bookmaking.

#### Section 3012 Theft is amended to read:

Inmates may shall not obtain anything by theft, fraud or dishonesty. Comment: Former DR-1110, stealing and dealing.

#### Section 3013 Unlawful Influence is amended to read:

Inmates may shall not attempt to gain special consideration or favor from other inmates, employees, institution visitors or any other person by the use of bribery, threat or other unlawful means.

Comment: Former DR-1111, improper influence.

# Section 3015. Unauthorized Areas and Facility Boundaries is amended to read:

Subsection 3015(a) through 3015(c) remains unchanged.

#### New Subsection 3015(d) is adopted to read:

(d) Inmates shall not escape, attempt to escape or conspire with others to escape from the custody of the department. Inmates shall not solicit or coerce others to aid or assist in an escape.

NOTE: Authority cited: section 5058, Penal Code. Reference: section 5054, Penal Code.

#### 3016. Controlled Substances, Drug Paraphernalia, and Distribution is amended to read:

Ca	ase 3:08-cv-01497-JSVV Document 1-4	Filed 03/18/2008 Page 45 of 89		
		FILED		
1		JUL 0 2 2007		
2		LISA M. GALDOS CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT		
3	SUPERÍOR COU	TT OF CALIFORNIA S. GARSIDE		
4		OF MONTEREY		
5		S DIVISION		
6	DI LEIT VI	D DIVIDIOIV		
7	In re	NO. HC 5668		
8	BOSTON et al.,	[PROPOSED] ORDER		
9	Petitioner,	Judge: The Honorable <del>Jonathan R</del> .		
10	On Habeas Corpus.	Price Innes W. Luthor		
11		ted an extension of time, and shall provide the		
12	informal response by July 17, 2007. Petitioner may reply to respondent's informal response			
13				
14				
15	DATED: July 2, 2007			
16				
17		JUDGE JONATHAN R. PRICE		
18		James W. Luther		
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	II .			

#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

#### C.C.P. SEC. 1013a

I do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within stated cause and that on		
JUL 0 2 2007	_ I deposited true and correct copies of the following document:	
ORDER in sealed envelop	pes with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the mail at Salinas,	
California, directed to eac	th of the following named persons at their respective addresses	
as hereinafter set forth:		
Andre' Boston D-03868		
Correctional Training Fac	cility	
PO Box 689		
Soledad, CA 93960-0689		

Amanda J. Murray, DAG Office of the Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Ave, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004

Dated: JUL 0 2 2007

LISA M. GALDOS, Clerk of the Court

S. GARSIDE

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#### **DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL**

Case Name: In re Boston, et al.

No.: HC 5668

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On June 27, 2007, I served the attached

#### RESPONDENT'S REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF TIME; [PROPOSED] ORDER

by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General at 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004, addressed as follows:

Andre' Boston
D-03868
Correctional Training Facility
P.O. Box 689
Soledad, CA 93960-0689
in pro per

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on **June 27**, **2007**, at San Francisco, California.

M.M. Argarin	dl.dl. Argani
Declarant	Signature

20094036.wpd

#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

#### C.C.P. SEC. 1013a

I do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within stated cause and that on

JUN 1 1 2007

I deposited true and correct copies of the following document:

ORDER in sealed envelopes with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the mail at Salinas,

California, directed to each of the following named persons at their respective addresses as hereinafter set forth:

Andre' Boston (D-03868) CTF- Central Facility PO Box 689 Soledad, CA93960-0689

Office of the Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Ave, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102 Attn: Correctional Law Section

Dated: JUN 1 1 2007

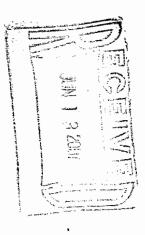
LISA M. GALDOS, Clerk of the Court

Denuty

S. GARSIDE

# uperior Court of California, County of Monterey

- 240 Church Street, Suite 318, Salinas, CA 93901
- 250 Franciscan Way, King City, CA 93930 3180 Del Monte Blvd., Marina, CA 93933 1200 Aguajito Road, Monterey, CA 93940



Andre Boston (D-03868), OTF-Central Facility EN TO Box 689

Soledad. CA 93960-0689

MAILED FROM ZIP CODE 9390

### CHRONOLOGY OF ATTACHMENTS FILED WITH WRIT AGAINST CLOSE CUSTODY PROGRAM (HC 5668) – IN RE BOSTON

as of August 30, 2007

Document #'s followed by an asterisk(s) [\* or \*\*] indicate complete records held separately in MAC files. For purposes of review, the files indicated by double asterisks [\*\*] are confidential documents, which must be requested by court or grand jury order for investigative review).

Date	Addressee or Event	Description of Document, Method or Event
12-23-02	CORRESPONDENCE J. HAMLET	<b>Document</b> #1 received from CTF Administration: OPERATION PROCEDURE (OP) #40.
07-21-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	<b>Document #2*</b> filed with Inmate Appeals Coordinator: Inmate Appeal #06-02329.
08-31-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	<b>Document #3*</b> filed with Inmate Appeals Coordinator: Inmate Appeal #06-02873.
09-25-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	<b>Document #2*</b> received from Inmate Appeals Coordinator, First Level Response (DENIED): Inmate Appeal #06-02329.
10-13-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	Document #2* filed with Inmate Appeals Coordinator, for Second Level Response: Inmate Appeal #06-02329.
10-24-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	<b>Document</b> #3* received from Inmate Appeals Coordinator, Second Level Response (DENIED): Inmate Appeal #06-02873.
11-07-06	CORRESPONDENCE N. GRANNIS Chief, Inmate Appeals	<b>Document</b> #3* request for Director's Level Review filed with Chief, Inmate Appeals: #06-02873.
11-28-06	CORRESPONDENCE Inmate Appeals Coordinator	<b>Document</b> #2* received from Inmate Appeals Coordinator, Second Level Response (DENIED): Inmate Appeal #06-02329.
12-22-06	CORRESPONDENCE N. GRANNIS Chief, Inmate Appeals	<b>Document</b> #2* request for Director's Level Review filed with Chief, Inmate Appeals: #06-02329.
01-23-07	CORRESPONDENCE N. GRANNIS Chief, Inmate Appeals	<b>Document</b> #3* received from Chief, Inmate Appeals, (DENIED): Inmate Appeal #06-02873/IAB #0605652.
03-16-07	CORRESPONDENCE N. GRANNIS Chief, Inmate Appeals	<b>Document</b> #2* received from Chief, Inmate Appeals, (DENIED): Inmate Appeal #06-02329/IAB #0607538.
04-11-07	In re Boston (HC5668) Monterey Superior Court	<b>Document</b> #146** In re Boston (HC5668): Filed with Monterey County Superior Court re: Close Custody Program Complaint.
06-08-07	CORRESPONDENCE Monterey Superior Court	<b>Document</b> #146** In re Boston (HC5668): Order on Habeas Corpus issued by Hon. Jonathan R. Price, Judge of the Superior Court.

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	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Date	Addressee or Event	Description of Document, Method or Event
	CORRESPONDENCE	Document #146** In re Boston (HC5668): Notification filed with the
06-18-07	GENERAL	General Population, ADVANCEMENT OF POPULATION ISSUES
	POPULATION	TO THE SUPERIOR COURT
	CORRESPONDENCE	Document #146** In re Boston (HC5668): Notice received from
07-02-07	California Attorney	Attorney General's Office: RESPONDENT'S REQUEST FOR
	General's Office	EXTENSION OF TIME; [PROPOSED] ORDER.
	CORRESPONDENCE	<b>Document</b> #146** Order received from Clerk of Monterey Superior
07-02-07	Monterey Superior	Court, granting: RESPONDENT'S REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF
	Court	TIME.
	CORRESPONDENCE	Document #146** In re Boston (HC5668): INFORMAL RESPONSE
07-13-07	California Attorney	received from Attorney General's Office: RESPONDENT'S REQUEST
	General's Office	FOR EXTENSION OF TIME.
	In re Boston (HC5668)	Document #146** INFORMAL REPLY filed to INFORMAL
07-26-07	Monterey Superior	
	Court	RESPONSE received from Attorney General's Office.
	In re Boston (HC5668)	Decument #146** ODDED dismissing Detition received from Hon
08-30-07	Monterey Superior	<b>Document</b> #146** ORDER dismissing Petition received from Hon. Stephen a. Sillman, Monterey County Superior Court Judge.
	Court	Stephen a. Shiman, Monterey County Superior Court Judge.
08-30-07	DOCUMENTS	End of Material Contained in Writ Master Document File

Document 1-4

Α.	Pos	ston,	D.	Rucker,	et.	al.,
Petitio	oner					
				vs.		
]	Ben	Curr	y;	Anthony	Kane,	et.al

Case 3:08-cv-01497-JSW

PETITION	FOR WRIT	OF HABEAS	CORPUS

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No. HC 5UU8

(To be supplied by the Clerk of the Court)

#### INSTRUCTIONS-READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court,
   you should file it in the county in which you are confined.
- · Read the entire form before answering any questions.
- This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and
  correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction
  for perjury.
- Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."
- If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies.

  Many courts require more copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies of the petition and, if separately bound, one copy
  of any supporting documents.
- If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and ten copies of the petition and, if separately bound, two copies of any supporting documents.
- · Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.
- In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under rule 8.380 of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective January 1, 2007]. Subsequent amendments to rule 8.380 may change the number of copies to be furnished to the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page 1 of 6

Respondent

MC-275 This petition concerns: Parole A conviction A sentence Credits X Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline Other (specify): 1. Yourname: Andre' Boston, David Rucker, Robert Nydegger et. al., 2. Where are you incarcerated? Correctional Training Facility, Central Facility 3. Why are you in custody? X Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment Answer subdivisions a. through i. to the best of your ability. a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offense and enhancements (for example, "robbery with use of a deadly weapon"). N/A b. Penal or other code sections: N/A c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: N/A d. Case number: N/A e. Date convicted or committed: N/A f. Date sentenced: N/A g. Length of sentence: N/A h. When do you expect to be released? N/A i. Were you represented by counsel in the trial court? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address: N/A 4. What was the LAST plea you entered? (check one) ☐ Not guilty ☐ Guilty ☐ Nolo Contendere ☐ Other: N/A 5. If you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have? ☐ Jury ☐ Judge without a jury ☐ Submitted on transcript ☐ Awaiting trial

GROUI	NDS FOR REL	IEF														N	IC-275
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Tell whice example to de (194	porting facts: your story brich your convicemple, if you are o and how the 19) 34 Cal.2d 3 ere). (If availab	ction is e claim at affect 300, 3	s based ning inco cted you 04.) A r	d. If ne compete ur trial. rule of	cess ence Fail thum	ary; a of cou ure to b to fo	ttach ac nsel you allege ollow is:	dditiona u must : sufficier who di	pages. state fact at facts with exactly	CAUT s spec vill res what	TION: You ifically so the control of	ou m setting e den te you	ust sta g forth v lial of y ur rights	te facts what yo our pe	s, not cour attornation. (S	onclusi ney did See <i>In i</i> (when)	ons. For or failed re Swair
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	POINTS A	ND Z	AUTH	ORIT	CIE.	S											

Ground 2 or Ground	(if applicable):							· M	C-2
SEE ATTACHED	PETITION I	OR	WRIT	OF	HABEAS	CORPUS	AND	MEMORANDUM	0
POINTS AND A	UTHORITIES						_		
	_								_
i. Supporting facts:									
SEE ATTACHED	PETITION T	OR I	WRIT	OF	HABEAS	CORPUS	AND	MEMORANDUM	С
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. Supporting cases, rules, or o	other authority:								
SEE ATTACHED		R WI	RIT C	F	HABEAS (	CORPUS	AND I	MEMORANDUM	OF
POINTS AND AU	THORITIES								
								·	

MC-275

a.	old you appeal from the conviction, sentence, or commitment?  Name of court ("Court of Appeal" or "Appellate Dept. of Superior County N/A	Yes. No. If yes, give the following information: rt"):
b.	. ResultN/A	c. Date of decision: N/A
d.	. Case number or citation of opinion, if known:N/A	
e.	. Issues raised: (1) N/A	
	(2) <u>N/A</u>	
	(3) <u>N/A</u>	
· f.	Were you represented by counsel on appeal?  Yes.  No	
	N/A	·
9. Did	oid you seek review in the California Supreme Court? Yes 🔀	
a.	. Result N/A	b. Date of decision: N/A
c.	. Case number or citation of opinion, if known: N/A	
	. Issues raised: (1)N/A	
	(3) N/A	
	xplain why the claim was not made on appeal:  N/A .	
1. Ad	Administrative Review:  If your petition concerns conditions of confinement or other claims for administrative remedies may result in the denial of your petition, even 52 Cal.App.3d 500 [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain what administrative review:  PETITIONERS HAVE EXHAUSTED ADMINISTR	if it is otherwise meritorious. (See <i>In re Muszalski</i> (1975) eview you sought or explain why you did not seek such
	DEPARTMENT OF CORREXTIONS (SEE ATTAC	HED PETITON FOR WRIT OF HABEAS
	CORPUS AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND	AUTHORITIES)
		<u> </u>
		<del></del>
b.	Did you seek the highest level of administrative review available? X  Attach documents that show you have exhausted your administrative	

12.		ner than direct appeal, have you filed any other petitions, applications, or motions with respect to this conviction,  MC-275  mmitment, or issue in any court? Yes. If yes, continue with number 13. XX No. If no, skip to number 15.
13.	a.	(1) Name of court:
		(2) Nature of proceeding (for example, "habeas corpus petition"):
		(3) Issues raised: (a)
		(b)
		(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable):
		(5) Date of decision:
	b.	(1) Name of court:
		(2) Nature of proceeding:
		(3) Issues raised: (a)
		(b)
		(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable):
		(5) Date of decision:
	c.	For additional prior petitions, applications, or motions, provide the same information on a separate page.
		ny of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing, state name of court, date of hearing, nature of hearing, and result:
15.	34	olain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.)  THERE IS NO DELAY IN THE PRESENTATION OF THE CLAIMS. (SEE ATTACHED
	I	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS & MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AHTHORITIES
16.	Are	you presently represented by counsel? Yes. X No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:
17.	Do	you have any petition, appeal, or other matter pending in any court? Yes. X No. If yes, explain:
18.	If th	nis petition might lawfully have been made to a lower court, state the circumstances justifying an application to this court:
		THIS COURT HAS JURISDICTION. (SEE ATTACHED PETITION)
tha and	t the	undersigned, say: I am the petitioner in this action. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California e foregoing allegations and statements are true and correct, except as to matters that are stated on my information and belief, to those matters, I believe them to be true.  H-5-07

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Danelhuch

(Name, state bar number, and address):		
_ Andre' Boston	David Rucker	
D-03868 EW-236L	P-29892 DW-113U	
P.O. Box 689	P.O. Pox 689	_
Soledad, CA 93960-0689	Soledad, CA 93960-068	9
TELEPHONE NO.: N/A FAX N	ю.: N/A.	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): IN PRO-SE		
COURT MONTEREY COUT	Y SUPERIOR COURT	
STREET ADDRESS. 1200 AQUAJITO	ROAD	
MAILING ADDRESS: SAME		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: MONTEREY, CA	93940	
	TY SUPERIOR COURT	-
PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: ANDRE' BO	STON, DAVID RUCKER,	
RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: et. al.,		
	, et. al.,	
DER CORKI	, 55. 41.,	
PROOF OF SERVICE	CE BY MAII	CASE NUMBER:
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1		Andre' Boston	Da	vid Ru	cker	
2		D-03868, EW-235L	P-2	29892, E	OW-113U	
3		P.O. Box 689	P.0	O. Box (	589	
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10		In re Men's Advisory Council )	Ca	ase No		<u> </u>
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12		On Habeas Corpus				
13				I.		
14		IN	<u> FROI</u>	<u>DUCTIO</u>	<u>ON</u>	
15		1. Petitioners, Andre' Boston, Da	vid Rı	ucker, R	obert Nydegger, (	Craig Gerstner,
16		Michael Comeaux, David Moreno, and A	Adam	Vasque	z are members of	the Men's Advisory
17	,	Council (hereinafter referred to as the MA	AC or	IAC) E	xecutive Body at	the Correctional
18		Training Facility (hereinafter referred to a	as CT	F), Cent	ral Facility, locate	ed in Soledad,
19		California. While performing their duties	s as du	ıly elect	ed MAC Executiv	ve Body members for
20		the general population at their facility, pe	titione	ers obse	rved that CTF was	s not in compliance
21		with the regulatory authority provisions of	utline	ed in Cal	lifornia Code of	Regulations, Title 15
22		(hereinafter referred to as the CCR, Ti	tle 15	() § 3377	1.1 regarding prog	ram assignments and
23		activities for Close B Custody inmates ho	used a	at CTF.	Petitioners reque	ested review and
24		compliance with the applicable regulatory	y auth	ority by	the prison admini	istration. The prison
25		administration has repeatedly refused to o	omply	y with th	ne applicable regu	lations.
26		2. Petitioners maintain the respond	lents h	nave acte	ed contrary to seve	eral regulations of the
27		California Department of Corrections and	l Reha	abilitatio	n (hereinafter refe	erred to as CDCR/
28		Department) and that some of these acts h	nave v	riolated p	petitioners' rights	

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#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Petitioner Andre' Boston is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 4. Petitioner David Rucker is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- Petitioner Robert Nydegger is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 6. Petitioner Adam Vasquez is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 7. Petitioner Michael Comeaux in a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 8. Petitioner David Moreno is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 9. Petitioner Craig Gerstner is a prisoner presently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility.
- 10. Respondent Ben Curry is the Warden at the Correctional Training Facility and is the custodian of petitioners. This respondent is also responsible for program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.
- 11. Respondent Anthony Kane, is currently the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's Associate Director for general population Level II and Level III inmates. At the times herein mentioned this respondent was the Acting Warden of the Correctional Training Facility and legal custodian of petitioners.
- 12. Respondent Pat Barker is the former Chief Deputy Warden of the Correctional Training Facility. This respondent in her official capacity at all times mentioned herein was in charge of program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.
- 13. Respondent Colleen Noll, is the current acting Chief Deputy Warden of CTF-Central Facility and this respondent in her official capacity at all times mentioned herein has

been in charge of program assignments and activities for inmates at CTF.

14. Respondent J. Sisk, is currently the Associate Warden for Central Facility at CTF. At all times herein mentioned herein this respondent has been the Associate Warden for Central Facility at CTF and the designated Coordinator for the MAC. This respondent assists the with Petitioners coordinating their daily MAC activities and acts as the administrative liaison Between the MAC and the prison administration.

III.

#### STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

- 15. CTF is a prison in the CDCR located in Soledad, California. This prison is a multifacility institution that currently houses inmates of several security levels according to their classification scores and custody requirements.
- 16. CTF-Central Facility houses approximately 2828 general population inmates who have a classification score appropriate for housing of Level II inmates.
- 17. Among the general population there are approximately 550 (or more) inmates with classification scores appropriate for Level II housing who are designated as Close B Custody inmates.
- 18. Petitioners are all members of the MAC Executive Body for CTF-Central Facility. The MAC is a group of inmates who are duly elected by the general population to represent the interest of their constituents. The MAC operates under its locally approved Constitution and By-Laws. The MAC is comprised of a General Council and executive officer positions which are Executive Body positions. The General Council elects from their membership, the Council members who will occupy Executive Body positions. The Executive Body members represent both the interest of the General Council and the general population.
- 19. The applicable California Regulatory Authority outlined in **CCR**, **Title 15 § 3377.1** contains the Departmental Policy for program assignments and activities of all Close B Custody inmates housed in the CDCR. This regulation governs the program assignments and activities of all Close B Custody inmates within CDCR institutions. (see exhibit A)

20. CTF's local Operations Procedure (hereinafter referred to as OP) for Close B Custody program assignments and activities is OP #34. The language of this local OP permits Close B Custody inmates access to assignments and activities between the facility's East and West Gates, based upon a clause which establishes a superficial and unauthorized definition of a "Facility Security Perimeter". This definition conflicts with the definition contained in the applicable regulations. (see exhibit A and B)

- 21. CTF's OP #40 for Central Facility Unlocks and Yard Cards contains supplemental information and contains language for Close B Custody inmate access to the recreation yard (which is within the Departmental definition of a Facility Security Perimeter) up until 2200 hours (see exhibit A and C)
- 22. CTF is not in compliance with the relevant regulations as they pertain to Close B Custody inmate program assignments and activities.
- 23. CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) states in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, Level III, or Level IV institution." The use of the mandatory language "shall" in this provision imposes a duty of all CDCR institutions to comply with this regulation. CTF does not comply with the full provisions of this regulation.
- 24. CTF only permits Close B Custody inmates program activities on the recreation yard between the hours of 0900 to 1100 hours, 1300 hours to 1500 hours. Close B Custody inmates are not given access to the recreation yard beyond 1500 hours despite the applicable regulation authorizing activities up to 2000 hours.
- 25. CTF only permits Close B Custody inmates program assignments within the superficial defined facility security perimeter imposed by the indicated clause in OP #34; but some assignments located within that same security perimeter, such as the Clothing Room, Laundry, and Culinary are excluded for Close B Custody assignments. This clause and the application of a superficial facility security perimeter excludes Close B Custody

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assignments in locations beyond the work change area, otherwise authorized by CDCR.

- 26. For decades, as authorized by Departmental regulations, Close B Custody inmates were allowed access to limited activities within the designated housing unit after 2000 hours.
- 27. On December 23, 2002, the CTF Administration issued a memorandum revoking Close B Custody programming after 2000 hours. That memorandum did not express any reason(s) or legitimate penological interests to justify the removal of the authorized limited program activities. As a result, Close B Custody inmates were denied participation in program activities within their designated housing units (located within the facility security perimeter) from 2000 hours until the general evening lock up and count. (see exhibit D)
- 28. Since December 23, 2002, CTF has not permitted Close B Custody inmates any of the Departmentally authorized program activities after 2000 hours, even if those activities take place within a designated housing unit, located within the facility security perimeter.
- 29. Despite CDCR's own regulations, CTF has refused to comply with the applicable provisions of CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B), which authorize more program assignments and activities for Close B Custody than currently exist at CTF.
- 30. On August 31, 2006, petitioners submitted an administrative grievance on the behalf of the Close B Custody inmates, based upon the failure of the prison administration to comply with the regulatory provisions of **CCR**, **Title 15 § 3377.1** relating to Close B Custody program assignments and activities.

#### **CONTENTIONS**

- 1. PETITIONERS HAVE EXHAUSTED THEIR ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.
- 2. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE A DUTY TO FOLLOW ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 3. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THEY HAVE A RIGHT CONVEYED BY THE REGULATORY AUTHORITY CODIFIED IN THE CCR, TITLE 15 TO REPRESENT THE INTEREST OF THE GENERAL POPULATION AT CTF.

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- 4. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY
  AUTHORITY PROVISIONS OF CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE
  B CUSTODY INMATES TO THE FULL PROGRAM ASSIGNMENTS AND
  ACTIVITIES BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 0600 AND 2000 HOURS.
- 5. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY
  AUTHORITY PROVISIONS OF CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE
  B CUSTODY INMATES TO LIMITED ACTIVITIES AFTER 2000 HOURS
  WHEN THE LIMITED ACTIVITY IS IN A DESIGNATED HOUSING UNIT
  WITHIN THE FACILITY SECURITY PERIMETER.
- 6. PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE APPLIED A
  SELECTIVE INTERPRETATION OF THE APPLICABLE REGULATORY
  AUTHORITY AND HAVE REFUSED TO COMPLY WITH THE FULL
  PROVISIONS OF CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1, AS OUTLINED THEREIN.
- 7. RESPONDENTS HAVE VIOLATED DEPARTMENTAL POLICY BY HAVING A SUBORDINATE RESPOND TO THE ACTIONS OF A SUPERIOR OFFICIAL.

#### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Petitioners are without remedy, save for habeas corpus in this matter. Accordingly, petitioners request that this court:

- 1. Issue a writ of habeas corpus;
- 2. Issue an order to show cause;
- 3. Declare the rights of the parties;
- 4. Order the respondents to fully comply with all applicable Departmental regulations pertaining to Close B Custody program activities and assignments in a designated Level II Facility;
- 5. Order the respondents to implement forthwith the immediate necessary procedures to initiate full access for Close B Custody inmates to program assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours in all areas located within the

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#### CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, petitioners are entitled to a declaration of their rights and are entitled to all program assignments and activities designated by the provisions outlined in CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B).

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Andre' Boston, Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Rucker, Petitioner, Pro-Se

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Robert Nydegger, Petitioner, Pro-Se

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Adam Vasquez, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Michael Comeaux, Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Moreno, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Craig Gerstner, Petitioner, Pro-Se

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#### **VERIFICATION**

I do hereby declare by my signature below that I am one of the petitioners in this action. I have read the foregoing Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus and the facts stated therein are true of my own knowledge, except as to matters that are stated on my own information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this verification was executed on the indicated date at the Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, California.

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Andre' Boston, Petitioner, Pro-Se

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Adam Vasquez, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Michael @meaux, Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Moreno, Pelitioner, Pro-Se

Craig Gerstner, Petitioner, Pro-Se

## MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

#### CONTENTION I.

#### PETITIONERS HAVE EXHAUSTED THEIR ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

A state court petition for writ of habeas corpus, commonly filed by prisoners to obtain judicial review of conditions of confinement, generally will not be considered unless the prisoner has completed the administrative appeal. <u>In re Strick</u> (1983) 148 Cal. App.3d 906, 911 [196 Cal Rptr. 293]; <u>In re Dexter</u> (1979) 25 Cal.3d 921, 925 [160 Cal Rptr. 118]; <u>In re Muszalski</u> (1975) 52 Cal.App.3d 500, 503 [125 Cal Rptr. 286]

Petitioners contend that they have exhausted their available administrative remedies through CDCR as required by procedure and law.

#### APPEAL ONE

Petitioners initially submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329) to the CTF Administration for resolution on July 21, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the first level review on that same day. (see exhibit E)

On September 25, 2006 the appeal was responded to at First Level by Correctional Lieutenant R. Lynch. The appeal decision at this level was "denied." (see exhibit F)

On October 13, 2006, in view of several reasons, which included violation of Department policy and fundamental conflict of interest created by a subordinate responding to an appeal for the actions of a superior, petitioners requested a second level review of their appeal. (see exhibit G)

On November 28, 2006, the appeal was responded to at the second formal level by C. Noll, acting Associate Warden for Central Facility and approved by P. Barker, the acting Warden. The appeal decision was "denied". (see exhibit H)

On December 22, 2006, in view of several reasons, including the violation of Departmental policy, petitioners requested a Director's level (Departmental) review of their appeal.

The purpose of this request was based upon numerous issues that arose regarding the appeal decision issued at the second level, which lacked clarification or explanation. (see exhibit I)

On March 16, 2007, a Director's Level Appeal Decision (IAB Case No. 0607538) was issued by N. Grannis, Chief, Inmate Appeals Branch. The appeal decision was "denied." The appeal response indicated that the decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to appellants within CDCR. (see exhibit J)

#### APPEAL TWO

Petitioners submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02873) to the CTF Administration for resolution on August 31, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the second level review on September 30, 2005. (see exhibit K)

On October 19, 2006, the appeal was responded to at the second level by J. Sisk, acting Associate Warden and approved by P. Barker, acting Warden. The appeal was "denied". (see exhibit L)

On November 9, 2006, in view of several reasons, including the violation of Department policy, petitioners requested a Director's Level (Departmental) review of their appeal.

The purpose of this request was based upon numerous issues that arose regarding the appeal decision issued at the second level, which lacked clarification or explanation. (see exhibit M)

On January 23, 2007, a Director's Level Appeal Decision (IAB Case No. 0605652) was issued by N. Grannis, Chief, Inmate Appeals Branch. The appeal decision was "denied". The appeal response indicated that the decision exhausts the administrative remedy available to appellants within the CDCR. (see exhibit N)

There are no other speedy, plain or adequate remedies at law available to petitioners in this matter.

Based upon the foregoing, petitioners have fully exhausted the available administrative remedies and the claims presented are ripe for this court's jurisdiction.

A prisoner may bring a petition for writ of habeas corpus to ask a court to declare and enforce rights regarding prison or parole. A petition may be based in constitutional, statutory,

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(1979) 25 Cal. 3d 384 [159 Cal Rptr. 384].

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CONTENTION II.

or administrative laws. In re Harrell (1970) 2 Cal. 3d 675 [87 Cal Rptr. 504]; In re Davis

## PETITIONERS ASSERT THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE A DUTY TO FOLLOW ADMINSTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS

Petitioners contend that respondents have a duty to follow administrative rules and regulations. Petitioners base their contention on the following points and authorities.

Petitioners contend that all CDCR "regulations", as that word is defined by statue in the indicated Government Code must be created and approved in accord with the requirements of the State Administrative Procedures Act (APA).

"Regulation" is defined as every rule, regulation, order or standard of general application adopted by any agency to implement, interpret or make specific the law enforced or administered by the agency, or to govern its procedure." Government Code § 11342 (g).

A regulation cannot be enforced unless the agency that created it has complied with the APA. (see Government Code § 11342.1; see also Union of American Physician and Dentists v.

Kizer (1990) 223 Cal.App.3d. 490 [272 Cal Rptr. 886]; Tooma v. Rowland (Tuolumne County Superior Court Feb. 6, 1991), Case no. 32735, Order Granting Writ of Mandate (ordering CDC to cease enforcing D.O.M. § 54020 until enacted in compliance with the APA). It is well established that an administrative regulation has the force of law and is binding on the issuing agency. United States v. Nixon (1974) 418 U.S. 683, 695-696 [94 S. Ct. 3090; 41 L.Ed.2d 1039]; Atkins v. Rivera (1986) 477 U.S. 154 [106 S. Ct. 2456; 91 L.Ed.2d 131]; Agricultural Labor Relations Board v. Superior Court (1976) 16 Cal.3d 392, 401 [128 Cal Rptr. 183].

Petitioners further contend that California courts have ordered the CDCR to comply with its own rules, even if the CDCR preferred not to because of the benefit resulting to prisoners.

In the case of <u>In re Reina</u> (1985) 171 Cal. App.3d. 638 [217 Cal Rptr. 535], the court ordered the CDC to follow its own rules and award worktime credits to prisoners unable

to work due to a non-adverse transfer.

See also <u>In re French</u> (1980) 106 Cal.App.3d 74, 85, n. 24 [164 Cal Rptr. 800] in which it was stated that the Director's Rules are binding on individual institutions.

#### CONTENTION III.

# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THEY HAVE A RIGHT CONVEYED BY THE CALIFORNIA REGULATORY AUTHORITY CODIFIED IN CCR, TITLE 15 § 3230 TO REPRESENT THE

#### **INTEREST OF THE GENERAL POPULATION AT CTF.**

Petitioners contend that pursuant to the provisions of the CCR, Title 15 § 3230 they have and maintain the departmental right as outlined by regulation to represent the interests of the general population at this facility.

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a) provides: "Each warden shall establish an inmate advisory council, which is representative of the facility's inmate ethnic group. At the discretion of the Warden, subcommittees of the council may also be established to represent subfacilities or specialized segments of the inmate population."

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a)(1) provides: "Council members shall serve to advise and communicate with the Warden and other staff those matters of common interests and concern to the inmate general population."

Both sections contain the mandatory language of "shall" when referring to the inmate advisory council. According to Departmental standards enumerated in CCR, Title 15 § 3005 use of the word "shall" is mandatory.

CCR, Title 15 § 3000.5 (c) provides: "Shall" is mandatory, "should" is advisory, and "may" is permissive."

Petitioners contend that this regulatory provision imposes a mandate upon the

Department and all of its facilities to establish an inmate advisory council to represent the
interests of the general population. Petitioners contend that this regulatory right creates a
departmental mandate because the Department and its facilities are duty bound to establish an

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inmate advisory council and do not have the discretion to deny the establishment of an inmate advisory council.

Petitioners are all members of the MAC, housed in CTF-Central Facility, at Soledad,
California. All petitioners have been duly elected as members of the Central Facility MAC
Executive Body and function under the authorized MAC Constitution and By-Laws as required
by the Department. (see exhibit O)

CCR, Title 15 § 3230 (a)(2) provides: "The council shall operate only under the constitution and by-laws prepared by the council's inmate representatives, with the advice and guidance of designated staff and approved by the Warden."

#### CONTENTION IV.

# PETITIONERS CONTENDS THAT THE CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLE CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATES TO THE FULL PROGRAM ASSIGNMENTS AND ACTIVITIES BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 0600 AND 2000 HOURS AS MANDATED IN THE REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Petitioners contend that the provisions of CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) contains the language for program assignments and activities which Close B Custody designated inmates are entitled to between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours. This regulatory provision provides in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 to 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II, Level III or Level IV institution."

Petitioners contend that CCR, Title 15 § 3000 provides the Departmental definition for the regulations found in the CCR. Under the definitions the Department has clearly outlined their definition of a designated Level II housing facility. This definition is as follows:

"Designated Level II Housing means a housing facility encompassed by a facility security perimeter and constructed to provide celled housing for inmates with Level II classification scores." CCR, Title 15 § 3000.

Petitioners contend that <u>CCR</u>, <u>Title 15§ 3377.1 (a)(4)(A)</u> provides the Departmental guidelines for housing of Close B Custody inmates and states: "(A) Housing shall be in cells within designated institutions in housing units located within an established facility security perimeter."

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The Departmental definition of a "facility security perimeter" pursuant to <u>CCR</u>, <u>Title</u>

15 § 3000 is as follows: "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement based on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation."

Petitioners contend that CTF-Central Facility is a Designated Level II Housing Facility with a facility security perimeter, which houses inmates who have Level II classification scores. This populace also includes Close B Custody inmates who have classification scores consistent with Designated Level II Housing.

Petitioners contend that Departmental guidelines outline the program assignments and activities that the Close B Custody segment of the populace are entitled to. Within the applicable provision of the regulation, the Department has inserted terminology utilizing the word "shall" regarding program assignments and activities between 0600 and 2000 hours. The terminology of "shall" is mandatory pursuant to Departmental regulations.

Petitioners contend that the Rules of Construction in the <u>CCR</u>, <u>Title 15 § 3000.5</u> provides in pertinent part: "(c) "Shall" is mandatory, "should" is advisory, and "may" is permissive.

Use of the terminology "shall" in CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) when referring to program assignments and activities during the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours in areas located within the facility security perimeter including beyond the work change area in a designated Level II institution imposes upon the Department and all institutions the mandatory requirement of providing full access to assignments and activities between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours.

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Petitioners contend that they clearly have an entitlement to "program assignments and activities" between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours including beyond the work change area. //

#### CONTENTION V.

#### PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT THE CCR, TITLE 15 § 3377.1 ENTITLES CLOSE B CUSTODY INMATES TO LIMITED ACTIVITIES IN A DESIGNATED HOUSING UNIT LOCATED WITHIN THE FACILITY SECURITY PERIMETER

Petitioners contend that they have an entitlement to limited dayroom/tier activities after 2000 hours "WHEN" this activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter.

Petitioners base their contention on the fact that the regulatory authority already provides the language which allows Close B Custody participation in work program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit. Clearly, the legislative spirit and intent in implementing this regulation was not intended to prohibit Close B Custody designated inmates from participating in "ALL" program and activities after 2000 hours, but merely to curtail the "FULL" access afforded between the hours of 0600 hours to 2000 hours. It is equally clear that legislative spirit and intent of the regulation was meant to restrict Close B Custody inmate program assignments and activities after 2000 hours to "within a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter."

CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B) provides in pertinent part: "Close B Custody inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments until 2200 hours when the work program is in an assigned housing unit located within the facility security perimeter. Close B Custody inmates may participate in limited evening activities after 2000 hours until the general evening lock and count when the limited activity is in a designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter."

Petitioners contend that the language of the above CCR section is clear in that, limited activity after 2000 hours, until the general evening lockup and count is permitted for Close B Custody inmates when that activity is in a designated housing unit within the facility security perimeter.

CONTENTION VI.

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# PETITIONERS CONTEND THAT RESPONDENTS HAVE APPLIED A SELECTIVE INTERPRETATION OF APPLICABLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND HAVE REFUSED TO COMPLY WITH THE FULL PROVISIONS OF CCR, TITLE 15§ 3377.1, AS OUTLINED THEREIN

Petitioners contend that in this case the respondents have elected to apply a selective interpretation of applicable regulatory authority and refused to comply with the applicable provisions of CCR, Title 15 § 3377.1.

Petitioners contend that the respondents have utilized the language placed in a local procedure as a basis to apply selective interpretation of the applicable regulatory authority. CTF Operations Procedure #34 deals with Close B Custody program assignments and activities. (see exhibit B)

Petitioners contend that while most of the language in this local procedure under the topic of "Close Custody Program/Work Assignments" bears a resemblance to the language in the applicable regulatory authority, respondents have inserted a clause that implements a arbitrary "local facility security perimeter" for Close B Custody assignments and activities to allow for selective application of Departmental regulations. The clause of the local Operation Procedures that contradict the regulatory authority and definition, state in pertinent part: "Close B Custody, Level II inmates shall be permitted to participate in program assignments and activities, i.e.- Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous, during the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours in areas located within the Central Facility Security Perimeter (West Gate to East Gate)." Petitioners contend that the language of the preceding sentence (highlighted in bold), creates and imposes an arbitrary "facility security perimeter" that contradicts the applicable regulatory authority. The Departmental definition of a "facility

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security perimeter" has already been defined by regulation and any selective interpretation of this definition violates the very essence of the regulation. If the Department wanted to make specific accommodations beyond those already stated in the CCR, multiple changes to the Director's Rules over the past two years which specifically address Close Custody programs provided more than ample opportunity for the Department to implement changes. However, the latest revisions of CCR sections impacting Close Custody programming and activities issued in July 2006, did not reflect any changes. The Department's position remains unchanged and is clear in this matter. (see exhibit A)

Filed 03/18/2008

CCR, Title 15 § 3000 provides the following relevant definitions: "Facility Security Perimeter is any combination of living unit, work area and recreation area perimeters that is set aside to routinely restrict inmate movement base on custody level. This perimeter will contract and expand depending upon the weather, lighting conditions and hours of operation."

Petitioners contend that by Departmental definition, the "Facility Security Perimeter" is "INCLUSIVE" of the recreation area not "EXCLUSIVE" of it. Quite to the contrary, the local provisions have made the recreation yard and all areas beyond the East and West Gate "EXCLUSIVE" in context. The local interpretation and selective compliance with the Departmental definition is contrary to the applicable regulatory authority. If taken and applied literally, the local provision would prohibit Close B Custody inmates from ever having access to the recreation yard because this area is not within the "WEST GATE TO EAST **GATE**" (the locally defined facility security perimeter).

Petitioners contend that Departmental Policy as defined in the **DOM** precludes and specifically prohibits supplements (OP's) from creating new policy or regulations. Furthermore, petitioners contend that **DOM** § 51020.1 states in pertinent part: "Supplements shall: ...not duplicate or contradict DOM provisions."

Petitioners contend that based upon respondents' selective interpretation and compliance with the applicable regulatory authority, CTF Close B Custody inmates are only being allowed partial access to the recreation yard between the hours of 0900 to 1100 and 1300 to

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1500 hours. Petitioners further contend that Close B Custody inmates are not being allowed program assignments in areas beyond the work change area (and in some cases to areas within CTF's defined security perimeter, i.e., Culinary, Clothing Room, etc..) Petitioners additionally contend that CTF Close B Custody inmates are being provided only limited evening activities within the housing unit (which is clearly located within CTF's defined facility security perimeter) between the hours of 1830 and 1945 hours. This despite regulatory language, which authorizes limited activity until general evening lock up and count at 2100 hours. Petitioners would contend that prior to December 22, 2002, respondents were in correct, but partial compliance with the applicable regulations by allowing limited activities in the designated housing unit located within the facility security perimeter after 2000 hours until general evening lockup and count. However, on December 23, 2002 for no apparent reason and without any cited legitimate penological interest the respondents revoked the opportunity for even this limited form of evening program activity. (see exhibit D)

Filed 03/18/2008

Petitioners contend that in the administrative appeal process the respondents failed to address why Close B Custody inmates are not permitted the full program activities such as access to the recreation yard area and assignments between the hours of 0600 and 2000 hours or in areas beyond the work change area and are not provided access to limited activities after 2000 hours in designated housing units located within the facility security perimeter. The respondents advanced a myriad of reasons in an attempt to excuse and /or exempt their compliance with the applicable regulatory authority for Close B Custody program assignments and activities. Petitioners contend that the refusal to comply with the applicable regulatory authority is in fact a violation of the regulation, and there is no excuse that can exempt or excuse respondents from compliance with regulatory law or Departmental policy.

To draw attention to the issue of compliance with regulations, petitioners attached a copy of an informational bulletin to their initial appeal submission, which had been issued from the Inmate Appeal Branch in CDCR headquarters to all institutions. That bulletin addressed CDCR's internal view of the inappropriateness of denying Close B Custody Program Access. (see exhibit E) This bulletin reflected that a court had made the determination an institution

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could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which they operate. The reported circumstances in this bulletin mirror this instant case situation. Yet, the respondents attempted to downplay the significance of this document in their second level appeal response as "informational" because it was not a regulatory publication.

Assuming arguendo, the respondents position about the bulletin being informational in nature, petitioners contend that the regulations, which govern Close B Custody program assignments and activities are not "informational" and since an institution could not have a reasonable interest that contravenes the regulations under which it operates, respondents must fully comply with all applicable regulations.

Petitioners contend that the respondents lack of compliance with the applicable regulations violates the provisions contained therein.

#### CONTENTION VII.

#### RESPONDENTS HAVE VIOLATED DEPARTMENTAL POLICY BY HAVINGA SUBORDINATE

#### RESPOND TO THE ACTIONS OF A SUPERIOR OFFICIAL

Petitioners contend that at the first level review in the administrative appeal process, the respondents violated Departmental policy by having a subordinate staff member respond on behalf of the actions of a superior official.

#### CCR, Title 15 § 3084.5 (e) states in pertinent part:

"(e) Appeal Review. Formal appeals shall not be reviewed by a staff person who participated in the event or decision being appealed or who is lower administrative rank than any participating staff..."

Petitioners initially submitted their inmate appeal/grievance form (CTF Appeal Log # CTF-C-06-02329) to the CTF Administration for resolution on July 21, 2006. Due to the nature of the issue(s) raised in the appeal and regulatory provisions, the appeal was bypassed to the first level review on that same day. (see exhibit E)

On September 25, 2006 the appeal was responded to at this level by Correctional

#### **VERIFICATION**

I do hereby declare by my signature below that I am one of the petitioners in this action.

I have read the foregoing Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus and the facts stated therein are true of my own knowledge, except as to matters that are stated on my own information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this verification was executed on the indicated date at the Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, California.

Date: 4-5-07

Date: 4-5-07

Date: 4-5-07

Date: 4 - 5 · 07

Date: 1) - 5 - 87

Date: 4/5/07

Date: 4-5-0 +

Andre' Boston, Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Rucker, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Robert Nydegger, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Adam Vasquez, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Michael Comeaux, Petitioner, Pro-Se

David Moreno, Petitioner, Pro-Se

Craig Gerstner, Petitioner, Pro-Se

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#### Men's Advisory Council Memorandum Executive Body CTF-Central Facility

Date:

June 18, 2007

To:

MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL POPULATION

**Correctional Training Facility** 

Subject:

ADVANCEMENT OF POPULATION ISSUES TO THE SUPERIOR COURT

This is to advise members of the general population that the Men's Advisory Council has successfully advanced a number of issues affecting the program environment at the Correctional Training Facility to the Monterey County Superior Court.

Within the past two weeks, the Honorable Jonathan R. Price, Monterey County Superior Court Judge, has issued orders in three writs of habeas corpus affecting the program environment. The most comprehensive court response thus far has been an order for the Attorney General to respond to the issue of Close B Custody inmates' lack of access to program assignments and activities at CTF. A copy of his order is being provided for the population's review.

Warden Curry has continued to engage the MAC in an ongoing dialogue about issues of concern to the population. The MAC welcomes input through the General Council and Executive Body members about matters of ongoing concern to the entire population.

A. BOSTON
MAC Chairman
CTF-Central Facility

Attachment

cc:

J. Soares, Associate Warden (A)

Council Membership

General Population Housing Units

Lieutenant R. Lynch. The appeal decision at this level was "denied". (see exhibit F)

Petitioners contend that this was inappropriate for the following reasons. Operation Procedures are signed by the Warden when implemented and constitute institutional policy decisions and directives that are not subject to review or commentary by his subordinate staff. The responder at the first level of administrative appeal review was Lieutenant R. Lynch and because this staff member is a subordinate of the Warden who authorized the provisions of OP # 34, this staff member could not appropriately review the Warden's decision or respond in a matter that is the responsibility of the Warden who implemented the OP as the institutional head. At no administrative level have the respondents ever sought to address this violation of Departmental policy despite it being raised in the claims presented for review.

Petitioners contend that respondents have violated Departmental policy by the above actions.

//

#### CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, petitioners are entitled to a declaration of their rights and are entitled to "ALL" program assignments and activities designated by the provisions outlined in <u>CCR</u>, <u>Title 15 § 3377.1 (a)(4)(B)</u>.

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